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HARVARD COLLEGE.

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REPORT

OF

THE CLASS OF 1860.

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1860—1880.

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PRINTED FOR THE USE OF THE CLASS.


NEW YORK:  
S. ANGELL, PRINTER AND STATIONER,  
354 FOURTH AVENUE.

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1880.



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*"Let us Classmates be for ever."*

CLASS SONG.



## PREFACE.

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### CLASSMATES :

One hundred and forty-six men in all were connected with the class, of whom thirty-nine left college before the termination of the course, leaving one hundred and seven to graduate. Shaw's degree was conferred in 1873, ten years after his death, so that the Quinquennial Catalogue now shows a total of one hundred and eight. Our class at graduation was the largest up to that date in the history of the University, and, with the exception of the class of 1863, which numbered one hundred and seventeen, it remained unsurpassed in size until 1870.

In the ten years between our entrance into college and the date of the last report, in 1866, the changes were much greater than in the fourteen years since. In the first period fourteen of the graduates and twelve of the temporary members died, and in the second period ten of the graduates and six of the temporary members. We have therefore lost by death altogether twenty-four graduates and eighteen temporary members, or forty-two in all, out of a total of one hundred and forty-six. Deducting the twenty-one whose death was due to the war, the remainder of twenty-one shows a low rate of mortality for twenty-four years.

Since the last report we have to mourn the loss of W. H. Adams, Colburn, Cole, M. Hopkins, Leonard, Perkins, Phillips, A. G. Smith, Walker and White of the graduates; and Baker, Curtis, A. Hopkins, Perry, Salter and G. W. Wilson of the temporary members. Among them were those who had already accomplished much good, and whose lives reflect honor on the class.

It is due to all to say that while I have endeavored to give full scope to individuality of expression, I am yet alone re-

sponsible for the shape in which the following biographies appear. I have tried to aim at uniformity as far as possible and have omitted some material sent me that seemed unnecessary. In the exercise of this discretion I have doubtless often erred, and must ask indulgence therefor.

Much has been taken from the report of 1866, prepared by Spaulding, then Class Secretary. I am indebted to him also for valuable aid and advice in procuring fresh material and information. Many thanks are also due to Sherwin and G. H. Whittemore, for similar help. To Howland I am particularly obliged for hearty and untiring assistance in the heavy labor of revising and arranging manuscript, correcting proofs, and conducting the extensive correspondence necessary. He and Wetmore also contributed largely to the quotations on the Bill of Fare for the Dinner.

The undertaking has required much time and labor. Over a thousand letters and postal cards have been written, half a dozen or more being often necessary in a single case to get all the desired information.

Notwithstanding the utmost effort, however, it has not always been possible to procure full details. But any such lack exists in spite of unwearied exertions on my part, and I am happy to be able to lay before you what is believed to be on the whole the most complete result yet attained by any Class.

FRANCIS M. WELD,  
*Class Secretary.*



This report is made up chiefly from information obtained in response to the following circular.

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## HARVARD COLLEGE.

CLASS OF 1860.

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At the Class-meeting held last Commencement Day it was voted that a Report of the Class should be printed, presenting an outline of the history of every member since graduation. The Report is not intended for the public, but for the use of the Class. Its object is simply to inform each member of the Class what every other member has been doing. Such questions as we should naturally ask one another, if we met again in our College rooms to talk over the events of the last twenty years, are just the questions which this Report is intended to answer for each and for all. There is therefore no call for the exercise of the modesty which might deter one from *publishing* an account of his life.

It is obvious that the preparation of this Report will be a laborious undertaking, even with all the assistance which the members of the Class can render in sending full information about their own post-graduate lives. Your Secretary will do all he can to make the Report what it should be, but he can do little without your zealous co-operation. The least that any member of the Class can do is to send, *as soon as possible after the receipt of this circular*, a detailed account of his own life, giving concise, but clear statements on all the points included in the appended list.

By doing this each member of the Class will contribute those facts about his own history which he will look for in the record of the lives of his Classmates.

Please avoid initials throughout.

1. Place and date of birth, with full names of parents, including maiden name of mother.

2. Residence and occupation since graduation ; where you have been, and in what engaged ; if in business, with what firms ; what journeys in foreign countries you have made, *with exact dates*.

3. When and where admitted as a member of your profession, or engaged in your business.

4. Your military history, with dates of your commissions, promotions, discharge, etc.

5. Civil offices of profit, honor, or trust which you have held, with dates of your commissions, elections, or appointments, and times of continuance thereof.

6. Authorship of books, pamphlets, magazine articles, etc., with their exact titles, and dates of publication.

7. College degrees received.

8. Membership of clubs or societies.

9. Any circumstances of your life that you may deem proper for record or publication to your classmates.

10. Marriage, time and place; with residence and maiden name in full of wife, and her parents' names in full.

11. Names and birthdays of children.

12. Death of wife or children, with dates.

13. Present address.

In conclusion, your Secretary asks that this circular be not laid aside for future consideration. He hopes to receive a reply from each member of the Class at the earliest possible date, and trusts that in no case will an answer be delayed beyond April 15, as the work of preparation will require much time.

Our twentieth anniversary will be celebrated by a dinner at the Tremont House in Boston, on Tuesday, June 29, at 6 P. M. The expense will be met from the Class fund, and it is earnestly hoped that every man will spare no effort to be present.

Number 10 Holworthy Hall will be open for the use of the Class on Commencement-day.

It is expected that the Class Memorial Window will be in place in Memorial Hall.

FRANCIS M. WELD, *Class Secretary*,

11 East 13th St., New York City.

March 1, 1880.



## MEMBERS OF THE CLASS.

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- |                                    |                                  |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| ABBOT. GEORGE EDWARD<br>HENRY.     | HASELTINE, FRANK.                |
| *ABBOTT, EDWARD GARDNER.           | HASLETT, AUDLEY.                 |
| *ABBOTT, HENRY LIVERMORE.          | HAUGHTON, JAMES.                 |
| ADAMS, BENJAMIN FANEUIL<br>DUNKIN. | HAYDEN, HORACE JOHN.             |
| ADAMS, GEORGE EVERETT.             | HINCKLEY, HENRY.                 |
| *ADAMS, WILLIAM HOOPER.            | HOLWAY, WESLEY OTHEMAN.          |
| ALLEN, HENRY FREEMAN.              | *HOOD, JULIUS SEDGWICK.          |
| APPLETON, WILLIAM SUMNER.          | *HOPKINS, MAHLON.                |
| ATWOOD, HENRY DEAN.                | HORNE, CHARLES ADAMS.            |
| BATCHELDER, FREDERIC WIL-<br>LIAM. | HORTON, EDWIN JOHNSON.           |
| BOWMAN, SELWIN ZADOCK,             | HOWLAND, HORACE.                 |
| BRADLEE, FREDERIC WAIN-<br>WRIGHT. | HUMPHREYS, CHARLES ALFRED.       |
| BRANDON, LANE WILLIAM.             | HUNNEWELL, FRANCIS WELLES.       |
| BURDICK, HENRY CLAY.               | HUNNEWELL, JOHN WELLES.          |
| BURGESS, THOMAS.                   | JARVES, HORATIO DEMING.          |
| CARTER, EDWARD.                    | JOHNSON, EDWARD CROSBY.          |
| CLAPP, HENRY AUSTIN.               | KNAPP, ARTHUR MAY.               |
| *COLBURN, WILLIAM GARDNER.         | LELAND, DANIEL TALCOTT<br>SMITH. |
| *COLE, JOHN TREADWELL.             | *LEONARD, HENRY.                 |
| COPELAND, WILLIAM ELLERY.          | MACKINTOSH, HENRY STEPHEN.       |
| CROWNINSHIELD, CASPAR.             | *MAGENIS, WILLIAM MACREA.        |
| DEXTER, JULIUS,                    | *MILLS, CHARLES JAMES.           |
| DOE, CHARLES HENRY.                | MORSE, JOHN TORREY.              |
| DRIVER, STEPHEN WILLIAM.           | *MUDGE, CHARLES REDINGTON.       |
| EVERETT, EDWARD FRANKLIN.          | MUNSON, MYRON ANDREWS.           |
| *FAIRFIELD, JOSIAH MILTON.         | NELSON, CHARLES ALEXANDER.       |
| FERNALD, JAMES CHAMPLIN.           | *NEWCOMB, EDGAR MARSHALL.        |
| FISKE, CHARLES HENRY.              | NICKERSON, FRANKLIN.             |
| *FOX, THOMAS BAYLEY.               | NILES, GEORGE EDWARD.            |
| FURNESS, WILLIAM ELIOT.            | OSBORNE, GEORGE STERNE.          |
| GANNETT, WILLIAM CHAN-<br>NING.    | PALFREY, HERSEY GOODWIN.         |
|                                    | PARSONS, CHARLES CHAUNCY.        |
|                                    | PAUL, DANIEL WEBSTER.            |
|                                    | *PERKINS, WILLIAM EDWARD.        |

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| <p>*PHILLIPS, CHARLES APPLETON.<br/>         PRESBRY, SILAS DEAN.<br/>         *ROGERS, WILLIAM MATTICKS.<br/>         RUSSELL, HENRY STURGIS.<br/>         SCOTT, HENRY BRUCE.<br/>         *SHAW, ROBERT GOULD.<br/>         SHERWIN, THOMAS.<br/>         SHIPPEN, JOSEPH.<br/>         *SKINNER, BENJAMIN SMITH.<br/>         *SMITH, ADDISON GILBERT.<br/>         SPAULDING, HENRY GEORGE.<br/>         STEARNS, JOHN WILLIAM.<br/>         STEVENS, CHARLES WISTAR.<br/>         STOKES, EDWARD FORD.<br/>         SWAN, CHARLES WALTER.<br/>         TAPPAN, LEWIS WILLIAM.<br/>         THOMAS, JAMES BOURNE<br/>         FREEMAN.<br/>         TOWLE, JAMES AUGUSTUS.<br/>         WADE, LEWIS WALTER CLIF-<br/>         FORD.<br/>         WADSWORTH, ALEXANDER<br/>         FAIRFIELD.<br/>         WADSWORTH, OLIVER FAIR-<br/>         FIELD.</p> | <p>*WALKER, JAMES BRYANT.<br/>         WARREN, GEORGE WILLIS.<br/>         WASHBURN, EMORY,<br/>         WEBBER, SAMUEL GILBERT.<br/>         WEED, JOSEPH DUNNING,<br/>         WELD, FRANCIS MINOT.<br/>         WELD, GEORGE WALKER.<br/>         WELD, STEPHEN MINOT.<br/>         *WESTON, GEORGE.<br/>         WETMORE, EDMUND.<br/>         WEYMOUTH, ALBERT BLOD-<br/>         GETT.<br/>         WHEELER, NELSON JOSEPH.<br/>         WHEELOCK, GEORGE GILL.<br/>         *WHITE, JOHN CORLIES.<br/>         WHITTEMORE, GEORGE HENRY.<br/>         WHITTIER, CHARLES ALBERT.<br/>         WILLARD, ROBERT.<br/>         *WILLIAMS, ISRAEL FRANCIS.<br/>         WILSON, JAMES HENRY.<br/>         WOOD, WILLIAM CONVERSE.<br/>         WOODWARD, CALVIN MILTON.<br/>         YOUNG, GEORGE BROOKS.</p> |
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## TEMPORARY MEMBERS.

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*ANDREW, JOHN.	LAUVE, NUMA OLIVIER.
ATKINSON, HENRY MARTYN.	LAWRENCE, FRANK WILLIAM.
*BAKER, JOHN WHITE CHICK- ERING.	PERDICARIS, ION HANFORD.
BALCH, DAVID MOORE.	*PERRY, GEORGE BROWN.
*BARSTOW, NATHANIEL SAL- TONSTALL.	*PRINGLE, CHARLES ALSTON.
*BOWEN, GEORGE SIDNEY.	*RODMAN, WILLIAM ROTCH.
BROWN, CHARLES EDWIN.	*RUSSELL, WARREN DUTTON.
*CURTIS, WALTER.	*SALTER, CHARLES CHRISTIE.
ELDER, FREDERIC HENRY.	SCHLEY, WILLIAM CADWALA- DER.
EUSTIS, HENRY CHOTARD.	SMITH, THOMAS PARKER.
GANNETT, ALFRED WHITE.	STEARNS, JAMES HENRY.
GAY, GEORGE FREDERIC.	STEARNS, JAMES PIERCE.
GREENE, GEORGE SEARS.	STONE, JAMES KENT,
HALL, CHARLES HENRY.	*THAYER, EBENEZER FRANCIS.
*HALL, HENRY WARE.	*THOMPSON, ABNER FRANCIS.
HAZELTON, ISAAC HILLS.	WHITTEMORE, EDMUND WIN- CHESTER.
*HOPKINS, ARUNDEL.	*WILKINSON, ARTHUR.
*HUBBARD, WILLIAM GUPTILL.	*WILSON, GEORGE WILLIAM.
*JONES, THOMAS DEVEREUX.	WINSOR, HENRY.

GRADUATES,	-	-	-	-	-	-	108
TEMPORARY MEMBERS,	-	-	-	-	-	-	38
							146

## CLASS COMMITTEE.

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FRANCIS MINOT WELD, *Class Secretary.*  
HENRY STURGIS RUSSELL.  
THOMAS SHERWIN.



# HARVARD COLLEGE.

## CLASS OF 1860.

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ABBOT, GEORGE EDWARD HENRY.—Born at Westford, Mass., February 15, 1838; son of Rev. Ephraim (H. U., 1806) and Abigail Whiting (Bancroft) Abbot.

Joined the Class at the beginning of the Sophomore year. After graduation resided usually in Westford, Mass., until 1871, employed in farm-work, teaching, and in the pursuit of certain favorite studies. Since 1871 has been in Groton, Mass., where he is now teaching a few private pupils. Is A. M. of Harvard.

Has not married.

Address, Groton, Mass.

\* ABBOTT, EDWARD GARDNER. Born at Lowell, Mass., September 29, 1840; son of Josiah Gardner and Caroline (Livermore) Abbott.

Immediately after graduation began the study of law in the office of Samuel A. Brown, in Lowell, Mass. He secluded himself from society and devoted all his energies to study. But he was soon called to another and more active profession. Before the end of April, 1861, he had raised a company of men in Lowell, which was mustered into service for three years, and went into camp at Brook Farm, West Roxbury, May 11, as part of the Second Mass. Vols. Received his commission as Captain May 24. The regiment joined the command of General Patterson, at Martinsburg, Va., July 12, but was soon afterward transferred

to that of General Banks. Was ordered home on recruiting service in October, and returned to Washington with forty recruits just after the battle of Ball's Bluff. His affection and anxiety for his brother Henry, who was in this fight, and his own eagerness to engage in battle, are strikingly portrayed in his letters home, written at this time.

In Banks' retreat from the Shenandoah Valley, May 24 and 25, 1862, the regiment formed the rear guard. Abbott was in command of the two rear companies, and took part in the various engagements of the two days, displaying his characteristic coolness and intrepidity, and winning the praise of his superior officers by the skillful handling of his men.

The battle of Cedar Mountain, in which he fell, was fought August 9, 1862. His company was deployed to act as skirmishers. Reaching the wheat-field where General Crawford's Brigade had been badly cut up, his company was at once engaged in a most animated and dangerous contest. The men lay down, getting behind the wheat-stacks, advancing from time to time, and firing as a good opportunity tempted them. Though requiring his men to lie down after firing and after each advance, he sought no shelter for himself, but was always on his feet, a conspicuous mark for the enemy's fire. The hardest fight seems to have taken place when the regiment reached the woods, and here it was that he fell, shot through the neck. He lived but a few moments. Two days after the battle his body was recovered. At the request of many citizens and friends in Lowell, his parents waived their preference to have him buried in Mount Auburn, and his remains were interred in the cemetery at Lowell. A monument, inscribed with his name and a brief record of his services, and bearing also the names of the soldiers of his company from Lowell who fell with him, marks his last resting place.

It is unnecessary to add any extended description of his character. As a boy he was high-spirited and fearless. In college we all knew him as grave, firm, persistent in advocating his opinions, doing everything with zeal, fastidious in his tastes, always disdaining to express a warmth of feeling which he did not possess, and self-reliant to a remarkable degree. As to his excellent military qualifications, we have the full and explicit testimony of his brother officers. Our classmate, H. S. Russell, says, "In drill, discipline, neat and soldierly appearance, and in *esprit de corps*, Abbot's company was the best in the regiment." In the language of another, "he was a born commander." A post-mortem brevet of Major was conferred on him in 1865.

He was the first of our class who fell in battle, the first on whose monument were inscribed those ancient words, true of him as of so many of his classmates.

"Dulce et decorum est pro patria mori."

He did not marry.

\* ABBOTT, HENRY LIVERMORE. Born at Lowell, Mass., January 1, 1842; son of Josiah Gardner and Caroline (Livermore) Abbott.

Studied law in Lowell till the spring of 1861, when he joined the Fourth Battalion of Infantry, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, as a private, and served with it for one month at Fort Independence, Boston Harbor. Was commissioned Second Lieutenant, Twentieth Mass. Vols., July 20; was promoted to First Lieutenant, Nov. 8; to Captain, August 29, 1862; and to Major, May 1, 1863. He went with his regiment to the field in September, 1861. In the battle of Ball's Bluff he bore himself manfully. In camp at Poolesville, Md., during the winter of 1861-2, he was distinguished for regularity and precision in the dis-

charge of his duties, for attentive care of his men, and for promptness and accuracy in every matter of battalion drill. In March, 1862, he was with his regiment in Shenandoah Valley, and went with it to the Peninsular in the following month. He bore his share of the fatigues and exposures of the siege of Yorktown, was in the battle of Fair Oaks, and took part in the hard fighting of The Seven Days. At Glendale, on June 30, while cheering and directing his men in a peculiarly exposed and trying position, he was shot through the arm which held his outstretched sword. He continued, however, to command his company till the end of the action, and again the next day at Malvern Hill. When the army reached the James River he went home, by the direction of the surgeons, but came back to his post before his wound was fairly healed. He marched with the army down the Peninsula, and was with his brigade at the battle of Chantilly. In the Maryland campaign he was seized with typhoid fever, and obliged to leave his regiment for a while. He soon returned, however, and was with it on December 11, 1862, when it cleared the main street of Fredericksburg. He displayed the noblest courage on this worst of days, and his company fought till night ended the carnage. He lost thirty-five of his sixty men in this affair, which lasted only two hours and a half. In the great attack of December 13, he was in command on the extreme right.

In the forced marches which preceded the battle of Gettysburg, July 3, 1863, he displayed the greatest efficiency in repressing the evil of straggling. In the hard fighting which followed, he was of the faithful few who first checked, and finally repulsed, the fierce onslaught of Pickett's Division of Longstreet's Corps. The close of the battle found him (then Captain) in command of his regiment, with only two officers



to assist him. He was also in command when, in October, 1862, the army of the Potomac fell back to Warrenton, and fought gallantly and successfully at the battle of Bristoe Station, October 14. At the close of November, he was present with his regiment at Mine Run. At the battle of the Wilderness, May 6, 1864, his regiment was taken into action by its colonel. He was second in command, and rode into the fight with a cheerful smile on his face. The battle raged very fiercely, and Colonel Macy fell. The command then devolved on Major Abbott, and he was gallantly leading on his faithful veterans, when a bullet struck him down, and he was borne to the rear, mortally wounded. He survived only a few hours. His body was buried in Lowell, and lies side by side with that of his brother who had grown up with him as school-mate and classmate, and who had gone on before him in his country's service. On his monument is inscribed the fitting tribute to his brave and manly character.

“Sans peur et sans reproche.”

One who knew him well writes: “His growth in character, in the last four years of his life, was almost beyond belief.”

“Major Abbott's character,” says Colonel Palfrey, in the Memoir which has already been freely quoted, “was one of singular maturity and completeness. He was as free from petty vices as he was conspicuous for capacity and fearlessness . . . He set the example of every virtue he strove to inculcate. . . . The effervescence of youth had quite departed from him, and left in its place the clear spirit of a generous, mature, and vigorous manhood.”

General Sedgwick declared with emphasis, that he was “a wonderfully good soldier.” General Hancock, his corps commander, wrote: “He was, perhaps, more widely known in the army than any officer of equal rank. . . . His reputation was

built upon a solid foundation, and the closest scrutiny could not diminish it. Had Major Abbott lived, and continued in the profession of arms, he would have been one of our most distinguished commanders." Post-mortem brevets of Colonel and Brigadier-General were conferred on him in 1865. Was A. M. of Harvard.

He did not marry.

ADAMS, BENJAMIN FANEUIL DUNKIN. Born at Waltham, April 13, 1839; son of Horatio and Ann Bethune (Dunkin) Adams.

In the autumn, after graduation, commenced the study of medicine with Dr. Jeffries Wyman, in Cambridge, and in the following winter entered the Harvard Medical School. In 1862 was medical assistant at the State Hospital at Rainsford Island in Boston Harbor, and in 1863 and 1864 was surgical interne in the Massachusetts General Hospital. Immediately after graduating from the Medical school, in 1864, went abroad to pursue his studies, and spent about a year, mainly in London and Paris. On his return in 1865, he established himself in Waltham, Mass., his native town, where he is still practising his profession.

In 1867, his health being somewhat impaired, he went to St. Paul, Minnesota. Two years passed there entirely re-established it, when he returned to Waltham.

Married, July 8, 1868, Catherine Hutchinson; daughter of George and Ellen (Terry) Brinley, of Hartford, Conn.

Has had four children: Ellen Brinley, born October 8, 1869, died July 28, 1871; Edward Brinley, born May 8, 1871; Anne Bethune, born November 3, 1873; Katherine Faneuil, born December 30, 1875.

Address, Waltham, Mass.

ADAMS, GEORGE EVERETT. Born in Keene, N. H., June 18, 1840; son of Benjamin Franklin and Louisa (Redington) Adams.

After graduation studied law in Chicago. Enlisted as private in the First Illinois Artillery, April 19, 1861; was mustered out at expiration of service, August, 1861. Taught for two years in the Chicago High School, studying law at the same time. Was then clerk for a year in the United States Depository in Chicago. Went to Cambridge in August, 1864, and studied law for a year in the Harvard Law School, serving at the same time as proctor and for one term as instructor in history in Harvard College. Returned to Chicago in 1865, and entered upon the practice of his profession.

Married, in Chicago, November 30, 1871, Adele, daughter of Dr. John Herbert and Nancy (Smith) Foster, of Chicago.

Has had three children: Franklin Everett, born March 10, 1873; Isabel, born June 8, 1876; and Marion, born October 25, 1878, died February 27, 1879.

Address, 19 Bryan Block, Chicago.

\*ADAMS, WILLIAM HOOPER. Son of Rev. Nehemiah Adams, of Boston.

After graduation studied theology in the Andover Theological Seminary till January, 1861. Then taught two years in Washington, Wilkens County, Ga. In January, 1863, entered the Theological Seminary at Columbia, South Carolina. Afterwards preached in Georgia and in Charleston, S. C. In the summer of 1865, came home, but soon returned to the South. He died in Charleston, April 12, 1880.

(See appendix.) *Sullivan Is. S.C. May 15*

ALLEN, HENRY FREEMAN. In fall of 1860, entered the Andover Theological Seminary, graduating in 1863. Continued studying at Andover for another year. Was admitted to orders in the Protestant Episcopal Church, in St. Paul's Church, Boston, March 18, 1865, and the next day became rector of St. Paul's Church, in Stockbridge, Mass.

Was married in St. John's Church, Hartford, Connecticut, June 7, 1865, by the Right Reverend T. M. Clark, Bishop of Rhode Island, to Georgiana M., youngest daughter of Professor Calvin E. and Harriet Beecher Stowe.

Address, Boston, Mass. (See appendix.)

APPLETON, WILLIAM SUMNER. Born in Boston, January 11, 1840; son of Nathan and Harriet Coffin (Sumner) Appleton.

Has always resided in Boston, chiefly occupied in his favorite studies, Numismatics and Genealogy. Travelled in Canada and the Western States, October and November, 1860; was in Europe from April 30 to November 28, 1862, having passed six months in Great Britain; and again from August 2, 1865, to September 28, 1866, having travelled in France, Belgium, Holland, Germany, Switzerland, Austria, Turkey, Palestine, Egypt, Greece and Italy. Left home again June 10, 1868, returning September 26, 1869, having visited Ireland, Denmark, Sweden, Russia, Poland, Germany, Switzerland, Dalmatia, Montenegro, Italy, France and Spain. Sailed January 10, 1869, from Marseilles to Bombay; travelled in Hindostan, and thence visited Singapore, Java, Hong Kong, Macao, Canton, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, and other parts of Japan. Returned home by way of San Francisco. Visited the Southern States and Cuba in February and March, 1871; was again abroad from June 14, 1871, to July 30, 1872, and



from November, 1876, to June, 1877, during the latter trip visiting Sicily and Malta.

Was in the Independent Corps of Cadets from 1864 to 1871, being in command of a company with the rank of First Lieutenant the last four years.

Was a Record Commissioner of the City of Boston, from 1875 to 1880. and re-appointed in 1880. Was a member of the Commission of Annual Assay at the U. S. Mint in 1867.

Has written many articles on Genealogy, Heraldry and Numismatics for the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, the Heraldic Journal, the American Journal of Numismatics, and the Proceedings of the Mass. Historical Society; and printed four separate volumes, viz.: Ancestry of Mary Oliver, 1867; Memorials of the Cranes of Chilton, 1868; Ancestry of Priscilla Baker, 1870; Records of Descendants of William Sumner, 1879. Also, two pamphlets. Medals of Washington in his collection, 1873, and Issues of the U. S. Mint, 1876, both reprinted from periodicals.

Is A. M., 1864, and LL. B., 1865, of Harvard.

Has been Secretary of the Boston Numismatic Society since its foundation in 1860, and is a member of the Boston Society of Natural History, the Mass. Historical, the N. E. Historic-Genealogical, the Prince, and various other societies; also of the Union, the Thursday Evening, the Eastern Yacht, and the Boston Art Clubs. Has been a member of the Publishing Committee of the N. E. Historical and Genealogical Register, 1864-72; of the Heraldic Journal, 1865-8; and of the American Journal of Numismatics since 1870.

Married at the U. S. Legation, Berne, Switzerland, August 12, 1871, Edith Stuart, of Baltimore; daughter of William Stuart and Georgiana Louisa Frances (Armistead) Appleton.

Has four children: Eleanor Armistead, born in Paris, France, May 11, 1872; William Sumner, born in Boston, May 29, 1874; Marjory Crane, born in Boston, May 19, 1875; Dorothy Everard, born in Boston, January 10, 1878.

Address, 39 Beacon St., Boston,

ATWOOD, HENRY DEAN. Born in Taunton, Mass., January 29, 1839; son of Charles Richmond and Susan Padelford (Dean) Atwood.

Since graduation has resided in Taunton, and been engaged in various manufacturing enterprises. Is at present Secretary and Treasurer of the Phoenix Manufacturing Company, of Taunton. Is a member of the School Committee. Belongs to the Sportsman's and Winthrop Clubs, and is President of the first.

Married, in Taunton, April 17, 1861, Alice Brown, daughter of Benjamin Franklin and Martha (Brown) Williams, of Taunton.

Has had three children: Charles Augustus, Harry Church, and Caroline Brown, who died in 1865.

Address, Taunton, Mass.

BATCHELDER, FREDERIC WILLIAM. Born October 25, 1838, at Pelham, N. H.; son of Dr. Amos and Rebecca Hardy (Atwood) Batchelder.

Studied medicine in 1860 and 1861 at the Harvard Medical School. Entered the navy as surgeon's steward November 29, 1862, on bark "Kingfisher," in the South Atlantic squadron. Was discharged on account of disability December 31, 1863, and returned to Pelham, N. H. In 1865 removed to Manchester, N. H., where he has taught music ever since, having been also engaged for a time as a dealer in musical instruments. Has been organist of the Franklin

Street Congregational Church since October 22, 1865. Has published "Sunbeam Waltzes," 1864, and an anthem for the dedication of the Franklin Street Church, 1878. Is A. M. of Harvard, 1865. Is a member of the Athens Club of Manchester, devoted to Music, Literature, Art, the Drama and Science. Is in charge of the Departments of Music and Science. Has delivered essays as follows: "Astronomers, Past and Present," "Our Continent, its Rocks and its Life, a Geological Sketch;" "The Glacial Period not a Catastrophe."

Married, October 7, 1875, at Manchester, N. H., Annie Marie, daughter of David Blake and Harriet Bean (Kimball) Varney.

Has one child, Harriet Varney, born October 12, 1878, at Manchester.

Address, Manchester, N. H.

BOWMAN, SELWIN ZADOCK. Born May 11, 1840, at Charlestown, Mass.; son of Zadoc and Rosetta (Cram) Bowman.

Studied law at the Harvard Law School, graduating in 1863. Was admitted to the Bar in 1863, and has since practised law in Boston. Was a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives in 1870 and 1875, and of the Massachusetts Senate in 1876 and 1877. Was City Solicitor of the City of Somerville in 1872 and 1873. Was elected to the 46th Congress (House of Representatives) in November, 1878, from the Fifth Massachusetts District.

Married, June 20, 1866, at Lexington, Mass., Martha Emily, daughter of Bowen Adams and Sarah Ann (Mead) Tufts.

Has had four children: Martha Rosetta, born October 17, 1868, died February 11, 1871; Mabel Emily, born December 23, 1872; Eleanor Florence, born October 19, 1874, died February 25, 1878; Ethel, born October 1, 1878.

Address, Somerville, Mass.

BRADLEE, FREDERIC WAINWRIGHT. Born in Boston, November, 1839; son of Frederick Hall and Lucretia (Wainwright) Bradlee.

For five years after graduation was in the firm of J. P. Hawes & Co., of Boston, when he permanently retired from business.

Address, 107 Beacon St., Boston, Mass. (See appendix.)

BRANDON, LANE WILLIAM. Born August 15, 1838, at Arcole Plantation, Williamson County, Miss.; son of William Lindsey and Anna Eliza (Ratliff) Brandon.

Returned home after graduation. Enlisted, April 28, 1861, in the Twenty-first Miss. Vols., in a company raised by his father. Was in Longstreet's Corps, Army of Northern Virginia, till the regiment was captured at Sailor's Creek, April 6, 1865. Served only with his original company, of which he became Captain August 13, 1863. Was absent from his command three times during the war; twice from wounds, and once from sickness.

Married, in Wilkinson County, Miss., October 24, 1865, Anna Eliza, daughter of Colonel Robert and Francina Rosaltha (Wade) Semple.

Has four children: Francina, born July 6, 1867; Sarah, born December 14, 1869; Isabel Sidell, born January 5, 1874; Mary Ryland, born February 27, 1879.

Address, Bayou Tunica, West Feliciana Parish, Louisiana.

BURDICK, HENRY CLAY. Born April 7, 1839, at Amenia, Dutchess County, New York; son of James and Hannah Burdick.

Went to Syracuse, N. Y., in September, 1860, to study law, remaining there one year. Was admitted to the Bar in May, 1862, at Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Then returned to Sing Sing, N. Y. Raised part of a company in Westchester County,



N. Y., in 1862, of which he was to be First Lieutenant, but found he could not secure his commission, and transferred the men to another regiment. Went to New York City, in June, 1863. Practised law there till March, 1866, when he went to Montana Territory, settling at Helena. Was here engaged in mining, as well as his profession. Was Assistant United States District Attorney for Montana Territory for about two years, from 1868 to 1870. His old Cambridge friend, H. N. Blake, was the District Attorney for Montana, but as he lived at Virginia, Burdick attended to the business at Helena, which was probably three-fourths of the whole. Ran on the Republican ticket for Territorial Attorney, in 1867, but was defeated, the Territory being strongly Democratic. Left Montana in June, 1870, and from that date till July, 1871, was in St. Louis, Cincinnati, and Mount Sterling, Ky. Removed to Chicago, in July, 1871. After the fire of October 9, 1871, engaged in teaching and newspaper work till June, 1873, when he resumed the practice of his profession.

Has written only numerous newspaper articles of little importance. Is A. M., of Harvard, 1868.

Has not married.

Address, 94 Washington Street, Chicago, Ill.

**BURGESS, THOMAS.** Born February 22, 1842, in Boston; son of Benjamin Franklin and Cornelia Williams (Ellis) Burgess.

After graduation went to Oxford, England, where he matriculated as a commoner in the summer of 1860. Remained there four years, taking the degree of A. B. in the autumn of 1864. From the autumn of 1864 to the first of January, 1866, with the exception of a few months spent at home,

resided in France and Italy. Now lives in Boston. Is a member of the firm of Benjamin Burgess & Sons.

Has not married.

Address, No. 55 Merchants' Exchange, State St., Boston.

CARTER, EDWARD. Engaged in business, in Boston, three weeks before Commencement Day. Went into the book and paper business, January 1, 1861, in partnership with his brother, and continued with him four years. Gave up all interest in the paper business, April 1, 1865, and devoted himself to banking on his own account, till October, 1865, when he became a partner in the house of Mellen, Ward & Mower, brokers in Boston. Afterwards went to Canada, where he is said still to reside.

Is married and has children.

Address unknown.

CLAPP, HENRY AUSTIN. Born in Dorchester, Mass., July 17, 1841; son of John Pierce and Mary Ann (Bragg) Clapp.

In August, 1860, was elected usher of the Boston Latin School, and taught there until January 1, 1861. Then entered the office of D. H. Mason, and began the study of law, May 1, 1861. In the fall of 1861, entered the Harvard Law School and remained there a year; serving during the second term as proctor in Harvard College. Took the resident graduate prize in 1862. In August, 1862, enlisted as a private in Company F, Forty-fourth Mass. Vols., for nine months. Went into camp at Readville, August 29, and was mustered into service of United States, September 12. Left Readville October 22, and reached New Berne, N. C., October 26. Was present at the battles of Kinston, Whitehall and Goldsboro' and took part in the skirmish at Rawles'

Mills. Was detailed in February, 1863, for the work of taking the census of New Berne, and was engaged in this two months. Was mustered out June 18, 1863. In the fall of 1863 returned to the Law School and resumed his proctorship, remaining in Cambridge a year. August, 1864, entered the office of Hutchins & Wheeler, in Boston, and remained with them as student one year. July 1, 1865, was admitted to the Bar, and was for a time managing clerk of the same firm.

In the winter of 1868-9 was first employed as dramatic and musical critic of the Boston Daily Advertiser, and has held the position ever since. Has also contributed occasional letters, leaders and criticisms on matters musical, dramatic and literary, to the Boston Daily Advertiser, the New York Tribune, the New York World, the New York Sun, the Churchman (of New York), the Commercial Bulletin (of Boston), and the Boston Sunday Times. Was appointed assistant clerk of the Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts, for the County of Suffolk, for the term of three years. On October 11, 1878, his commission was renewed for three years.

Married, June 23, 1869, by the Rev. J. H. C. Bonte, in Oswego, N. Y., to Florence, only daughter of Edwin W. and Charlotte (Ambler) Clarke, of that city.

Has one child : Roger, born March 20, 1877.

Address, Court House, Boston, Mass.

\* COLBURN, WILLIAM GARDNER. Born at Hudson, N. H., September 24, 1835; son of Dr. Zaccheus and Mary (Phelps) Colburn. His mother was great-grand-daughter of Eleazar Wheelock, founder and first President of Dartmouth College.

After graduation returned to Manchester, N. H., and studied law in the office of Hon. Herman Foster till September 1, 1861. Then entered the Harvard Law School, graduat-

ing in 1862. In September of the same year was appointed proctor in Harvard College. Resigned in August, 1863. Entered the office of Ranney & Morse, in Boston, October, 1862, and in March, 1863, commenced practising on his own account.

Received a first prize for an essay in the Law School, June, 1862. Contributed an article to the *North American Review* for July, 1864, on the "Property Rights of Married Women."

March 1, 1873, became Assistant Attorney-General of the State of Massachusetts, under Charles R. Train, which office he held until his death.

In the summer of 1875, was boarding at Hull, and still attending to business in Boston, when he was threatened with typhoid fever, and immediately went to Manchester, N. H., where, after two weeks' illness, he died September 9, 1875.

Spaulding says:

"Colburn was too well known by most of his classmates to need any eulogy here. For fifteen years he served as a devoted and efficient member of the Class Committee, retaining to the last all the zeal and freshness of his early class-feeling. In his profession he took high rank. Faithful to every public and every private trust, a true and constant friend, having the courage of his convictions on all political and religious questions, he belonged to that class of high-minded and public-spirited men which is never too large even in the best communities."

Was married, April 19, 1866, by Rev. B. F. Bowles, to Mary Crooke, daughter of William and Helen (Dow) Dinsmore, of Manchester, N. H.

Had no children. His wife is still living.

Her address is Manchester, N. H.

\*COLE, JOHN TREADWELL. Born in Hallowell, Maine, June 19, 1841; son of Rev. Jonathan Chase and Elizabeth Emerson (Faulkner) Cole.

Studied medicine at the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York. Returned to Newburyport, intending to practice medicine there, but soon found his health was not equal to active practice, and so remained at his father's house, leading a retired life and devoting himself to study. His health gradually failed until the fall of 1870, when he decided to go to South Carolina for the winter, hoping a change of climate might be of benefit to him. He continued however to fail rapidly and died very suddenly of consumption, about a week after reaching Charleston, January 3, 1871. He was buried at Magnolia Cemetery in the New England lot.

He did not marry.

COPELAND, WILLIAM ELLERY. Born in Roxbury, Mass., April 22, 1838; son of Benjamin Franklin and Julia Fellows (Ruggles) Copeland.

Till August, 1862, was at home. Enlisted as private in the Forty-fourth Mass. Vols., August 29, 1862, and was mustered out in June, 1863. From September, 1863 to June, 1866, was in the Harvard Divinity School, and was ordained in July, 1866. From July, 1866, to February, 1869, was settled over the Unitarian Church in Brunswick, Maine, and from February, 1869, to February, 1870, over the Unitarian Church in Kansas City, Mo. The next eighteen months was on a farm in Kansas. From August, 1871, to July, 1874, was minister of the Unitarian Society of Emporia, Kansas, and from July, 1874, to September, 1878, of the Unitarian Society of Lincoln, Nebraska, when he took charge of the Unitarian Society of Omaha, Nebraska. While in Emporia



taught the Natural Sciences in the Kansas State Normal School.

Delivered the centennial address in memory of Thomas Paine, published in Lincoln, Nebraska; and wrote an article on Indian management, published in the National Quarterly for January, 1880. Is A. M. of Harvard. Belongs to the Nebraska Academy of Science and the Nebraska Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

Married, in Boston, September 4, 1867, Carrie Maud, daughter of Edwin George and Mary Ann (Goss) Townsende.

Has had five children: Ellery Townsende, born July 3, 1868, died August 13, 1868; Helen Waterston, born October 25, 1869; Carroll Townsende, born May 11, 1872, died July 8, 1872; Harold Townsende, born August 6, 1874; Arthur Townsende, born January 13, 1878.

Address, Omaha, Nebraska.

**CROWNINSHIELD, CASPAR.** Born in Boston, October 23, 1837; son of George Caspar and Harriet (Sears) Crowninshield.

Was commissioned Captain of Company D, Twentieth Mass. Vols., July 10, 1861; Captain of Company E, First Mass. Cavalry, November 25; Major of the Second Mass. Cavalry, January 30, 1863; Lieutenant Colonel, March 1, 1864; Colonel, October 21; Brevet Brigadier-General, May 5, 1865; resigned, June 16, 1865.

Was in the actions of Ball's Bluff, South Anna Bridge, Fort Stevens and Smoker's Gap, Va.; Rockville, Poolsville, South Mountain and Antietam, Md.; and Pocotaligo, S. C. Under Sheridan, was at Summit Point, Berryville, Halltown, Opequan, Winchester, Luray, Waynsboro', Tom's Brook (or the Woodstock races), Cedar Creek, White Oak Road,

Dinwiddie Court House, Five Forks, Sailor's Creek and Appomattox Court House, Va.

Travelled in Europe in 1866 and 1877.

In 1878 bought a farm in Dublin, New Hampshire, where he lives more than six months of the year. In the winter resides in Boston.

Married, November 11, 1868, Elizabeth Clark, daughter of the Rev. John Singleton Copley and Mary Ann (Appleton) Greene.

Has two children: Harriet Sears, born in Paris, France, September 23, 1869; Elizabeth Copley, born in Longwood, Mass., June 17, 1871.

Address, 109 Commonwealth Avenue, Boston.

**DEXTER, JULIUS.** Born September 23, 1840, in Cincinnati, Ohio; son of Edmund and Mary Ann (Dellinger) Dexter.

After graduation was clerk in his father's store until March, 1862, when he went to Europe. Was appointed first lieutenant in the One Hundred and Sixth Ohio Vols., August 11, 1862; resigned his commission, November 9, 1862. In December entered the law office of King and Thompson, in Cincinnati. Graduated from the Cincinnati Law School April 19, and was admitted to the bar April 24, 1865. Practised law until the end of 1876. Was Librarian of the Historical and Philosophical Society of Ohio until December, 1879, and is now Secretary; was active in establishing the Cincinnati Zoological Garden and in superintending the building of the Music Hall. Dexter Hall therein is named for him. Visited Europe again in 1865, 1871 and 1873. Has written nothing except a few reports for corporations. Is now one of the trustees of the Cincinnati Sinking Fund. Is a member of the

University Club of New York and of the Queen City and Harvard Clubs of Cincinnati, of which last he is secretary.

Has not married.

Address, 132 East Fifth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

DOE, CHARLES HENRY. Born in Charlestown, Mass., November 28, 1838; son of Joseph Merrill and Laura (Page) Doe.

After graduation was in New York City for a year in business. Then took up journalism, and was reporter on the Brooklyn Daily Times for a year. In 1862 became reporter and night editor on the Boston Daily Advertiser. Next year was promoted to be Assistant Editor, with duties of Executive Officer and Manager. Resigned in the winter of 1868-9 for a long rest, but had care of the dramatic department till spring. Spent the summer at Gorham, N. H. In April, 1869, in company with Charles H. Woodwell and Charles A. Chase, bought the Worcester Evening Gazette, which he has since edited and published. Mr. Woodwell died in 1870, and his place in the firm was taken by our classmate, A. F. Wadsworth, both he and Mr. Chase being silent partners. The Gazette thrives and has this spring put in new and fast presses for the second time in eleven years, and has enlarged the whole establishment. It is Independent Republican in politics. Has written one novel, "Buffets," published as a serial in the Boston Sunday Courier, and in book form by J. R. Osgood & Co., of Boston. The sale was fair for hard times. Has written also a number of short stories, which have mainly appeared in the Galaxy, over the signature of "Samuel Blotter." Does not believe editors should hold political office, but was Director of the Free Public Library, of Worcester (50,000 volumes), from 1871 to 1877.

Married, June 1, 1870, Mary Waldo, daughter of Augustus J. and Mary J. (Waldo) Archer, of Salem, Mass.

Has three children: Henry Waldo, born April 11, 1871; Mary Archer, born June 17, 1873; and Alexander Wadsworth, born August 21, 1875.

Address, Worcester, Mass.

**DRIVER, STEPHEN WILLIAM.** Born in Salem, Mass., 1834; son of Joseph Metcalf and Maria Antoinette (Saunders) Driver.

Studied medicine with Dr. Jeffries Wyman, of Cambridge, till November, 1860. Then entered the Harvard Medical School, where he remained till February, 1862; when he went on the "Butler Expedition" to Ship Island, Miss., and was appointed Acting Assistant Surgeon, Engineer Department, U. S. A. Returned to Cambridge in November, 1862, and resumed his medical studies, graduating in 1863, and commenced the practice of medicine in Cambridge. Is A. M. of Harvard. Is a member of various medical societies.

Married, September 6, 1866, at Cambridge, Martha Hamilton, daughter of Augustus and Martha May (Montgomery) Clarence.

Has one child: Martha Elizabeth, born in Cambridge, Mass., July 8, 1870.

Address, Cambridge, Mass.

**EVERETT, EDWARD FRANKLIN.** After graduation resided at home in Charlestown, Mass. Was clerk with Everett & Company, then the American agents for Augustine Heard & Company, of China, looking forward to a mercantile career in that country. Was awaiting orders to go there, when the Government called for nine months volunteers in 1862, and he enlisted in the service. Was mustered in

September 16, at Camp Lander, Wenham, Mass., as Sergeant, Co. H, Fifth Mass. Vols. The same month he went with the regiment to New Berne, N. C., and was present at the actions of Kinston, December 14, Whitehall, December 16, Goldsboro', December 17, and at minor engagements.

Re-enlisted June 6, 1863, at New Berne, in the Second Mass. Heavy Artillery, and was commissioned Second Lieutenant, July 30, 1863. Was detached from company duty, and served at Fort Macon, Beaufort, N. C., as Post Adjutant, September 20, 1863, to December 20, 1863; as Post Commissary, September 30, 1863, to April 1, 1864; and as Post Quartermaster, December 14, 1863, to April 1, 1864. Was detached on Ordnance duty March 16, 1864, and remained on that branch of the staff during the remainder of the war, serving successively at Morehead City, in the field, Roanoke Island, Salisbury, and New Berne, all in North Carolina.

Was present at the second Kinston engagement, March 7-10, 1865; afterward was ordered to Boston, and there honorably discharged September 3, 1865. During the winter of 1865-6, was a clerk in the pay department of the Receiving-ship "Ohio," attached to the Boston Navy Yard. January 31, 1868, was elected Second Lieutenant, Co. H, Fifth Mass. Volunteer Militia; May 20, 1868, Captain of the same company; and March 27, 1869, was appointed Adjutant of the regiment, holding the last position about two years.

In the summer of 1866, went into the Fire Insurance business in Boston, and in 1879 formed a co-partnership with Robert H. Wass, under the firm name of Wass & Everett, for the transaction of a general insurance business in Boston, where he still remains.

Is a life-member of the New England Historic and Genealogical Society. In the New England Historic Genealogical



Register, Vol. 14, 1860, published a "Genealogy of the Everett Family," and in Vol. 20, 1866, a "Genealogy of the Capen Family." Has been at work many years on the genealogies of these two families, and proposes to keep at work until he thinks they are full and worthy of publication in book form. Is A. M. of Harvard.

Married, in Philadelphia, Pa., in 1864, Letitia, daughter of Gen. George and Sarah G. (Miles) Buchanan, of Auchentorlie, Penn Hall, Centre Co., Pa. She died at her father's residence, September 17, 1866.

Again married, in New York, in 1870, Mrs. Sarah Jane (Smith) Parker, widow of Capt. Samuel Parker, Co. E. One Hundred and Sixth New York Volunteers, and daughter of Justus Stevens and Mary (Fuller) Smith.

Address, No. 26 Exchange Place, Boston.

\* FAIRFIELD, JOSIAH MILTON. Taught in the Charlestown High School and the Boston Latin School till October, 1862, when he went to Port Royal, S. C., as superintendent of deserted plantations. In February, 1864, he leased two government plantations, and employed the freedmen on them. He was lost at sea January 8, 1865, on the way from Port Royal to New York, in the steamer Melville.

These are all the facts I\* have been able to obtain relative to Fairfield, as all his papers were with him on the steamer. He was highly esteemed by the teachers and superintendents at Port Royal, where I occasionally met him in the winter of 1862-63. His wife was one of the teachers of the freedmen on St. Helena Island, and was afterwards matron of the "Home for Little Wanderers," in Baldwin Place, Boston.

Married, May 7, 1863, on St. Helena Island, S. C., by Rev. W. S. Phillips, Helen H., daughter of W. D. and Hannah Winsor, of Boston.

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\* Spaulding.

FERNALD, JAMES CHAMPLIN. Born in Portland, Maine, August 18, 1838; son of Henry Baker and Mabel (Collins) Fernald.

Entered the Newton Theological Institution in September, 1860, graduating in 1863. Commenced preaching at Rutland, Vermont, in October, 1863, and was settled there March 23, 1864. In September, 1865, was engaged at Waterville, Maine, until May, 1866, when he resigned on account of failing health. Sailed for Europe in July, 1866, visiting England, Scotland, France, Switzerland, Germany and Italy, and returned in August, 1867. Settled in Granville, Ohio, from January, 1869, until October, 1872. Health and voice again failing, became a clerk in the United States Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., in March, 1873, remaining till July, 1875. Spent the rest of the year in care of a farm near Washington. Was in charge of a church at McConnellsville, Ohio, from April, 1876, till April, 1878, then at Clyde, Ohio, till April, 1880, then at Galion, Ohio, where he now remains. Was in the service of the Massachusetts Soldiers' Aid Society before Fredericksburg, in the Washington hospitals, and at Gettysburg. Published a Prize Essay on the French Revolution, in the North American Review in 1862. X

Married, April 27, 1869, Mary Beulah, daughter of Samuel Jones and Julia Ann (Kelley) Griggs, of Rutland, Vermont a graduate of Vassar College, in the first graduating class of 1868. She died of consumption, June 7, 1870, in the twenty-second year of her age.

Married, June 18, 1873, Nettie, daughter of Charles L. and Rachel M. Barker, of McConnellsville, Ohio.

Had no children by first wife.

By the second wife has four children: Charles Barker, born June 10, 1874; Mary Griggs, born March 2, 1876; Henry

X "A - lived after the inauguration." Baptist Monthly Magazine July '61

Dawson, born January 9, 1878 ; Grace Maxwell, born November 27, 1879.

Address, Galion, Ohio.

FISKE, CHARLES HENRY. Since graduation has lived in winter in Boston, and in summer in Weston, Mass. From 1860 to 1862, was a clerk with F. Skinner & Co., of Boston. In the fall of 1862 entered his father's office to study law and was admitted to the Suffolk bar in the fall of 1864. Since then has practised law in Boston. In 1868 and 1872 was a member of the Massachusetts House of Representatives from the towns of Concord, Weston and Lincoln. Delivered the historical centennial address of the town of Weston, afterwards printed in 1876.

Married, in Boston, June 4, 1868, Cornelia Frothingham, daughter of Rev. Chandler and Eliza (Frothingham) Robbins. His wife died February 29, 1872.

Has one child : Charles Henry, born in Boston, February 18, 1872.

Address, 60 Congress Street, Boston.

\* FOX, THOMAS BAYLEY. Born at Newburyport, Mass., February 1, 1839 ; son of Thomas Bayley and Feroline Walley (Pierce) Fox.

Studied law in the office of Hon. John A. Andrew, in Boston, till March, 1861, when he entered the Harvard Law School, graduating in 1862. Was commissioned Second Lieutenant in the Second Mass. Vols., August 14, 1862. Was promoted November 1, to First Lieutenant, and June 6, 1863, to Captain. Took part in the battle of Antietam, September 17, 1862. After the Maryland campaign, his regiment was encamped on Maryland Heights, and here he was taken sick with a malarious fever. After a few weeks' absence passed at

Frederick City, he returned to his regiment, and was with it in the battles of Chancellorsville, Beverly Ford, and Gettysburg.

In the battle of Gettysburg, July 1, 1863, the regiment bore a conspicuous part, and his company rendered important and critical service. He received in this engagement a wound in the left ankle. He returned home July 10. Fever supervened, and he died from the effect of his wound, July 25.

His brief military career, though unmarked by any brilliant exploits, was yet crowded with dangers and hardships, which he bore with courage and manly fortitude. He never lost his scholarly tastes; his Horace and Shakespeare were always with his accoutrements.

"One so well known to his classmates needs no eulogy here. The loss to us, as to his country, is irreparable. His intellectual ability, eminent fitness for his chosen profession and for the offices of civic honor and trust to which he would have been called, and his sterling Christian integrity united in forming a character to command the respect and win the favor of all who came within the reach of its influence." \*

In the language of the intimate friend of his school and college days, Humphreys, who delivered the address at his funeral:—

"The life that was, still is, but broader, purer, nobler. Let us not weep for our loss! \* \* \* His shrine is now in our hearts. His fitting monument is his remembered life. Let us not weep for him! He fought for his country. Who could leave a brighter record? He died for his country. Who could wish a better epitaph?"

He did not marry.

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\* Spaulding.

FURNESS, WILLIAM ELIOT. Born in Philadelphia, August 21, 1839; son of James Thwing and Elizabeth Margaret (Eliot) Furness.

In the fall of 1860, began a course of study for the ministry, in Philadelphia. In the spring of 1861 gave up that profession and began the study of law in the office of Peter McCall, in Philadelphia, also attending a course of lectures by Hon. George Sharswood. In September, 1862, joined the Harvard Law School, graduating in 1863. Was admitted to the Pennsylvania Bar in March, 1863.

Entered as a private in Company D, First Gray Reserves, July 1, 1863. The regiment was mustered into the U. S. service for three months on the occasion of Lee's invasion of Pennsylvania, which culminated in the battle of Gettysburg. Saw no service except hard marching, poor fare and bad accommodations. Before the regiment was mustered out, was ordered to appear before Gen. Casey's Board of Examination for commissions in the U. S. Colored Troops. Received an appointment as First Lieutenant, and was ordered to report for duty at Camp William Penn, near Philadelphia, in the Third U. S. Colored Troops, August 13, 1863. The regiment was ordered to South Carolina, and took part in the second siege of Fort Wagner on Morris Island. From Morris Island, in January, 1864, it went to Florida, and was posted at Baldwin during the battle of Chester, retreating with the Union army upon Jacksonville. Soon after the return to Jacksonville, was appointed aide on the staff of Brigadier-General George H. Gordon, and about June, 1864, accompanied him North, and subsequently to New Orleans, Memphis and Mobile Bay. In September, 1864, returned with the General to New York and was ordered to Fort Monroe. In December, 1864, was promoted to a Captaincy in the Forty-fifth



U. S. Colored Troops, then before Richmond, receiving a provisional commission from Gen. Benjamin F. Butler. Was at once detailed as Division Provost Marshal and Judge Advocate on the staff of Gen. William Birney. On February 22, 1865, was commissioned Judge Advocate, U. S. Vols., with the rank of Major, and reported to Gen. Weitzel as Judge Advocate of the 25th Corps soon after the surrender of Lee at Appomatox. Then went with the corps to Texas, where he remained till August, 1865, when at his own request he was ordered North for discharge, and was mustered out of service October 10, 1865.

In November, 1865, went to Chicago and began the practice of law, in which he still remains.

October 9, 1871, his home and office were both destroyed by the great fire of Chicago, and all portable property lost. In consequence his family passed the winter in Boston, but returned in the spring of 1872. Is Commissioner of Deeds for Massachusetts, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and Iowa, and Notary Public, and has often acted as Judge of Election. Is a member of the "Society of the Army of the James," of the Law Institute and Bar Association of Chicago, of the Chicago Literary Club, and the Chicago Harvard Club. Is A. M. of Harvard. *Mil. Order of the Loyal Legion -*

Married, March 27, 1865, Lucy Fairfield, oldest daughter of Alexander and Mary Elizabeth Hubbard (Fairfield) Wadsworth, sister of our classmates, A. F. and O. F. Wadsworth, of Boston, Mass., in the old West Church, Boston, by Rev. Drs. Bartol and Furness.

Has four children: Grace Eliot, born July 15, 1867; Elizabeth Margaret, born September 6, 1868; Ruth Wadsworth, born February 9, 1875; James Thwing, born September 9, 1876.

Address, 107 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

GANNETT, WILLIAM CHANNING. Born in Boston, March 13, 1840; son of Ezra Stiles and Anna Linzee (Tilden) Gannett.

Taught in Newport, R. I., 1860-1; was in the Harvard Divinity School, 1861-2; in the Sea Islands, S. C., and at Savannah, Ga., employed by the Freedmen's Bureau, from March, 1862, till June, 1865; travelled abroad in 1865 and 1866; returned to graduate at the Divinity School in 1868; was minister in Milwaukee, Wis., from the Fall of 1868 till 1870; at home in Boston, till September, 1871; minister in East Lexington, Mass., from September, 1871, till the summer of 1872; at home in Boston, from 1872, till March, 1877; has been minister in St. Paul, Minn., from March, 1877, up to the present time, April, 1880. Has published the "Life of Ezra Stiles Gannett," January, 1875, and a few articles and pamphlets. Is A. M. of Harvard, 1863.

He writes, "There are no interesting circumstances in my life, but I think about forty is the best time of life so far, and I hope all my classmates find it so too!"

Has not married.

Address, St. Paul, Minnesota.

HASELTINE, FRANK. Born in Philadelphia, December 17, 1838; son of Ward B. and Emmeline A. (Bent) Haseltine.

Since graduation has spent ten years in the United States and ten years abroad. In 1864 entered the Law Office of James W. Paul, and the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania. Became a member of the Bar of Philadelphia in 1867, and practised his profession for two years. Then abandoned the law and turned his attention to painting. Was a pupil of Joseph Palizzi and Bonnat in 1872, at Paris. Is a member of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Penn-

sylvania, the Philadelphia Club, and Secretary of the Harvard Club of Philadelphia.

Writes that he does "not think it at all necessary to answer the questions asked. The college books contain all that is required."

Has not married.

Address, 1825 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

HASLETT, AUDLEY. Born at Brooklyn, N. Y., May 24, 1841; son of John and Jane Teresa (Sullivan) Haslett.

After graduation studied medicine in Brooklyn, N. Y. From October, 1861, to November, 1865, travelled in France, Italy and Germany. Returning home, studied medicine in New York City, graduating at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, in 1867. Then passed six months in Paris, at Hôtel Dieu, Hôpital des Cliniques, and La Pitié. Since May, 1868, has practised medicine in Brooklyn, N. Y. Has been a member of the Kings County Board of Pharmacy since June, 1879. Delivered the annual oration before the Kings County Medical Society, in May, 1871: subject, "Therapeutics." Is A. M. of Harvard, 1863. Is a member of the Kings County Medical Society, and of the Long Island Historical Society.

Has not married.

Address, 115 Clinton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

HAUGHTON, JAMES. Born in Boston, April 14, 1839; son of James and Eliza (Richards) Haughton.

Studied in Andover Theological Seminary in 1861 and 1862. Went to Europe in 1862, and returned in 1865, having studied in Germany fourteen months.

Was ordained deacon of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the spring, and priest in the fall of 1866. Was rector of Christ Church, Exeter, N. H., from spring of 1866, to fall of

1868. Was rector of St. Thomas' Church, Hanover, N. H., from October, 1868, to August, 1876, and dean of All Saints' Cathedral, in Albany, N. Y., from August, 1876, to October, 1879, when he became rector of St. John's Church, Yonkers, N. Y.

Married, in Lausanne, Switzerland, February 7, 1865, Augustine, daughter of Victor and Nancy (Creux) Mellet.

Has seven children: Victor Mellet, born March 24, 1866; Marguerite, born September 6, 1868; Marie, born June 5, 1870; John Paul, born April 10, 1872; Adele, born November 1, 1874; Richard, born August 6, 1877; Augustine, born September 4, 1879.

Address, Yonkers, N. Y.

HAYDEN, HORACE JOHN. Born September 11, 1840; son of John Cole and Susan Ann Buckminster (Williams) Hayden.

After graduation studied law in the office of Horace Gray, Jr., and Wilder Dwight, in Boston. Was appointed Second Lieutenant, Company F, Third U. S. Artillery, August 5, 1861. Remained with this company, which served as a light battery at Camp Duncan, Washington, D. C., till February, 1862, when he was promoted to First Lieutenant, commission to date from August 5, 1861, and ordered to Company L, Third Artillery, which, with Company M of the same regiment, formed a light battery. Remained with this battery during the war. Was in Major-General George Sykes' Division during the whole of the Peninsula campaign, and at Gaines' Mill was wounded in the thigh by a musket ball. Was at home in Boston a month, and in August, 1862, rejoined his battery at Acquia Creek, Va. Was in the battles of Antietam and Fredericksburg. In the spring of 1863, his

battery, with the Ninth Army Corps, to which it was attached, went to Covington, Kentucky, and thence to Vicksburg, Mississippi, where it arrived July 3, 1863. Took part in Sherman's campaign against Jackson, Mississippi, and in the fall of 1863 marched through Kentucky and Tennessee in Burnside's campaign, and was present at the siege of Knoxville. In January, 1864, he was incapacitated for duty by sickness and an accident, and he returned home, where he spent a month; then rejoined his battery, and was on recruiting service from April till December. Returned to his battery at Washington, where he remained till October, 1865, when his company was ordered to Fort Sullivan, Eastport, Maine. Was brevetted Captain and Major, U. S. A., October 2, to date from March 13, 1865. In the fall of 1866 was placed on recruiting service and stationed at Boston, Mass., where he remained until the fall of 1867, when he was ordered to Governor's Island, New York Harbor, remaining there till the spring of 1868, when he rejoined his company at Fort Sullivan, Me. In the fall of 1868 resigned his commission and entered the service of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R. Co., being stationed first at Chicago, and then at Burlington, Iowa. In December, 1868, was appointed General Freight and Passenger Agent of the Missouri River, Fort Scott and Gulf Railroad, with office at Kansas City, Missouri, where he remained until December, 1872, when he was appointed General Freight Agent of the Boston and Albany Railroad, to take effect January 1, 1873, with office at Boston, Mass. Remained in that position until March 10, 1880, when he was appointed General Traffic Manager of the New York Central and Hudson River R. R. Co., to take effect March 15, 1880, with office at New York City, where he now resides. Is A. M. of Harvard. Is a member of the Harvard and University Clubs of New York.



Married, in Boston, Mass., October 23, 1872, Harriet, daughter of John Pickering and Harriet (Upham) Putnam, of Boston.

Has three children: Mary Putnam, born October 16, 1873; John Putnam, born June 2, 1875; Harold, born October 5, 1876.

Address, Grand Central Station, New York City.

HINCKLEY, HENRY. Born in Boston, May 9, 1832; son of Enoch Hinckley and Hannah Bradford Chandler (a descendant of Gov. Bradford).

Has been pastor of Baptist churches in Winchester, Groveland, Cambridgeport and Lynn, Mass.

Has "cast a fly" in the Queen's dominions on the rivers in New Brunswick, and the lakes of Nova Scotia and Canada. These are all the foreign countries he has yet seen, but he hopes to do better. Was ordained September, 1862. Was a member of the "Home Guard." Has been a member of school committees in Winchester, Groveland and Cambridgeport.

Is author of seven hundred (!) sermons and scores of newspaper articles, etc. Is a member of Foreign and Home Missionary Societies, Ministers' Clubs, etc.

Married, August 25, 1862, Mary Goddard, daughter of Benjamin and Lydia Judkins, of Fall River, Mass.

His wife died July 27, 1873.

Married, October 15, 1874, Caroline Frances, daughter of Samuel and Lydia (Fuller) Noyes, of Cambridgeport, Mass.

Has had four children: Arthur Henry, born July 6, 1864, died September 30, 1865; Lizzie Judkins, born June 8, 1868; Mary Lyon, born September 13, 1869; Bradford Chandler, born February 7, 1873, died January 13, 1878.

Address, Lynn, Mass.

HOLWAY, WESLEY OTHEMAN. Born in Lowell, Mass., June 9, 1839; son of Philip and Susan (Bassett) Holway.

After graduation was Professor of Mathematics and Modern Languages, in Wyoming Seminary, Kingston, Pa., till September, 1861. Since November, 1861, has been a clergyman of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Preached in Maine from November, 1861, to July, 1866, in Bucksport, Damariscotta and Bangor. Health became poor and he spent the winter of 1866-7 in Boston. In the spring of 1867 applied for a chaplaincy in the Navy. Pending the application, became a clerk in the Treasury Department. Commissioned as chaplain June 2, 1868, which commission he still holds.

Was ordered to the Portsmouth, N. H., Navy Yard, October, 1868; detached and ordered to the U. S. S. "Lancaster," flag-ship of the South Atlantic squadron in June, 1869; detached in May, 1872, and ordered home; thence ordered in July, 1872, to the Charlestown Navy Yard; detached in June, 1875, and put on "waiting orders;" ordered to U. S. S. "Hartford," flag-ship of the North Atlantic squadron, June 1, 1876; detached in June of the same year in the Gulf of Mexico, and ordered home on account of illness; was on "waiting orders" until February, 1878, and then ordered to the U. S. S. "Minnesota," training-ship for naval apprentices at New York; detached December 1, 1879, and ordered to U. S. Receiving Ship "Wabash," at Charlestown Navy Yard, where he is now on duty. Relative rank on entering the service, Lieutenant Commander; present rank, Commander.

Was Assistant Editor of Zion's Herald, from July 1, 1876, to January, 1878. For past two years has been Sunday-school editor of the same paper.

Is A. M., of Harvard.

Married in Boston. Mass., Nov. 8, 1860, Hepsie, daughter of John Thorn and Elizabeth Croft, of Boston.

Has had six children: Edith Burgess, (the class cradle-baby) born October 16, 1861; Herbert Stetson, born May 6, 1863, died December 24, 1867; Charles Wesley, born July 17, 1866; Bertha Agnes, April 12, 1868; Archer Croft, June 25, 1873; Clinton Fisk, February 2, 1876.

Address: 219 Shurtleff Street, Chelsea, Mass.

\* HOOD, JULIUS SEDGWICK. Born at Lynn, Mass., October 7, 1840; son of George and Hermione (Breed) Hood.

Was at home in Lynn, Mass., and with his brother in Louisville, Ky., till his death. He died of consumption, December 21, 1861, in Louisville, whither he had gone, hoping in a more genial climate to regain health, or at least to prolong his life. "His death," wrote a classmate who knew and loved him well, "was calm and beautiful; he felt more than willing to go and do the work and achieve the usefulness there, which he had hoped to do here." He was a true and warm-hearted friend, and a man strong in principle, and earnest in a Christian life.

He did not marry.

\* HOPKINS, MAHLON Born in Baltimore, Md., January 15, 1840; son of Samuel and Lavinia (Jolliffe) Hopkins.

Was engaged for a few years, after graduation, in business in Baltimore, which he abandoned in 1872 and became a farmer. He died August 26, 1879.

He did not marry.

HORNE, CHARLES ADAMS. Was at home in Great Falls, N. H., till September, 1861. Was principal of the

High School in Salmon Falls, N. H., till April, 1863, and from April to July of the High School at Woodstock, Vt. Afterward kept school in Medford, Mass.

Married, March 24, 1864, Florence Allen, of Rollinsford, N. H.

Has not been heard from since, and his present residence and occupation are unknown.

**HORTON, EDWIN JOHNSON.** Born at Pomeroy, Ohio, May 22, 1838; son of Valentine Baxter and Clara Alsop (Pomeroy) Horton.

Since graduation, has been in business in Pomeroy, Ohio. The town is situated at the base of a range of sandstone cliffs, on the banks of the Ohio River, and is the seat of one of the three great salt manufacturing interests of the country. The neighboring hills are underlaid with a horizontal vein of bituminous coal. Has been for nearly twenty years secretary and treasurer of several corporations engaged in the manufacture of salt. For fourteen years has also been interested in the mining of coal, having been for that time Superintendent of the Pomeroy Coal Company. Was three months in Europe in the summer of 1872. Was in the militia during the war. The salt works at Pomeroy, being near the border, were constantly menaced by the enemy, and raids were often made intended to destroy them. On several occasions he expended a good deal of perspiration, though no blood, and as his command could always outstrip their commander in running, he was at times in peril of capture. Published a story, called "A Man of Truth," in the Atlantic Monthly, January, 1880. He notes the new pronunciation of Latin as most dreadful among the changes in our old home, at Cambridge.

Married, October 16, 1862, Elizabeth Spelman, daughter of Estes and Harriet (Spelman) Howe, of Cambridge, Mass.

Has four children: Elizabeth Howe, born August 8, 1863; Charles Dabney, born April 14, 1866; Henry Pomeroy, born February 26, 1869; Aimee Alsop, born April 4, 1864.

Charles will soon enter Harvard.

Address, Pomeroy, Ohio.

HOWLAND, HORACE. Born in Charleston, S. C., July 24, 1839; son of Benjamin Jenkins and Hannah (Clark) Howland.

Has been in New York since 1860, with the exception of the first six months after leaving college, which were spent in Charleston, S. C. Was engaged in business till 1877. In that year he went to England on a brief visit. For the past two years he has been a member of the editorial staff of the New York Times, and has written numerous articles for the principal New York papers.

Was married, September 29, 1863, by Rev. Dr. Samuel Osgood, to Helen Elizabeth, daughter of Lewis Henry and Caroline Ware (Morse) Morris, of New York.

Has two children: Caroline Elizabeth, born July 19, 1864, and Francis, born January 16, 1868.

Address, New York Times.

HUMPHREYS, CHARLES ALFRED. Born in Dorchester, Mass., April 1, 1838; son of Henry and Sarah Blake (Clapp) Humphreys.

Was in the Divinity School, Cambridge, from 1861 to 1863. Visited his college chum, Fox, in camp at Stafford Court House, Va., February 20, 1863, where he saw Mudge for the last time. Was commissioned chaplain of the 2d



Massachusetts Cavalry, July 4. Graduated from the Divinity School, July 14, and was ordained as chaplain by Prof. George R. Noyes, D.D., Rev. J. F. W. Ware giving the charge, and Chaplain E. H. Hall the right hand of fellowship. Started for the seat of war August 19. Was mustered into the service August 21, and joined his regiment, commanded by Col. Caspar Crowinshield. Took part in various raids against the guerillas, till July 5, 1864, when he was taken prisoner by Mosby, near Aldie, Va., and with Major W. H. Forbes and Lieut. C. W. Amory, sent to Lynchburgh, then to Danville, then to Macon, and finally put under fire at Charleston, till he was released at Fort Sumter, September 2, 1864. Reached home September 17, and spent three weeks recruiting his strength, which had been wasted by starvation and imprisonment. Started again for the front, October 13, and remained with his regiment till the end of the war, taking part in the ten days' raid to Gordonsville, under General Torbert, in December, 1864; in the twenty days' raid to Lynchburg, and around Richmond, under General Sheridan, in February and March, 1865; and in the battles of Five Forks, Sailors' Creek, and Appomattox Court House. Resigned, April 14, and was discharged April 16, reaching home May 1, 1865. Preached at Springfield, as a candidate, May 21, and June 4, and was called to the Third Congregational (Unitarian) Society, June 15, 1865. June 23, accepted the call on condition of having four months' leave of absence, and on July 5 took the Cunard steamer "Asia" for Liverpool. Travelled alone through England and France till August 16, when he met W. C. Gannett, and for two weeks they walked through Switzerland, climbed the pass of Weissthör, 11,000 feet high, and entered Italy by the valley Anzasca. Spent a week among the Italian lakes, and parting from Gan-

nett at Como, travelled alone through Milan, Genoa, Pompeii, Naples, Rome, Pisa, Florence, Bologna, Parma, Venice, Munich, Vienna, Prague, Dresden, Wittenburg, Bremen, London, Cambridge, Petersborough and Liverpool. Took the steamer "Cuba," October 2, reaching Boston November 9. Was installed at Springfield, Mass., November 29. In the winter of 1865-6 prepared a new hymn book for the use of his Society. In the next three years he devoted much time to the enterprise of building the "Church of the Unity," which was finished at a cost of \$150,000, and dedicated February 17, 1869. The plans were drawn by H. H. Richardson, of the class of 1859.

January 10, 1872, resigned his position in Springfield, unconditionally, and to take effect immediately, as his health was failing under repeated attacks of chills and fever, induced by malaria contracted in the war.

His health improved with a year's rest, and he accepted a call to Framingham, Mass., September 23, 1873, and assumed charge of the First Parish, November 2, 1873.

January 15, 1879, his wife died after two weeks' sickness with double pneumonia. He was simultaneously prostrated with the same sickness. On recovery, he sailed by the bark "Azorean" from Boston to Fayal, but finding the climate of the Azores too chilly and damp, took a Portuguese steamer to Madeira, where he recruited fast. After a few weeks, took steamer to Teneriffe, and spent four days in the valley of Oratavo. Then took Spanish steamer to Cadiz, and visited Seville, the Alhambra, Cordova and Madrid; and reaching Liverpool by way of Paris and London, took the Cunard steamer "Marathon" for Boston, arriving May 25, 1879. June 1, 1879, resumed his position at Framingham and in the

neighboring village of Saxonville, where for two years he presided over a flourishing branch of the liberal church.

Married, April 15, 1868, Kate J., daughter of Judge Charles and Lucia Anna (Humphreys) Mattoon, of Greenfield, Mass.

His wife died January 15, 1879.

Has had four children: Charles Mattoon, born in Springfield, March 23, 1869, died September 2, 1869; Sarah Blake, born in Springfield, September 17, 1870; Catherine Clapp, born in Boston, August 1, 1873; Elizabeth, born in Framingham, July 23, 1875, died May 25, 1877.

Address, Framingham, Mass.

HUNNEWELL, FRANCIS WELLES. Born in Paris, France, November 3, 1838; son of Horatio Hollis and Gabetta Pratt (Welles) Hunnewell.

Graduated from the Harvard Law School in 1865. Since then has been engaged in business in Boston with his father and brother.

Married, May 6, 1865, Margaret Louisa, daughter of Alfred and Margaret (Barclay) Fassitt, of Philadelphia.

His wife died in Nice, France, February 28, 1876.

Has had no children.

Address, care of H. H. Hunnewell & Sons, Boston.

HUNNEWELL, JOHN WELLES. Born in Boston, May 30, 1840; son of Horatio Hollis and Gabetta Pratt (Welles) Hunnewell.

Entered Lawrence Scientific School, graduating in 1863, and went to Europe in 1864, where he has been ever since, with occasional visits to this country.

Address, care of H. H. Hunnewell & Sons, Boston.

JARVES, HORATIO DEMING. Born in Honolulu, Sandwich Islands, December 10, 1839; son of James Jackson and Elizabeth Russell (Swain) Jarves.

After graduation went to La Crosse, Wisconsin, to study law, and was admitted to the bar of that State. Enlisted as private in Company B, Second Wisconsin Vols., April 19, 1861. In May was promoted to Corporal. Was slightly wounded in the first battle of Bull Run, July 21, 1861. Was appointed Sergeant in the Twenty-fourth Mass. Vols., October 1, 1861, and promoted to Second Lieutenant, December 1. January 2, 1862, embarked on the "Burnside Expedition," and was present at the capture of Roanoke Island, February 8, 1862, and at the taking of New Berne, N. C., March 14, 1862. Was shot through the ankle at Tranter's Creek, N. C., June 5, 1862, and his leg was amputated June 10. Returned to New Berne, April 12, 1863, and served as Assistant Commissary of Musters, Fourth Division, Eighteenth Army Corps. Was commissioned Major, of the Fifty-sixth Mass. Vols., January 8, 1864, and promoted to Lieutenant-Colonel, May 7. Was mustered out with his regiment, July 14, 1865. Practised law for some time in New York. Is now private secretary of the Commandant of the Soldiers' Home in Maine.

Has not married.

Address, Togus, near Augusta, Maine.

JOHNSON, EDWARD CROSBY. Born in Boston, November 1, 1839; son of Samuel and Charlotte A. (Howe) Johnson.

On graduation, entered the wholesale department of C. F. Hovey & Co., Boston. Was admitted as partner in 1870. August 29, 1862, was commissioned First Lieutenant of Com-

pany H, Forty-fourth Mass. Vols., and appointed Adjutant, May 20, 1863. Was mustered out with the regiment, June 18, 1863. Has been in Europe ten times since 1867.

Married, in Boston, October 14, 1863, Alice Frothingham, daughter of Rev. Dr. Chandler and Mary Eliza (Frothingham) Robbins, of Boston.

Has three daughters: Charlotte Howe, born August 11, 1864; Alice Cornelia, born March 24, 1868; Mary Frothingham, born September 2, 1875.

Address, 33 Summer Street, Boston.

KNAPP, ARTHUR MAY. Born at Charlestown, Mass., May 29, 1841; son of William Henry and Emily (Thompson) Knapp.

Went to Baltimore, Md., as private tutor, September, 1860. In September, 1861, took charge of Medfield Academy, near Baltimore. Enlisted August 29, 1862, as private in the Forty-fourth Mass. Vols.; was mustered out June 18, 1863. The following year was classical teacher in Nathaniel T. Allen's English and Classical School, at West Newton, Mass. The next year was private tutor in the family of Mr. James McCuaig, at Picton, Canada West. In October, 1865, entered the Harvard Divinity School, (middle class) graduating in 1867. Was settled over the First Congregational Society, of Providence, R. I., January 8, 1868; resigned April 1, 1871. Took charge, September 23, 1871, of the Independent Congregational Society, at Bangor, Maine; resigned April 1, 1879. Visited Europe in 1874, sailing March 7, and returning September 13.

Has written an article, entitled, "Reconciling Truth," in "Old and New," for January, 1871; an article on "Unitarianism," in "The Monthly Religious Magazine" for May, 1874;



a pamphlet published at Bangor, Maine, December, 1875, containing two sermons, entitled, "The Promises of God," and "Other Worlds than Ours;" and a pamphlet published at Bangor, Maine, January 5, 1879, containing two sermons, entitled, "Fiat Religion," and "Creation Continuous."

Married, December 16, 1867, Frances Mitchell, daughter of George Howland and Susan (Lincoln) Folger, of Cambridge.

Has one son: Arthur Taylor, born April 4, 1870.

Address, Cambridge, Mass.

LELAND, DANIEL TALCOTT SMITH. Born April 19, 1858; son of Daniel and Julia Ann (Bigelow) Leland.

From September 17, 1860, to April, 1861, was sub-master of the Senior department of the "Virginia Collegiate Institute," in Portsmouth, Va. Has since been engaged in mercantile pursuits in Boston. From May 16, to August 15, 1865, was sergeant, Twelfth Unattached Company, Mass. Volunteer Militia, stationed at Provincetown. Was book-keeper till January 1, 1866, when he entered the firm of F. J. Tinkham & Co., as junior partner, in the business of importing Cuban goods, and in general merchandise and commission business.

The firm was dissolved by the loss of one of the members on board of a vessel which sailed from Havana in 1867, and was never again heard from. On May 15 of that year he left Boston by sailing vessel for Bombay, East Indies, with the expectation of ultimately engaging in business there. After three months spent in Bombay, in January, 1879, he received an appointment as clerk or purser of one of the steamships of the British India Steam Navigation Company, sailing between all the principal ports from the head of the Persian Gulf coastwise to Calcutta. The opportunity was thus afforded him of visiting Bussorah and other ports in the

Persician Gulf, the coast of Arabia, including Muscat, Kurrachee at the mouth of the Indus, Goa, and ports of the Malabar coast, during a connection with the ship of about five months. A break in the submarine portion of the Indo-European Telegraph Line occasioned the use of the ship during a portion of this period for carrying despatches, and an inspection voyage to several unfrequented ports in Arabia, during which time his position became a sinecure. At the termination of this period, which was at the close of the Abyssinian war, he set out for Calcutta, overland, through the northern portion of Hindostan, and arrived in that city the latter part of June, where he remained until October, when he sailed for New York, arriving February, 1879, having been absent from America nearly two years, most of which time was passed in travelling.

Since that time has been engaged as an accountant in various ways, including the adjustment of a large amount of the losses by the great Boston fire of 1872, at which time he was made a Notary Public for Suffolk County. At present is in the office of Messrs. Shepard, Norwell & Co., of Boston.

Has not married.

Address, 26 Winter Street, Boston.

\* LEONARD, HENRY. Born at East Marshfield, Mass., December 12, 1839; son of Rev. George and Charlotte Eleanor (Washburn) Leonard.

After graduation taught for several years at Provincetown, Cohasset, Scituate and Taunton, Mass., and at Stamford, Conn. Abandoned teaching and left the Academy at Taunton, in 1869, to go into business.

He died suddenly April 23, 1875, at Santa Barbara, California, from hæmorrhage of the lungs, having gone thither

with his family about eighteen months before, on account of failing health.

Married, at Taunton, Mass., July 8, 1868, Ruth Collier, daughter of John and Sarah Ingell (Richmond) Duxbury.

Had one child, Edith Richmond, born June 9, 1870.

His wife and child survive him.

His wife's address is Plainfield, New Jersey.

**MACKINTOSH, HENRY STEPHEN.** Born at Honolulu, Sandwich Islands, January 11, 1838; son of Stephen Davis and Martha (Lane) Mackintosh.

After graduation, was Assistant Professor of History, at the United States Naval Academy. Is now principal of a private Latin school, in Boston, which he opened October 1, 1872. Has written various reviews of books and other articles for magazines and newspapers, and one on "Water Color," in the Atlantic Monthly. Is a member of the Boston Art and and Hawaiian Clubs.

Married, at New Bedford, July 10, 1873, Frances Sargent, daughter of Henry F. and Elizabeth Davis (Locke) Harrington.

Has had one child: Robert Lane, born July 26, 1876; died August 27, 1877.

Address, 80 Charles Street, Boston.

\* **MAGENIS, WILLIAM MACREA.** Was in Dresden until after the breaking-out of the war. Then entered the Confederate army, and was soon after taken prisoner at Camp Jackson, in St. Louis, Mo. He was subsequently released and held the rank of Captain and Assistant Adjutant General. An officer of General John Morgan's staff says that during Morgan's raid in Ohio, Magen is was instantly killed, July 4,

1864, by one of his own men whom he was reproving for plundering.

No further information has been obtained.

\* MILLS, CHARLES JAMES. Born in Boston, January 8, 1841; son of Charles Henry and Anna Cabot Lowell (Dwight) Mills.

After graduation, entered the Lawrence Scientific School. Enlisted as a private in the Fourth Battalion, Massachusetts Volunteer Militia, in July, 1862. Was soon after appointed recruiting officer for the Thirty-third Mass. Vols. Was commissioned Second Lieutenant in the Second Mass. Vols., August 14, 1862. Was promoted to First Lieutenant, August 17, 1862, and on that day took command of his company at Culpepper, Va. Was with his regiment in Pope's campaign. Was appointed Acting Adjutant September 4. Was shot through both thighs at the battle of Antietam. Was at home in Cambridge six months, two of which he was confined to his bed, and the rest of the time he was on crutches. In April, 1863, received an honorable discharge, and in the following month was appointed secretary of a scientific commission, which met at Washington to determine the merits of inventions offered to the Navy Department. Remained in Washington till August 22, 1863, when he was commissioned Adjutant of the Fifty-sixth Mass. Vols. Was promoted to Captain, July 7, 1864. In March, 1864, the regiment went to Annapolis. On April 20 was appointed Acting Assistant Adjutant General on the staff of Brigadier-General Thomas G. Sherman, and was afterwards retained in this capacity by three successive general officers. Went through the Virginia campaign of 1864, and distinguished himself for gallantry and coolness at Hatcher's Run, October

26. In the latter part of January, 1865, was sent North on account of illness. While at home was breveted Major. Returned to the army, March 23, and on March 31, at Hatcher's Run, where he had been exposed the year before to the fire of the enemy, a solid shot struck his side, and he dropped dead from his horse. His funeral took place from Appleton Chapel, Cambridge, and his body is buried in Forest Hill Cemetery.

He rendered faithful service to the cause of his country, and the ministry of pain and suffering was not lost upon his character.

Our classmate, Brevet Brigadier-General Charles A. Whit-  
tier, wrote to Spaulding, under date of March 7, 1866: "It was my sad experience to witness, during the last fighting before Petersburg, the death of that gallant young soldier and much-esteemed classmate of ours, Major Charles J. Mills. He was my assistant as Adjutant General of the Second Corps, and had won the respect of his commanding general and the affection and esteem of all his comrades by his ability and bravery in duty, and his urbanity, generosity, and manliness in social life. He fell by my side, being instantly killed by a round shot." *Mar 30 '67 for ... of Lt-Col & Co to date of war*

Another officer, who knew him well, General White, paid this tribute to his memory: "Gentle as a woman, brave as the bravest, fervent in patriotism, frank, genial, truthful, and benevolent. He sleeps wrapped in a mantle of glory."

He did not marry.

MORSE, JOHN TORREY. Born in Boston, January 9, 1840; son of John Torrey and Lucy Cabot (Jackson) Morse.

Since graduation has lived in Boston, practising law until three years since, when he gave up his profession. Has been



to Europe once. Served one term in the Massachusetts legislature. Is Overseer of Harvard College, and a Justice of the Peace. Has written two law books, "Banks and Banking," and "Arbitration and Award;" also a life of Alexander Hamilton. Has written sundry articles in the American Law Review, North American Review, Atlantic Monthly, International Review, Nation, Frazer's Magazine (London), Saturday Review (London). Is an editor of the International Review. Is a member of the Somerset and of St. Botolph Clubs, Boston, and the University Club, New York.

Married, June 10, 1865, Fanny P., daughter of George Otis and Marianne Lévely (Cotton) Hovey, of Boston.

\* MUDGE, CHARLES REDINGTON. Born in New York, October 22, 1839; son of Enoch Redington and Caroline A. (Potter) Mudge.

Was in business in Victoria Mills, N. Y., till the spring of 1861. Was commissioned First Lieutenant in the Second Mass. Vols. May 25, 1861. Was promoted to Captain July 8, 1861; to Major November 9, 1862, and to Lieutenant-Colonel June 6, 1863. His regiment left Boston July 8, 1861, and was first engaged in battle at Front Royal and Winchester on the retreat of Banks. Here, on May 23, 1862, he was wounded in the leg. The wound, though bad and painful for the time, fortunately neither imperilled his life nor maimed the limb. Careful nursing cured him, but not in time for him to take part in the battle of Cedar Mountain, where his regiment went through so terrible an ordeal. At the battle of Antietam, he was in the perilous command of the color company. He received a blow on the ribs from a ball, which penetrated through his blouse, vest and two shirts, but only disabled him for a few moments. At the battle of

Chancellorsville, the command of the regiment devolved on him (then Major), and he handled his men with the utmost bravery and success. Twice again he led his regiment into battle; at Beverly Ford and at Gettysburg. In the battle of Gettysburg, July 3, 1863, while leading his regiment to a charge, he was struck by a ball just below the throat, and died almost instantly. His body was brought home, and buried with military honors from Emmanuel Church, Boston. July 14, 1863.

His classmates need not be told of his eminent fitness for a military career. He fell into its ways and met its requirements by a natural aptitude. The unvarying kindness and good-will, which made him so deservedly one of the most popular men of our class, were united with a rare combination of courage and caution, and won for him the entire confidence of those under his command, as well as the warm attachment of all his fellow officers.

The few words written to his parents by Brigadier-General Gordon (formerly the Colonel of his regiment) describe comprehensively the soldier and the man: "There has never been a time that he has been aught but the faithful and energetic officer, filled with a consciousness of duty, and forgetful of self in its discharge." The spirit in which he performed his duties, and the calm trust which sustained him in the most trying scenes, are seen in an extract from a letter written to his father, May 29, 1863. "You ask me what my feeling was during the fight at Chancellorsville. Well it was just what it should be. I was so astonished at my own coolness and courage that I could not help thanking and praising God for it in a loud voice, while I sat there on my horse. I had prayed for it, to be sure; but I never believed a man could feel so joyous and such a total absence of fear as I had there

I enjoyed it as much as a game or race, until we were withdrawn; and from that until we were safely over the river, I, as well as everyone else, suffered the most terrible anxiety you can imagine. Yet, I had courage enough, by God's help to bear it all coolly."

"About three months before his death he became a member of the Episcopal Church, and was confirmed at Emmanuel Church, in Boston. It is told of him, that during the illness of the chaplain of his regiment, he had the fortitude to stand out one Sunday morning and read the service of his church before his regiment. So loyal was he to every conviction, so ready for every duty. A faithful son to the church in which he was educated, he belongs to the broader communion of humanity's heroes; and as long as high-toned manhood, sensibility of principle, generous affections, and self-sacrificing devotion to duty, are honored among men, so long will the memory of his remain as an example and an inspiration to all who knew him." \*

He did not marry.

MUNSON, MYRON ANDREWS. Born in Chester, Mass., May 5, 1835; son of Garry and Harriet (Lyman) Munson.

Was abroad from June to December, 1860. Studied theology and was ordained at Pittsford, Vt., May 31, 1866. Has been obliged by infirm health to suspend work at intervals, and to live in Minnesota, May, 1870, to July 4, 1871, and Colorado, January, 1877, to January, 1878. Has preached in Pittsford, Vt., December 31, 1865, to June 28, 1869; Northfield, Minn., June 5, 1870, to June 4, 1871; and Moriah, N. Y., January 28, 1872, to December 31, 1873; at the Neponset Congregational Church in Boston, January 1, 1874, to

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\* Spaulding.

*July 21/64 enlisted as a private in the 60th Mass Vols - was mustered out Nov 30th*

January 1, 1876; and at the First Congregational Church in Fair Haven, Vt., April 21, 1878, to April 18, 1879. While in the Rocky Mountains, investigated the gold and silver mines, mining and the reduction of ores, founded a camp near Manitou Springs, known as the "Hermit's Delight," which became somewhat celebrated, climbed Pike's Peak, assisted in conducting a hotel near the Grand Cañon of the Arkansas, and opened a school in Pueblo. In the middle of April, 1879, was completely disabled by nervous and physical prostration, and was under medical treatment for a year, the last half of the time October 22, 1879, to April 28, 1880, at the "Sanitarium" in Clifton Springs, and has nearly regained his health. Though he has written little for the press, several of his sermons have been published. 1. "God's Doing and Man's Doing for Minnesota," a Thanksgiving discourse, delivered at Northfield, Minn., November 24, 1870. 2. "Iron More Golden than Gold," a Thanksgiving discourse, delivered at Moriah, N. Y., November 28, 1872. Professor Park, editor of the *Bibliotheca Sacra*, declared this to be a "model sermon," and had a lengthened review of it prepared for his quarterly. 3. "Duty Contemplated as Due-ty, that which is Due," a discourse first preached in 1872, and published by A. Williams & Co., in 1876. This was commented upon by the press as follows: "Unique and admirable." "Delightful to sight and touch. The leading thought is a most valuable one. The illustrations are felicitous, and some of the descriptions beautiful." "The line of thought is fresh. The illustrations are original, sometimes just a little quaint." "The subject is a very wholesome one, and the etymological way of approach here chosen, is natural and effective. The mind which is reflected in this essay, is an original one, and the impulse which it communicates, is distinct and forcible."

4. "Water as a Mirror of the Wisdom and Goodness of God," a Thanksgiving discourse, preached at Neponset, Boston, November 26, 1874, published in the Congregational Quarterly for April, 1877, and republished in pamphlet form the same year. 5. "The Upright and Useful Citizen," a discourse commemorative of Col. Samuel Lyman, preached in Southampton, Mass., January 7, 1877, and printed soon afterward. All the above are pamphlets. 6. "The White Ribbon Club," a sermon preached in Fair Haven, Vt., July 14, 1878, and published in the Vermont Chronicle of March 15, 1879. It is expected that a discourse entitled, "The Handwriting of God upon Slate," which was preached at Fair Haven, Thanksgiving-day, 1878, will go into print when the author has strength to revise it. He has taken part in the proceedings of numerous professional and ecclesiastical bodies, including the delivery of a discourse, "The Christian Minister a Vicar," before the General Association of the State of New York in 1873. In 1875—76 was the leading officer of the Boston Ministers' Meeting, held weekly at Pilgrim Hall, Beacon Street, and is a member of the Suffolk South Association of Congregational Ministers.

Has not married.

Address, Binghampton, N. Y.

NELSON, CHARLES ALEXANDER. Born at Calais, Me., April 14, 1839; son of Israel Potter and Jane (Capen) Nelson.

From September, 1860, to July, 1861, was engaged as tutor in Latin and Greek in the Albany, New York, Male Academy. Returned to Cambridge and entered the Lawrence Scientific School, Engineering course, at the opening of the fall term of 1861. Shortly after became cashier with Bigelow Bros. &



Kennard, Boston. Remained there till September, 1863, when he resigned to become Sub-master and Professor of Mathematics in the Collegiate School of Dr. E. R. Humphreys, in Boston. In April, 1864, was appointed Civil Engineer and Draughtsman in the Quartermaster's Department, U. S. A., at New Berne, N. C., and was discharged March 31, 1865. Was Acting Superintendent of White Refugees, in the spring of 1865. Was in the furniture business at New Berne, with his father, from July, 1865, till 1871. Was Cashier of the Savings Bank, at New Berne, from October, 1866, to June, 1873. September 23, 1867, was appointed presiding officer of the Second Board of Registration in the County of Craven, N. C., to register voters under the Reconstruction Acts, and at the ensuing election was chosen County Surveyor, but declined to qualify and serve. Edited a daily paper through the political campaign of 1868. From 1868 to 1873, held by election and re-election the positions of Justice of the Peace, Township Trustee, Chairman of School Committee, and Secretary of the Board of Trustees of New Berne Academy, and County Examiner; and by appointment those of Superintendent of Schools, under the Freedman's Bureau, and Agent for the payment of Bounties. Delivered oration on Decoration Day, at New Berne, N. C., May 30, 1873. Has made a specialty of Library work, with a view to becoming an expert and making that his profession. Is A.M. of Harvard. Was Acting Principal of the Shaw University, Raleigh, N. C., in September, 1873. Returned to Boston April 17, 1874, after an absence of ten years, and was with A. Williams & Co., Booksellers, until September 14, 1877. Did editorial work for D. Lothrop & Co., Publishers, of Boston, in November and December, and edited the Boston Book Bulletin for its first year. In December, 1877, was appointed

Professor of Greek, in Drury College, Springfield, Mo., for the remainder of the college year, being also Acting Librarian. From August, 1878, till September, 1879, was engaged in literary and library work in Boston. In March, 1879, published "Waltham, Past and Present; and its Industries." Since September 6, 1879, has been with Estes & Lauriat, publishers and booksellers, of Boston. In April and May, 1879, in connection with Dr. Samuel A. Green, edited the sketches of the towns of "Ayer" and "Groton," in Drake's "History of Middlesex County, Mass.," and in December, 1879, and January and February, 1880, wrote the sketch of the town of "Weston." Is the Boston correspondent of the American Bookseller, published semi-monthly in New York; and the Boston editor of the Bookseller and Stationer and Western Educational Journal, of Chicago. Has been on the literary staff of Zion's Herald, Boston, since 1876.

Married, at New Berne, N. C., July 25, 1872, Emma, daughter of Benson and Eliza (Quick) Norris, of Slaterville, Tompkins County, N. Y.

Has two children: Gertrude Jane, born at Slaterville, N. Y., August 28, 1873; and Ruth Augusta, born at Cambridgeport, Mass., May 31, 1876.

Address, 301 Washington Street, Boston.

\* **NEWCOMB, EDGAR MARSHALL.** Born in Troy, N. Y., October 2, 1840; son of John J. and Mary (Starbuck) Newcomb.

Left college on account of ill health before Commencement, in the summer of 1860 and went abroad. Spent the autumn in travelling on foot through England and France, with the hope of regaining his health. Not wholly succeeding, on returning home he entered his father's counting-room in Boston,

intending soon to leave it and prepare for the ministry, which had long been his chosen profession.

In August, 1861, he enlisted as a private in the Nineteenth Massachusetts Volunteers. In September he was detailed as clerk at the headquarters of Brigadier-General Lander, in Poolesville, Md. June 18, 1862, was made Sergeant-Major of his regiment. Was promoted November 1, to Second Lieutenant, and to First Lieutenant, November 13, 1862.

Through the fourteen battles and skirmishes in which his regiment was engaged, he passed unscathed. He gained his promotion to Second Lieutenant by his gallant conduct on the Seven Days' retreat from Richmond. His bravery at the battle of White Oak Swamp received special commendation, and at Antietam he won his promotion to a First Lieutenancy. He frequently officiated as chaplain of his regiment, preaching to the men, and holding prayer-meetings.

Before the assault on Fredericksburg, December 13, 1862, in which he received his fatal wounds, he seemed to have had a presentiment of his fate, and remarked to his captain, that he "didn't expect to come out of another battle safely." He was wounded before the batteries and rifle-pits on the enemy's left, while holding the American flag high above his head. Seven color-sergeants had been shot down in succession, when Newcomb sprang forward, picked up both flags, and called upon the men to stand by the colors.

He was struck by a ball which hit the brass band of his sword, passed through the left leg, and grazed the right. After enduring excruciating pain till the Saturday morning of the ensuing week, he died on December 20, 1862.

His funeral took place, December 27, from Park Street Church, Boston, and his body is buried in Mount Auburn, in whose sacred precincts he delighted, when at Cambridge, to seclude himself for study and meditation.

"No braver officer or man," writes Captain Chadwick, "ever stood upon a battle-field than Lieutenant Newcomb. . . . He was loved and respected before; but that love and respect were more than doubled by his daring bravery and unflinching courage." Colonel Devereux, of the Nineteenth Mass. Vols., wrote of him: "As an officer, he was prompt, careful, and zealous, kind to his men, but a good disciplinarian." He selected as the text for the sermon to be preached at his funeral, the words of the seventeenth verse of the second chapter of Solomon's Song, "Until the day break, and the shadows flee away." Rev. J. O. Means, of Roxbury, who delivered the funeral discourse, thus spoke of him: "He was of a delicate, sensitive, self-contained nature, not readily making acquaintances, of singular modesty, genial and communicative with those who liked inward thoughts, studying deeply the mysteries of the soul, and revolving the great questions of life and destiny. His face had not lost the red and white tints of beautiful boyhood when he went away, and the long, pensive eyelashes hid a full, liquid, hazel eye. And his mind and heart were as unstained as his person. . . . His Christian character was developed with unusual symmetry, the solemnity of the great things being balanced by a winning cheerfulness and joyousness. . . . 'It never seemed before to me,' he said in his last hours, 'so great and noble a thing to die. I had hoped to preach the gospel, but I shall serve my country better in heaven!'"

He was unmarried.

NICKERSON, FRANKLIN. Born September 8, 1838, in Hingham, Mass.; son of Anson and Sally Ann (Downs) Nickerson.

Entered the Harvard Medical School in the fall of 1860. In 1862 was for two months in the employ of the United

States Sanitary Commission as Assistant Surgeon. Received degree of M. D. in the summer of 1863. In the following fall was commissioned Acting Assistant Surgeon U. S. N. Resigned in the fall of 1864. Served first on the U. S. Steamer Shockokon, and then on the Britannia. The vessels were employed in picketing and in support of army expeditions. In the summer of 1864 was invited by the Navy Department to be examined for the regular service. In the spring of 1865 opened an office in Chicago, remaining there a year. In the summer of 1866 began practice in Lowell, where he has since remained.

Belongs to the Massachusetts Medical Society, and the Boston Society of Natural History. Has written various articles for local papers and a paper on "Diphtheria," which was published in the State Board of Health Report for 1876. Has been correspondent of the State Board of Health for Lowell for several years, and was for two years one of the Lowell School Board. As Chairman of the Committee on Reports, wrote the School Report for 1879. During the present year was made a Trustee of the oldest Savings Bank in the city, the "Lowell Institution for Savings." Has been physician to the Middlesex County Jail, in Lowell, for several years, and for some years Chairman of the Board of Censors of the North Middlesex District Medical Society. Was for eight years physician of the Lowell Dispensary. Was unanimously chosen Superintendent of the Lowell Hospital a few years ago, but could not accept the appointment. Has sung bass in the Unitarian choir of Lowell for nine years.

Married, in Hingham, Mass., November 14, 1866, Mary Wallace, daughter of David and Hannah (Souther) Lincoln.

Has had five children: Mabel Dollner, born February 14, 1869; George Anson, born May 20, 1873; died April 14,



1878; Walter Grinnell, born November 6, 1874; died July 29, 1875; Frank, born June 6, 1876; died July 17, 1876; Mary Sargent, born June 14, 1879.

Address, 35 Kirk Street, Lowell, Mass.

**NILES, GEORGE EDWARD.** Born in Boston, January 19, 1837; son of William Jenkins and Mary Ann (Hale) Niles.

Has been an artist since graduation. Is A. M. of Harvard.

Married, in Boston, January 14, 1864, Mary Louise, daughter of Paul and Olive Scott (Howe) Adams, of Boston.

Has three children: Mary Hale, born March 30, 1869; George Caspar, born April 13, 1872; Rosamond Scott, born March 24, 1876.

Address, Boston, Mass.

**OSBORNE, GEORGE STERNE.** Born in South Danvers, now Peabody, Essex County, Mass., December 12, 1838; son of George and Sarah Waters (Whittredge) Osborne. Both parents are now living, his father aged eighty-one, and his mother seventy-six.

Left college at the request of the Faculty in January, 1859; an event celebrated in song; and entered the Harvard Medical School. Received his degree of A. B. in 1861. The same year entered the State Hospital at Rainsford Island, Boston Harbor, as medical student and assistant to the Resident Physician, Dr. H. Winsor, remaining there until June, 1862, when he was appointed Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. A., and ordered to Fortress Monroe, Va., in charge of the Hospital for colored refugees. Was on duty there, and at the Mill Creek Hospital, Hampton, Va., about two months and a half; then returned to Boston, and after a few weeks spent as House Pupil in the Massachusetts General Hospital, again entered the Medical School and graduated in March, 1863. Was

commissioned Assistant Surgeon of the First Mass. Cavalry, March 17, 1863, then on duty with the Army of the Potomac, Va.; joined the regiment in April, and continued with it in the field until he was mustered out, January 23, 1864, and promoted to Surgeon of the Fifth Mass. Cavalry, to date December 30, 1863. Resigned, May 7, 1864. Continued in the service as Volunteer Surgeon, and was placed in charge of the Hospital Transport, "Geo. Leary," and made three trips with sick and wounded soldiers, the first from Bermuda Hundreds to Point Lookout, the second from Fortress Monroe to Philadelphia, and the third from Fortress Monroe to New York, having had in charge in the three trips about nine hundred men. In July returned home, and in August was appointed Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. A.; and ordered to the U. S. Hospital, at Readville, Mass., where he remained until September, 1865. In October, 1865, sailed for Europe, where he remained about twenty-one months, of which nine months were spent at Paris, about three weeks in Switzerland, nine months in Vienna, a few weeks in Berlin, and two months in Italy. Returned home in July, 1867, and immediately entered upon the practice of his profession in his native town, where he still remains. Is a member of the School Committee and of the Board of Health of Peabody; Justice of the Peace; Medical Examiner for the Tenth Essex District, Councillor of the Massachusetts Medical Society, and was a member of the Lyceum and Library Committee of Peabody Institute for twelve years. He belongs to the Society of the Army of the Potomac, the Loyal Legion of the United States, several local societies, the Salem Bay Yacht Club, &c. Has been twice commissioned Surgeon of the Second Corps of Cadets M. V. M.

Married, in Dedham, Mass., September 2, 1869, Sarah Pollock, daughter of Commodore Gershom Jaques and Elizabeth (Bradlee) Van Brunt.

Has had four children: Elizabeth Bradlee, born June 19, 1870; Henry Deland, born December 28, 1871, died February 19, 1875; Agnes, born March 8, 1874; George Ralph, born August 11, 1877; all in Peabody.

Address, Peabody, Essex County, Mass.

**PALFREY, HERSEY GOODWIN.** Born in Belfast Maine, October 9, 1839; son of Rev. Cazneau and Anne Parker (Crosby) Palfrey.

Was at home in Belfast, Me., till May, 1861, when he entered the office of the Boston Daily Advertiser, as reporter and assistant editor. Enlisted as private in Company C, Thirteenth Mass. Vols., August 11, 1862. Was taken prisoner near Manassas August 29, 1862, but escaped and rejoined his regiment. In February, 1863, was detailed to serve on guard at headquarters, First Army Corps. In June, 1863, was sent to the hospital, Frederick City, with typhoid fever. Was detailed for duty in the Adjutant-General's office, Washington, D. C. Received commission in March, 1864, as Captain in the Ninety-eighth U. S. Colored Troops, and was mustered into service, May 10. Served as assistant engineer on staff of Major-General Granger, commanding Thirteenth Army Corps, through the campaign which resulted in the capture of Mobile. Was mustered out with his regiment, January 10, 1866. Then went West and studied civil engineering. Was engaged on government surveys on the Mississippi and Illinois Rivers, and on railroads in Illinois until the spring of 1869. From that time till 1873 was employed on various railroads in New England. Was then at leisure till 1878, when he entered the government service again. Is at present Chief Clerk of the Mississippi River Commission.

Married, October 17, 1872, in Bradford, Mass., Mary Durfee, daughter of George and Mary Lovejoy.

Has had no children.

Address, 2828 Washington Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

PARSONS, CHARLES CHAUNCEY. Born in Boston, June 18, 1840; son of Theophilus and Catherine Amory (Chandler) Parsons.

Entered the Harvard Law School in 1860, graduating in 1862. August 22, 1862, was commissioned Second Lieutenant in the First Mass. Cavalry. Was promoted to First Lieutenant February 13, 1863; Captain in the Fifth Mass. Cav., January 7, 1864, and Major, June 3, 1865. Honorably discharged June 16, 1865. Was engaged in the petroleum business, in Boston, till 1867, when he went to New York, and manufactured chemicals till 1871. Was in the same business in St. Louis till May, 1872, when he resumed it in New York. In 1877, published, in the New Jerusalem Magazine an article entitled "Science of Religion." Is a member of the American Chemical Society.

Married, in Yarmouthport, Mass., Sept 6, 1876, Julia Warth, daughter of Daniel and Maria Louisa (Warth) Michael.

Has two children: Theophilus, born June 20, 1877, and Geoffry, born September 5, 1879.

Address, 542 East 20th Street, New York.

PAUL, DANIEL WEBSTER. In the autumn of 1860, began reading law in the office of Edwin Edgerton, at Rutland, Vermont. Was admitted to the Bar of Rutland County, Vt., in 1863. Then formed a partnership with Mr. Edgerton, and practised law with him at Rutland until the summer of 1865. In December, 1865, went to St. Louis, Mo.,

where he has since remained, in the practice of his profession.  
Is A. M. of Harvard.

Has not married.

Address: St. Louis, Mo. (See appendix.)

\*PERKINS, WILLIAM EDWARD. Born in Boston, March 23, 1838; son of William and Catherine Callender (Amory) Perkins.

After graduation studied law in the office of Horace Gray, Jr., in Boston, till March, 1861, when he entered the Harvard Law School, graduating in 1862. Enlisted as private in Company F, Forty-fourth Mass. Vols., September 12, 1862, and was appointed Second Sergeant. Was commissioned Second Lieutenant in the Second Mass. Vols., January 26, 1863. Was wounded in the arm at the battle of Chancellorsville, May 3, 1863. In June, rejoined his regiment, and July 7, 1863, was promoted to First Lieutenant, and March 17, 1865, to Captain. Was mustered out of service with his regiment at Readville, July 14, 1865. In August, 1865, he sailed for Europe, and travelled in England, Scotland, France, Italy, Greece, Germany and Switzerland. He returned from Europe in the autumn of 1866, and at once entered the law office of John C. Ropes and John C. Gray, Jr., in Boston, where he read law, until, on October 8th, 1867, he was admitted to practice. He opened an office in Boston, and shared the usual experiences of young lawyers. Later, he felt himself drawn toward public life, for which he had a decided talent. In the years 1871, 1872 and 1873 he was a member of the Common Council of Boston. He was useful in all the departments of the work of municipal government to which he was called, but was specially active and successful in preventing and in discovering financial or other



irregularities. Here he accomplished some very useful work. Leaving the Common Council at the close of 1873, he next entered the Legislature, and was a member of the House in the years 1874 and 1875. Here again he made his mark as an able, efficient, clear-headed and right-minded man. Besides holding these offices, he was also active and of great service in the practical work of politics, both municipal and state. He was always ready to do his share of what had to be done, and his voice was always to be heard advocating the purer and better side of any question of party management. He had eminently the courage of his opinions, and he was very clear and firm in enunciating them. He always felt a strong interest in the militia, and was an officer of the Independent Corps of Cadets. He also kept up an accurate knowledge of the state of the militia throughout the commonwealth, and his minute and intelligent military criticisms were often printed in the newspapers of the day.

On January 5, 1879, he had a stroke of paralysis, which at once confined him to his bed, from which he never rose. His illness was short and painless. For a few days he retained his consciousness and interest in things about him; then he seemed either unconscious of or indifferent to whatever passed. Finally, on January 18, he died very peacefully and quietly; much respected, greatly beloved, and sincerely missed by all those who had had the privilege of knowing him well. He was an upright and useful man. To his friends he was attached with unaffected sincerity, and by them he will always be most affectionately remembered.

He did not marry.

\* PHILLIPS, CHARLES APPLETON. Born in Salem, Mass.; son of Hon. Stephen H. Phillips.

In the fall of 1860, was assistant in the office of the New York Evening Post. Then studied law in the office of Messrs. Owen, Gray & Owen, New York. In April, 1861, enlisted as a marine, and went out in steamer Cambridge, which was sent by the State of Massachusetts. Soon after, the Cambridge was transferred to the United States, and the marines mustered out. He then studied law in the office of his brother, Hon. Stephen H. Phillips, in Boston. Was commissioned Second Lieutenant in the Fifth Mass. Bat., October 23, 1861. Promoted July 13, 1862, to First Lieutenant; October 18, 1862, to Captain, and August 1, 1864, to Brevet-Major, United States Volunteers. Mustered out June 12, 1865. He took part in all the principal battles fought by the army of the Potomac; and though engaged in most dangerous service, was never wounded. After the war, entered into partnership with Daniel A. Gleason, which association continued until the spring of 1875. He then went west, intending to establish himself permanently. Two or three situations were tendered him, were examined and appeared unsatisfactory. He finally went to San Francisco, where his brother, Stephen H., was established in the practice of law; there made the engagements which took him to Virginia City, where he died in the early part of 1877. His reticence of feeling was very remarkable, and prevented his impressing people with the full weight of his ability and character until after a full acquaintance. His partner, Mr. Gleason, writes: "He was the most rapid and accurate worker in law matters that I ever knew. While we were associated, I had charge of a new edition of Bemier's Institutes, in which he assisted, and also of the last edition of Phillips' on Insurance, on which he did more than I, and I was constantly struck with the fullness and exhaustiveness of his work, and at the same time the extreme rapidity with

which it was accomplished." His last illness was very brief, only a matter of two or three days. He was among strangers, but met with kindly treatment, and was tenderly cared for.

He did not marry. (See appendix.)

**PRESBREY, SILAS DEAN.** Born in Taunton, October 19, 1838; son of Billings Troop and Clarissa Burt (Dean) Presbrey.

Has been in the practice of medicine in Taunton since graduation at the Harvard Medical School in the spring of 1865.

Was City Physician of Taunton from 1865 till January, 1870. Has been a member of the School Committee of Taunton for about eight years. Has been for three years a trustee of Bristol Academy. In July, 1877, was appointed one of the Medical Examiners of Bristol County, the appointment to last seven years. Was one of the founders and is now a member of the Massachusetts Medico-Legal Society, founded in October, 1877; and is at present president of the Board of Censors of the society.

Is a member of the Massachusetts Medical Society, and vice-president of the Winthrop Club of Taunton.

Published in Boston Medical and Surgical Journal, July 13, 1876, "Notes of a Successful Case of Extirpation of the Uterus with both Ovaries for Fibro-cystic Disease." Has degrees of A. M., H. U. 1863, M. D., H. U. 1865.

Married, October 1, 1863, Sarah Williams, daughter of Artemas and Susannah Shaw (Williams) Briggs, of Taunton.

Has three children: Clara Briggs, born August 26, 1864; Florence Nathalie, born August 20, 1869; Laura Edith, born August 24, 1871.

Address, Taunton, Mass.

\* ROGERS, WILLIAM MATTICKS. Born in Boston, October 26, 1838; son of Rev. Mr. and Adelia (Strong) Rogers.

Sailed a few days before Class Day, in 1860, to Spain, but soon went to Germany. He remained a short time in Stuttgart, and then went to Heidelberg, where he resided in the family of a German professor, and was matriculated as a student in the university. Upon hearing of the attack on Fort Sumpter, he immediately returned home, to enter the army. In September, 1861, he enlisted as a private in the Eighteenth Mass. Vols., where he had every reason to expect a commission.

He was made Quartermaster-sergeant, but gave up this position for that of orderly-sergeant of Company A, and afterwards became Sergeant-major of the regiment. He performed his duties faithfully and well; but hope deferred made the heart sick, and wore upon the physical frame. At the close of the Seven Days' retreat from Richmond, in June, 1862, Rogers was a patient in the hands of the hospital surgeon. In the turmoil and confusion of the time, he was deprived for twenty-four hours of medical attendance, in the very height of a malarious fever. When the surgeon came again it was too late. The fever had done its work.

His body was buried in the field where he died, but in January, 1866, it was disinterred and brought to Boston for burial.

This is indeed a short, sad record of one of the truest heroes we have lost. I\* well remember meeting him in camp in Virginia, in the winter of 1861-2, and was deeply impressed by his patient and manly resignation to the uncon-

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\*.Spaulding.

genial duties of his position. He felt a keen disappointment in not receiving the promotion which had been almost, if not fully, assured to him; yet quietly and faithfully he did the work assigned him. He was fitted to command, and for the companionship of those in command; and had he been given the position he deserved, would have won distinction in his military career. But none the less, rather all the more, was he a martyr in the cause of his country. His memory will be fondly cherished by us all, for his firm and consistent character, his faithfulness to his friends, his devotion to duty, and his fervent patriotism.

RUSSELL, HENRY STURGIS. Born in Dorchester, Mass., June 21, 1838; son of George Robert and Sarah Parkman (Shaw) Russell.

Was in business in Boston till April 20, 1861, when he was sent on duty with the Fourth Battalion Mass. Volunteer Militia to Fort Independence. Was commissioned First Lieutenant in the Second Mass. Vols., May 25, 1861. December 13, was made Captain. At the battle of Cedar Mountain, Va., August 9, 1862, was taken prisoner and sent to Richmond. Was paroled and exchanged November 15, 1862, and immediately rejoined his regiment. January 22, 1863, was commissioned Lieutenant-Colonel of the Second Mass. Cavalry. April 5, 1864, was made Colonel of the Fifth Mass. Cavalry. Was wounded in shoulder, June 15, 1864, before Petersburg, and was off duty three months. February 15, 1865, was honorably discharged. Received brevet of Brigadier-General U. S. Vols. June 1, 1865, became a partner in the firm of Messrs. J. M. Forbes & Co., China merchants, No. 36 City Exchange, Boston, remaining there six years. January 9, 1866, was appointed Lieutenant



Colonel and Aide-de-camp to Governor Bullock, of Massachusetts, and May 8, was promoted to Colonel.

Has been member of School Committee two years, Selectman of Milton six years, and from July, 1878, to March, 1880, Chairman of the Board of Police Commissioners in Boston. Since leaving business has been engaged in farming and stock raising. Is now President of the Continental Telephone Company.

Was married, May 6, 1863, by Rev. J. H. Morison, to Mary Hathaway, daughter of John Murray and Sarah Swain (Hathaway) Forbes, of Milton, Mass.

Has had six children: . James Savage, born March 8, 1864; Ellen Forbes, born October 30, 1865; Mary Forbes, born April 26, 1869; Margaret, born July 10, 1871, died February 27, 1872; Howland Shaw, born July 27, 1873; Anna, born August 29, 1875.

Address, Home Farm, Milton, Mass.

SCOTT, HENRY BRUCE. Born in Peru, Indiana, March 15, 1839; son of Benjamin Homans and Sarah Tufts (Carlisle) Scott.

After graduation, studied law at Cambridge, from September, 1860, to January, 1862, when he was commissioned as Second Lieutenant in the Second Massachusetts Infantry, and assigned to Company F, C. R. Mudge, Captain; R. G. Shaw, First Lieutenant. July 17, 1862, was appointed Captain and Assistant Adjutant-General of volunteers, and assigned to duty on the staff of Brigadier-General George H. Gordon. In 1864 was appointed Major of the Fourth Massachusetts Cavalry. In April, 1865, was promoted to Lieutenant-Colonel. In November, 1865, was mustered out, and in December went to Florida, and was engaged for four years in planting cotton.

In 1869 removed to Cincinnati in charge of a manufacturing company of agricultural implements; and 1871, to Burlington, Iowa, where he has since remained in charge of the new towns on the line of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad.

Married, June 20, 1872, at Staten Island, N. Y., Leonora, daughter of Christopher Pease and Elizabeth DeWitt Cranch.

Has three children: George Cranch, born July 17th, 1874; Henry Russell, born November 19, 1875; Sarah Carlisle, born March 9, 1877. *Richard Gordon, born July 25 1880*

Address, Burlington, Iowa.

\* SHAW, ROBERT GOULD. Born in Boston, October 10, 1837; son of Francis George and Sarah Blake (Sturgis) Shaw.

Left college in March, 1859, to go into business in New York. Resided at Staten Island till April 19, 1861, when he enlisted as a private in the New York Seventh Regiment. Was commissioned Second Lieutenant in the Second Mass. Vols., May 28, 1861, and was promoted to First Lieutenant, July 8, 1861, and to Captain, August 10, 1862. He took part in all the battles in which the regiment was engaged, and at Cedar Mountain served as aide to General George H. Gordon. Early in 1863 Governor Andrew offered him the Colonelcy of the first colored regiment to be raised in Massachusetts. He at first declined on the ground that he felt he had not ability enough for the undertaking; soon after, however, he accepted the appointment, and his commission as Colonel of the Fifty-fourth Mass. Vols. bears date of April 17, 1863. At this time, he wrote, "What I shall have to do is to prove that the negro can be a good soldier. I shall not be frightened out of it by its unpopularity." The regiment left Boston, May 28.

June 1, 1863, he wrote, "The more I think of the passage of the Fifty-fourth through Boston, the more wonderful it seems to me. . . . Truly I ought to be thankful for all my happiness and success in life so far; and if the raising of colored troops prove such a benefit to the country and to the black, . . . I shall thank God a thousand times that I was led to take my share in it."

His confidence in his men was increased by every day's experience of their soldierly qualities, but he expressed the strongest desire to have them "fight alongside of white soldiers, and show to somebody besides their officers what stuff they were made of." The valor of his men in the desperate conflict of Fort Wagner answered his highest expectations. He fell at the very entrance of the fort. He was buried with his men in the trench just beyond the ditch of the fortress.

To his classmates, this brief memoir will serve to present the outlines of his military career; he needs no eulogy here, for he has won a world-wide fame. His memory belongs to his country, and is enshrined in the hearts of the race for whose deliverance he gave his life; but whenever his name is mentioned and his heroic services are praised, each of us will say with pride, as we recall his manly virtues, "He was my classmate."

In 1873 the faculty voted him the degree of A. B., so that, though leaving college before graduation, his name appears on the list of the class in the Quinquennial Catalogue.

Married, in New York, May 2, 1863, Anna Kneeland, daughter of Ogden and Elizabeth (Kneeland) Haggerty.

He left no children.

Her address is in care of Francis G. Shaw, West New Brighton, Staten Island.

SHERWIN, THOMAS. Born in Boston, July 11, 1839; son of Thomas and Mary King (Gibbens) Sherwin.

Was master of the Houghton High School, in Bolton, Mass., till May, 1861, when he was chosen Captain of the company raised in Lancaster, Bolton and Harvard, which became part of the Fifteenth Regiment Mass. Vols. The Colonel of this regiment attempting to displace him in favor of an officer of his own choice, the company refused to serve under the latter, and was disbanded. On October 1, 1861, was appointed Adjutant of the Twenty-second Mass. Vols., which joined Porter's Division, afterwards the Fifth Corps, Army of the Potomac, and was mustered out at the expiration of the term of service, October 17, 1864. Was wounded at Gaines' Mills, Va., June 17, 1862, which occasioned absence from the regiment for about two months. Was commissioned Major, June 18, 1862; Lieutenant-Colonel, October 17, 1862; Colonel, U. S. Vols., by brevet, "for gallant services at the battle of Peebles' Farm, Virginia," and Brigadier-General, U. S. Vols., by brevet, "for distinguished gallantry at the battle of Gettysburg, and for gallant and meritorious services during the war," September 30, 1864. Commanded the regiment during most of the campaigns of the Army of the Potomac in 1863 and 1864, and for a short time acted as Division Inspector, First Division, Fifth Army Corps.

In 1865 and 1866 was a teacher in the English High School, Boston, of which his father, Thomas Sherwin, A. M., (H. U. 1825), was for more than thirty years the head master. In June, 1866, was appointed Deputy Surveyor of the port of Boston, and resigned August, 1875, to take the office of City Collector of Boston, which he now holds. Lived in Dedham until August, 1875, and since that time in Jamaica Plain, Boston.

Married, in Keene, N. H., January 18, 1870, Isabel Fiske, daughter of Thomas McKay and Mary Fiske Edwards.

Has four children: Eleanor, born February 14, 1871; Thomas Edwards, born May 15, 1872; Mary King, born September 16, 1874; Robert Waterston, born March 3, 1878.

Address, Boston, Mass. *Anna Isabel, born Sept 9, 1880*

SHIPPEN, JOSEPH. Born in Meadville, Pennsylvania, September 10, 1839; son of Henry and Elizabeth Walter (Evans) Shippen.

Entered Harvard College, September, 1857, as Sophomore. After graduation taught a classical school at Meadville, and studied law two years, and was admitted to the bar in August, 1862. Held a special appointment under the Governor of Pennsylvania to obtain information as to sick and wounded Pennsylvania soldiers. Was connected with the U. S. Sanitary Commission about one year, during a portion of which he organized and superintended its Western Pennsylvania Branch. Taught in the High School at Worcester, Mass., one year. Practised law at Meadville, and afterwards in St. Louis, and is now practising in New York City. Is a member of the Harvard Club of New York. Is A. M. of Harvard.

Married, in Boston, May 5, 1870, Elizabeth Jones, daughter of Dr. Charles F. and Lydia (Jones) Winslow.

Has three children: Joseph Franklin, born at St. Louis, Missouri, August 17, 1871; Kathleen Maud, born at St. Louis, December 19, 1873; Bertha, born at St. Louis, October, 17, 1876.

Address, 48 Wall Street, New York.

\*SKINNER, BENJAMIN SMITH. Was at home in Hertford, N. C., till the breaking out of the war. Was then commissioned as Captain in a North Carolina regiment. In the winter of 1862-3 was taken prisoner, together with



Captain Thomas D. Jones, and brought to New Berne, N. C. Upon their release the two prisoners were escorted beyond the lines by their old friend and classmate, Captain Lewis William Tappan, of the Forty-fifth Mass. Vols.

He was killed at the battle of Reams' Station, August 25, 1864. He was buried at Opequan, Va. His sister, Mrs Thomas D. Jones, writes: "He always remembered his college friends and classmates with interest and love. I think his affection for them could never have ceased except with his life." Efforts to procure further information have been unsuccessful.

He is believed to have been unmarried.

\* SMITH, ADDISON GILBERT. Born at Stowe, Mass., July 1, 1829; son of Oliver and Selina E. (Hixon) Smith.

Was principal of the academy in Westford, Mass., for a year after graduation. In the fall of 1861, taught a select school in Warwick, R. I. In the winter of 1861-2, taught a grammar school in South Orange, N. J., and in February, 1862, re-opened his school in Warwick. In April he was attacked with congestion of the lungs, and was never afterwards in strong health. Was at home in Berlin, Mass., in the summer of 1862, and in the fall went to South Dansville, N. Y. Spent six months at the water-cure establishment, but left it in poorer health than when he went there. In January, 1864, interested himself in collecting funds for the Pilgrim monument at Plymouth. In the summer of 1865 took the census and industrial statistics of Berlin. In the winter of 1865-6 was active in securing subscriptions for Higginson's "Harvard Memorial Biographies," and during the following spring for Greeley's "American Conflict."

In September, 1866, took charge of the Houghton High School in Bolton, Mass., where he remained two years, when

his term expired, the school being maintained in part by an endowment, with the condition attached that no teacher should continue in charge longer than two years. Taught for a short time in Princeton, Mass., and in the spring of 1869 took charge of the High School in Kingston, Mass., for one year; next year taught the High School in Upton, Mass., in 1871, a select school in Kingston; and during the winter of 1872-3, the High School in Shrewsbury, Mass. His health had been delicate during all these years, necessitating frequent intervals of rest. In the spring of 1873, was obliged to give up his profession altogether, and from that time until his death, November 16, 1874, lived in Berlin with his sister, Mrs. Sarah J. Sawyer. He retained always a strong interest in his classmates, of whose success and usefulness he often spoke with pleasure. Was A. M. of Harvard.

He did not marry.

SPAULDING, HENRY GEORGE. Born in Spencer, Mass., May 28, 1837; son of Reuben and Electa Goodenough (Clark) Spaulding.

Was private tutor, residing in Baltimore, Md., and Newport, R. I., till September, 1862. Then entered the service of the United States Sanitary Commission. Was in Maryland after the battle of Antietam, and in the Washington hospitals at the Convalescent Camp, Alexandria, Va., at New Berne, N. C., and Beaufort, S. C. Returned to Cambridge in May, 1863, and in September entered the Theological School. Took the Bowdoin prize for resident graduates in 1864. Contributed an article to the Continental Monthly for July, 1863, entitled "Under the Palmetto," giving the words and music of several of the "shout-songs" of the freedmen. Has written a number of articles and reviews upon literary and theological sub-

jects for the Unitarian Monthly Journal, the Christian Examiner, the Old and New, and the Unitarian Review. His latest contribution of this nature is an article upon "Roman Archæology," in the American Art Review for January, 1880. Took charge of the First Parish Church (Unitarian) in Framingham, Mass., February 19, 1868. From February, to September, 1872, was in Europe. Was settled over the Third Religious Society in Boston, (Dorchester District), in October, 1873, and resigned in September, 1877, to devote himself to educational lectures. His first course of twelve illustrated lectures upon "Pagan and Christian Rome" was delivered before the Lowell Institute in Boston, in March and April, 1875. Two years later a second course was given before the same Institute upon "Roman Life and Art in the First Century." Both these courses have been several times repeated in Boston, and have been delivered at the Peabody Institute, Baltimore, at some of the leading colleges and private schools of the country, and in nearly every important educational centre in the Eastern States.

Married, November 5, 1867, Lucy Warland, daughter of Dr. Sylvanus and Mary Bell (Warland) Plympton, of Cambridge, Mass.

Has two children: Henry Plympton, born September 16, 1868, in Cambridge; Elizabeth Bell, born December 6, 1871, in Framingham, Mass.

Address, Springfield, Mass.

STEARNS, JOHN WILLIAM. Born in Sturbridge, Mass., August 10, 1829; son of Orrin Orlando and Nancy Crawford (Valentine) Stearns.

For nearly a year after leaving college taught in the State Normal School, at Winona, Minn. In 1865 went to the

University of Chicago, as tutor in Latin, and was appointed Professor two years later. Resigned, June 30, 1874, to accept the position of Director of the National Normal School, to be founded in Tucuman, in the Argentine Republic. Left New York, August 1, 1874, and after spending a little over three weeks in Scotland and England sailed from Liverpool for Buenos Ayres, September 18, 1874, in the steamship "Liguria." After touching at Bordeaux, Canil, Vigo, Lisbon, Rio Janeiro and Montevideo, reached Buenos Ayres, October 8. Was sent to Pavaria, where a Normal School was already established, in order to learn the language, and five months later was put temporarily in charge of that school. In July, 1875, reached Tucuman, and immediately began work. The school grew to be very large and successful, but in February, 1878, he was obliged to resign on account of the malaria, which rendered him unfit for work. Sailed from Buenos Ayres for Marseilles, on February 20; thence on the Mediterranean to Genoa, Leghorn and Naples, and thence northward to Rome, Florence, Pisa, Milan and Lake Como, crossing the Alps over the Splügen pass, visiting Zurich, Freiburg, Heidelberg, Mannheim, Cologne and Paris, where he spent a month and attended the International Exposition. He then went to London, and after three weeks spent in England, sailed for America, July 3. Was made President of the State Normal School, at Whitewater, Wis., August 9, in which position he still remains. Is A. M. of Harvard, 1866, and LL. D. of the University of Chicago, 1877. Published "Homer and his Heroines," in the North American Review, July, 1860; "The Miltonic Deity," in the Christian Review in 1864; "The Emperor, or Marcus Aurelius," in the Baptist Quarterly, in 1873, etc.

Married, in Winona, Minn., September 18, 1861, Florence Ella, daughter of David and Sarah D. Blood.

Has had four children: Eugene V., born April 23, 1864, died August 23, 1864; Frederick William, born December 6, 1867; Florence Augusta, born June 16, 1870; Harold, born March 13, 1876, died November 28, 1877.

Address, Whitewater, Wisconsin.

STEVENS, CHARLES WISTAR. Born in Marlow, N. H., August 3, 1836; son of Thomas Jefferson and Abigail (Baker) Stevens.

After graduation became Spanish correspondent for Wright and Mace, New York, remaining there till June, 1861, when he sailed for Queenstown. Was several months in Ireland, being at the lakes of Killarney at the time of the visit of the royal family there. Then went to Liverpool and became sub-master of Rockferry Academy. Entered the Paris Ecole de Medicine in 1864, graduating in 1868. Returned home in April, 1868, and began the practice of medicine in Charlestown, Mass. In 1870 graduated from the Harvard Medical School. In 1872 was made City Physician of Charlestown, and in 1874, Physician to the Board of Overseers of the Poor, of Boston.

Has published articles as follows: "Up the Hudson," three articles in the Saturday Evening Gazette, August 1859; "The Three Cities of Paris," in the Christian Times, April 27, 1865; "Some of My Patients," a series of sketches in April and May, 1880, in the Bunker Hill Times, and some professional articles.

Married, in Paris, May 27, 1864, Meline, daughter of Captain Alexander and Angélique (Lavigne) Lallier.

Has had three children: Emmeline Annie, born in Paris, July 1, 1865, died January 7, 1866; Charlotte Meline, born



in Paris, January 13, 1868; Alfreda, born in Charlestown, Mass., April 7, 1869, died October 1, 1869.

Address, Charlestown, Mass.

STOKES, EDWARD FORD. Born in Greenville County, S. C.; son of Hugh and Mary Ford (Thompson) Stokes. His mother is a niece of Chancellor Waddy Thompson.

Was at home in Greenville, S. C., till October 1, 1860, when he entered the University of Virginia as a law student. Here he remained "till the tocsin of war was sounded." He then returned home and enlisted as a private in the Brooks Troop, the first cavalry company which was received into Wade Hampton's Legion. He remained with the legion till the last year of the war, when his company formed part of the First South Carolina Cavalry, under Colonel (afterwards General) Butler. He was commissioned First Lieutenant, in April, 1861, and held this position till the close of the war. He writes: "After General Lee's surrender, my regiment, which was with General Bragg, was furloughed indefinitely. It has not been called together again." Is A. M. of Harvard.

He studied law after the war, and has been very successful. All will be gratified to see by the following extract from the Abbeville Medium, how high a position our classmate has taken in his native state.

"When we were in Greenville last week we had the pleasure of meeting Colonel Edward F. Stokes, a leading lawyer of that city and indeed the best constitutional lawyer in the State. He was looking well, and is the happiest indication of good times that we have seen. Colonel Stokes would make a capital member of Congress."

The gallant Colonel declines to give his age, as he is still unmarried, but is believed to be over thirty.

SWAN, CHARLES WALTER. Born in Lowell, Mass., February 6, 1838; son of Joshua and Olive (Jones) Swan.

Studied medicine in the Harvard Medical School till June 11, 1862. Then till July 6, served as ward-master on the hospital transport Daniel Webster, engaged in transferring sick and wounded soldiers from Virginia to New York. From September 11 to December 10, 1862, was contract surgical dresser at the Emory General Hospital, Washington, D. C. Then resumed attendance at the Medical School; and March 29, 1863, was elected house-pupil in the Medical Department of the Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston. Received the degree of M. D., at Commencement, 1863, and July 21, became Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. A., serving for five months at the General Hospital, Readville, Mass. Was appointed pathologist to the Boston City Hospital, July 26, and entered upon the duties of the office in December, commencing at the same time the practice of medicine, in Boston. In 1865 was elected a member of the Boston Society of Natural History, of the Suffolk District Medical Society, of the Boston Society for Medical Observation, and the Boston Medical Association. Was appointed one of the physicians to the Channing Home, April 22, 1865. Was pathologist to the Boston City Hospital, from 1864 to 1868; and physician to out-patients; from 1866 to 1869. In the year 1867-8, was president of the Boylston Medical Society of the Harvard Medical School. Was Secretary of the Suffolk District Medical Society, from 1866 to 1868; and Commissioner of Trials, 1875, et seq. In the Massachusetts Medical Society was Recording Secretary, from 1868 to 1873; Corresponding Secretary and Councillor, 1873, et seq. Was Recording Secretary of The Obstetrical Society of Boston, 1874, et seq. Was one of the Physicians to

the Channing Home, Boston, 1865—70. Was in Europe, from September, 1868, till May 6, 1869, passing the winter in Italy. Has been Medical Examiner of the Boston branch of the New York Life Insurance Company, since February, 1870. Was one of the Commissioners in a Report (City Document No. 102,) of the Medical Commission upon the Sanitary Qualities of the Sudbury, Mystic, Shawshine and Charles River Waters, 1874. Is A. M. of Harvard.

Married, June 24, 1869, Harriet Winchester, daughter of the late Chevalier Thomas Nicolaus de Karajan, of Dresden, Saxony, and Harriet Raymond (Mears), of Boston.

Has two children: Marion Nickerson, born March 18, 1870; and Walter Buckingham, born July 13, 1871.

Address, 32 Worcester Street, Boston, Mass.

TAPPAN, LEWIS WILLIAM. Born in Boston, Mass., February 16, 1840; son of Lewis William and Mary Coffin (Swift) Tappan.

Went to Europe in October, 1860, and studied law and languages at Göttingen. Returned to Boston, October, 1861. Studied law in an office and at the Harvard Law School until May, 1862. Was commissioned First Lieutenant, Forty-fifth Mass. Vols., October 8, 1862, and Captain, October 14. Served in North Carolina. Was mustered out with the regiment, July 17, 1863. Was United States Consul at Batavia, Java, from November, 1863, to July, 1866. Has since been interested in manufactures and railroads. Is a member of the American Bureau of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and director of various charitable corporations.

Married, in Boston, March 17, 1870, Olivia Buckminster, daughter of Rev. Dr. Samuel Kirkland and Mary Lyman

(Buckminster) Lothrop, of Boston. She died March 10, 1878.

Has had three children : Mary Lyman Buckminster, born December 31, 1870, died March 23, 1875 ; an infant son, born June 15, 1875, died June 22, 1875 ; Olivia Buckminster, born September 1, 1876.

Address, Milton, Mass., or P. O. Box 1267, Boston, Mass.

THOMAS, JAMES BOURNE FREEMAN. Born in Boston, October 29, 1839 ; son of Seth James and Ann Maria (Stoddard) Thomas.

Studied law with his father, in Boston, till March 1, 1861, when he entered the Harvard Law School, and remained there till March, 1862. Then entered his father's office and was admitted to the bar, February 26, 1863 ; since when he has been engaged in the practice of his profession in Boston.

Has not married.

Address : 46 Court Street, Boston.

TOWLE, JAMES AUGUSTUS. Born at Albany, N. Y., October 5, 1839 ; son of John D. and Cornelia (Shields) Towle.

Was at home in Newton till April 7, 1861, when he took charge of the High School in East Randolph, Mass. Resigned on account of ill health, in March, 1863. Entered the law office of Ranney & Morse, Boston, March 30. Was afterwards a delegate of the Christian Commission, and served in the Washington hospitals and at Gettysburg. Returned home, July 22, and October 7, went to St. Paul, Minnesota, where he was employed as civil engineer by the Minnesota Central Railroad. Returned to Boston in November, 1864, and was appointed Assistant United States Assessor, May 8, 1865, serving for two months, and then resigned. Was then

a clerk of the New England Glass Company for several months. Entered the Andover Theological Seminary, September, 1866, and graduated, July, 1869. Preached during 1871, at Ashtabula, Ohio, where he was ordained. In the spring of 1872 took charge of the Congregational Church in Northfield, Minnesota, where he remained three years. In 1876 was appointed Professor of Greek in Ripon College, Ripon, Wisconsin, where he still remains.

Married, November 30, 1870, at Painmill, Ohio, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of Silas T. and Elizabeth (Williams) Ladd.

Has two children: Herbert Ladd, born September 19, 1874; Elizabeth Williams, born March 11, 1876.

Address, Ripon, Wisconsin.

WADE, LEWIS WALTER CLIFFORD. Born in Providence, R. I., November 3, 1839; son of Eben and Sarah (Clifford) Wade.

After graduation studied a year in the Harvard Law School, and nearly three years in the office of Fessenden and Butler, Portland, Me. In April 20, 1864, was admitted to the bar. In 1865, left the law and entered the counting house of John D. Lord, to acquire a mercantile education. Spent the winter of 1866 in Havana, Cuba, and returned in the spring of 1867. Remained idle in Portland, until September, 1868, when he became musical and dramatic editor of the Portland Daily Press, and in the following November was made city editor. Was offered a position on the New York Tribune, but declined. Became the correspondent of the Boston Herald for Portland, and held the position until the office was abolished in 1878, and now executes what special work the Herald requires there. When the Boston Daily



Globe was first started, was its Portland correspondent, but resigned after the character of the paper changed. Has written mostly articles and essays, among which may be mentioned, "The Peabody Ceremonies," (reported in 1870 for the Boston Traveller, the Boston Transcript, and the Portland Daily Press,) and the "History of the Portland and Ogdensburgh Railroad." In May, 1871, resigned his position on the Press on account of ill health, and in the winter revisited Cuba and returned in the spring. In March, 1872, accepted the position of city editor, with the departments of music and the drama, on the Daily Advertiser. Remained with the Advertiser until December, 1878, when, at the urgent request of the publishers of the Press he resumed his old position on that journal, which he still retains. Has been clerk of the Portland Common Council since 1877. Is A. M. of Harvard.

Married, November 15, 1866, Almira Isabel, oldest daughter of William Foy and Almira (Stodder) Safford, of Portland.

Has had no children.

Address, Portland Press, Maine.

WADSWORTH, ALEXANDER FAIRFIELD. Born in Boston, January 28, 1840; son of Alexander and Mary Elizabeth Hubbard (Fairfield) Wadsworth.

Studied law after graduation. Was admitted to practice in the Superior Court of Suffolk County, Mass., November 21, 1863. Is also interested in publishing the Worcester Gazette. Travelled in Europe in 1870, visiting England, France, Belgium, Holland, Germany, Austria, Switzerland and Italy. Was Justice of the Peace from 1864 to 1871, and in 1878, and member of the Boston Common Council in 1875. Is A. M. and LL. B. of Harvard. Is a member of the Union Club of Boston.

Married, October 12, 1876, Lucy, daughter of Ozias and Lucy Newell (Chapman) Goodwin, of Boston.

Has had no children.

Address, 62 Devonshire Street, Boston.

WADSWORTH, OLIVER FAIRFIELD. Born April 26, 1838; son of Alexander and Mary Elizabeth Hubbard (Fairfield) Wadsworth.

After graduation was in and near Denver City, Colorado, farming part of the time, till December, 1861, when he returned to Boston. Began the study of medicine in the Harvard Medical School in March, 1862, graduating in 1865. Is A. M. of Harvard. Was commissioned Assistant Surgeon of the Fifth Mass. Cavalry, April 7, 1865, and served in Virginia and in Texas, in the latter place upon General Wright's staff. Was mustered out with the regiment, October 31, 1865. Received the brevet of Captain. Began the practice of medicine in Boston, November, 1865.

Was Assistant Editor of the Boston Medical and Surgical Journal during 1868. Went to Europe to study, February 1, 1869, and returned in November, 1870, having spent most of the time in Germany and Switzerland. Has been since practising in Boston as an oculist. Has been Ophthalmic Surgeon in the Boston City Hospital since November 22, 1870, and Ophthalmic Surgeon to out-patients of the Massachusetts General Hospital since February, 1874. Is a member of various medical societies, including the International Periodic Congress of Ophthalmology and the Heidelberg Ophthalmologische Gesellschaft.

Married, in Boston, April 16, 1867, Mary Chapman, daughter of Ozias and Lucy Newell (Chapman) Goodwin.

Has five children : Oliver Fairfield, born January 23, 1868 ;

Lucy Goodwin, born August 17, 1869; Elizabeth Fairfield, born August 25, 1871; Richard Goodwin, born June 30, 1874; Eliot, born September 10, 1876. *Philip born Jan 13 1877*

Address, 139 Boylston Street, Boston, Mass.

\* WALKER, JAMES BRYANT. Born in Cincinnati, January 5, 1841; son of Timothy (H. U., 1826) and Eleanor Page (Wood) Walker.

After graduation was in the Harvard Law School for a year, then returned to Cincinnati, and December 10, 1861, enlisted as a private in Company E, Twentieth Ohio Vols. He passed through every intermediate grade of promotion, and September 29, 1862, was commissioned Captain and Assistant Adjutant-General. He served on the staff of Brigadier-General Manning F. Force, (H. U. 1845,) until July 22, 1864, when both his general and himself fell before Atlanta. He was dangerously wounded in the right thigh. He was discharged from the army, April 14, 1865, on account of this wound, from which he never recovered. He never regained his strength, but was time after time confined to his bed, and compelled to submit to several surgical operations, the last in October, 1874, with the vain hope of saving his life. His work was therefore done under disadvantages that would have crushed a weak man, and yet was such, that, at the bar meeting in Cincinnati after his death, one speaker said of him, "He toiled steadily, and men began to see what was in him. As city solicitor he met the leaders of the bar, and he forced their respect. He occupied the bench in this court-room, and he filled it with honor. He was called to a chair in the Law School, and no student absented himself from his lectures. He was engaged by law publishers to prepare digests and revisions, and in his short career was becoming

to be felt as a power in the community. If he had had the ordinary length of days, he would have been a power at our bar, a teacher of law of repute, and a writer of commentaries that would be a standard. He saw eminence, distinction, honors before him."

He was admitted to the bar in Cincinnati, in May, 1865, was appointed Assistant City Solicitor, April, 1866, and after three years' service in that office, elected Solicitor, in April, 1869. Served two years, and then resumed general practice. In January, 1872, was appointed by the Governor of Ohio to a vacancy on the bench of the Superior Court of Cincinnati, a position that peculiarly suited his ability and temperament. Served until the expiration of the term in the following April, but was not nominated by his party for a second term, and steadfastly resisted the urgent and numerous solicitations that he should be an independent candidate. He was always a close student, and amid his interrupted labors found time to prepare a volume on the "Law of Municipal Corporations in the State of Ohio," published by Robert Clarke & Co., Cincinnati, 1871; and to revise and enlarge two editions of his father's well-known work, "Introduction to American Law," published by Little, Brown & Co., Boston, 1861 and 1874. In connection with Clement Bates, (H. U. 1868,) he also prepared his greatest literary work, "The Ohio Digest," which he left sufficiently advanced at his death, to be published in two large volumes in 1875. In May, 1872, he was made professor of Equity in the Law School of the Cincinnati College, and was soon afterwards made the Dean of the faculty. His powers of organization were immediately made manifest in the school. His death was regarded as a public calamity, and called out many and warm expressions of respect and admiration. His loss was more generally and deeply felt than that

of any man in Cincinnati since. His ability, his devotion to duty, his self-possession, his strong and sure judgment, his purity, his high honor, and his delicate sense of responsibility made him the model of a public officer, and evoked the high eulogy of another of the mourners at the bar meeting after his death, when he said, "If all public officers were like him, we should have in this country realized now the Utopia, which is the mere fancy of the novelist and the poet." These are extravagant words, but best serve to show the hold which Walker had acquired on the confidence of the people of his native city. They trusted him because they found he was in every way trustworthy, and in this sentence is epitomized the life of the man. His wife survives him with his three children, and is now living with them in Northampton, Massachusetts.

Married, in New York, September 19, 1866, Frances Higginson, daughter of the Rev. James Higginson and Matilda (Degen) Tyng.

Had three children: Russell Tyng, born August 27, 1867; Frederick Bryant, born January 6, 1869; Maria Bartholow, born January 30, 1874. *Died in Cincinnati Dec 30, 1874*

WARREN, GEORGE WILLIS. Born in Boston, February 13, 1841; son of George Washington and Harriet Atwood (Willis) Warren.

Was abroad from November, 1860, till July, 1861. Travelled through France, Italy, Germany, Holland, Belgium, and England. Resided two months at Rome, studied Italian at Florence, and German at Vienna, Dresden, and Berlin. In September, 1861, was appointed sub-master of the Charlestown High School and resigned in September, 1863, entering the Newton Theological Institution, for the purpose of



studying Greek and Hebrew under Professor Hackett. Attended Professor Park's lectures on Theology, at Andover, 1864. The next year assisted Professor J. H. Thayer in translating a German work on exegesis. Has taught in Miss Porter's school in Farmington, Conn., since October 1, 1877. Is A. M. of Harvard.

Has not married.

Address, Farmington, Conn.

WASHBURN, EMORY. Son of Prof. Emory Washburn, deceased, late of Harvard College.

Studied law in the office of Devens & Hoar in Worcester till March 1, 1861, when he entered the Harvard Law School, graduating in 1862. Was commissioned First Lieutenant in the Thirty-ninth Mass. Vols., August 25, 1862. Was Adjutant of the regiment, and afterwards on General Devens' staff. Discharged on resignation, January 24, 1863. Entered the law office of Hutchins & Wheeler, Boston, May 6, 1863. Was admitted to the bar in 1864. Has been since 1865 (probably) a resident of Chicago, practising law. Is even more recalcitrant than Weed and Haseltine, as he absolutely declines to furnish any information, after repeated applications, both by letter and in person. Is A. M. of Harvard.

Has not married.

Address, 108 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Illinois.

WEBBER, SAMUEL GILBERT. Born in Boston, Mass., July 24, 1838; son of Aaron Dalton and Maria (Gilbert) Webber.

After graduation, studied medicine in the Harvard Medical School. Received his degree in 1865. In the spring of 1862 was examined for admission as Assistant Surgeon U. S. N., passing second of fifty examined, and was commissioned May 22, 1862. Was on the receiving-ship "Ohio," at the Boston Navy Yard, for a few weeks, and then attached to the Navy

Yard until December 1, when he was ordered to the steamer Rhode Island. This vessel was in service along the Atlantic coast for a few months, towing monitors and carrying despatches, and was towing the original Monitor when she sank in a gale off Cape Hatteras, on the night of December 31, 1862. The Rhode Island was afterwards sent to the West Indies to hunt for the Alabama, and was a large part of the time employed as convoy to the California Mail Steamers, also visiting various ports in the West Indies. In March, 1864, the ship returned to Boston, when he was detached from duty thereon.

Was ordered to the monitor Chineo, in Boston Harbor, June 7, and on June 16 to the monitor Nahant, which was on blockade duty off Charleston, and continued on board this vessel till his resignation at the close of the war, April 10, 1865. Began the practice of his profession in Boston, May 12, 1865. Went to Europe to study in September, 1866. spending most of his time in Germany, especially in Vienna, where he staid five months, subsequently travelling for a short time, and returning home in June, 1867.

His practice has gradually changed from a general one so as to be almost exclusively in diseases of the nervous system. Was appointed Instructor for Nervous Diseases, in the Harvard Medical School, in 1875. In 1878 was made Visiting Physician to the Department for Nervous Diseases at the City Hospital, and Consulting Physician to the Carney Hospital, and, in 1880, Consulting Physician to the Adams Nervine Asylum.

In 1866 received the Boylston prize for an essay on Cerebro-spinal Meningitis, which was published in the Boston Medical and Surgical Journal, and subsequently reprinted. Has also published about fifty other articles and essays mostly

in connection with his specialty of Nervous Diseases. In Ziemssen's Cyclopædia of the Practice of Medicine (translated), wrote the sections upon Hypertrophy and Atrophy of the Brain, in Vol. XII., also upon Tetanus, Catalepsy, Tremor and Paralysis Agitans, in Vol. XIV.

Was married, April 13, 1864, by Rev. A. R. Baker, to Nancy Pope, daughter of Josiah Dunham and Sarah Haskell (Southworth) Sturtevant, of Roxbury, Mass.

Has had <sup>3</sup>one-child: Henry Dalton, born August 10, 1871, died August 20, 1872. *Maria Gilbert, born July 6, 1866*  
*Sarah Southworth, born March 1868*

Address, 36 Boylston Street, Boston, Mass.

WEED, JOSEPH DUNNING. Born in Savannah, Ga., March 15, 1839; son of Henry Davis and Sarah M. (Dunning) Weed.

Was mostly in Europe during the war, and has also travelled in South America. In 1865 he went into business with his father, in Savannah, in the importation of iron and coffee, in which he is at present engaged. His father died in 1875, and he is now the head of the firm of Weed & Cornwell. Is one of the Committee from Savannah to the World's Fair, to be held in New York in 1883, and a Commissioner of the City Bonds.

Married, June 20, 1867, Sarah Fanny, daughter of William and Sarah Mytton (Hughes) Maury, of Liverpool, England.

Has four children: Gertrude, Josephine Dunning, William Maury and Henry Davis.

Feels like Haseltine, and writes: "I do not see any necessity of giving dates of birth of all my children. I do not like being read up any way."

Address, Savannah, Ga.

WELD, FRANCIS MINOT. Born in Dalton, N. H., January 17, 1840; son of Thomas Swan and Sarah Fitch (Sumner) Weld.

Studied medicine in the Harvard Medical School, from September, 1860, till May 3, 1862, when he received an appointment as Medical Cadet, U. S. A., and served in the Post Hospital at Grafton, W. Va., and also with the Sixth West Virginia Vols. In June, received commission as Assistant Surgeon, U. S. N., bearing date of May 22, and was ordered to the Naval Hospital, Chelsea, Mass. Was detached, January 14, 1863, and ordered to the iron-clad monitor Nantucket, then fitting out at East Boston. Sailed for Port Royal, S. C., February 28, and served on the Nantucket in various attacks on Charleston, and on blockade duty off Savannah, Georgia. Was detached, December 1, and ordered to the frigate Wabash. Resigned, December 13, and was relieved from duty, January 11, 1864. Returned home, and graduated at the Medical School in March, obtaining the first prize for an essay, "Our Native Materia Medica," which was afterward published in the Boston Medical and Surgical Journal. April 22, was commissioned Surgeon of the Twenty-seventh U. S. Colored Troops, Fourth Division, Ninth Corps. Was with the Army of the Potomac in Grant's campaign from the Wilderness to Petersburg, till December, 1864, when his division was transferred to the Twenty-fifth Corps, Army of the James, before Richmond. Was under General Terry with the Tenth Corps in the expedition which resulted in the capture of Fort Fisher, N. C., January 15, and Wilmington, N. C., February 22, 1865. In March, the Corps marched into the interior of North Carolina, and joined General Sherman near Raleigh. During his service was at different times Brigade and Division Surgeon and in charge of various field and post hospitals.

After the close of the war was on garrison duty in North Carolina till mustered out September 21, 1865. Began the practice of medicine in Jamaica Plain, Mass., October 1, 1865. In 1866 removed to New York City, where he is now engaged in his profession. Has been Attending and Consulting Physician and Surgeon to various Dispensaries and Infirmaries. Was Medical Superintendent of the New York Hospital in 1876-7. Travelled in Europe in 1876. Is a member of several medical societies, of the New England Society, and of the Harvard, Century, University and Union League Clubs, of New York, of which first he is Secretary. Is A. M. of Harvard.

Married, in Hartford, Conn., April 11, 1872, Fanny Elizabeth, daughter of George Medad and Fanny (Fowler) Bartholomew.

Has three children: Sarah Swan, born August 20, 1873; George Bartholomew, born February 18, 1875; Christopher Minot, born March 30, 1876.

Address, 11 East 13th Street, New York City.

WELD, GEORGE WALKER. Born September 3, 1840; son of William Fletcher and Isabella (Walker) Weld.

On graduation went into business in the firm of William F. Weld & Co., Boston. Has been in Europe several times. In 1876 retired from business.

Has not married.

Address, Post Office Square, Boston, Mass.

WELD, STEPHEN MINOT. Born in Jamaica Plain, Mass., January 4, 1842; son of Stephen Minot and Sarah Bartlett (Balch) Weld.

Immediately after graduation entered the office of Peleg W. Chandler, and studied law for a year. Then went to the Harvard Law School, remaining there two months. Left the



Law School in October, 1861, and went to Port Royal with the expedition that captured that place and Hilton Head. Served on the staff of Gen. Wright as volunteer aide. Came home in November, and in January, 1862, was commissioned Second Lieutenant in the Eighteenth Mass. Vols., and detailed on Gen. Fitz John Porter's staff as aide. Was with the Army of the Potomac on the march to Centreville in the spring of 1862 and all through the campaign on the Peninsula. At Yorktown was sick ten days, this being his first and last illness while in the army. At Gaines' Mills was captured and taken to Stonewall Jackson. Was sent to Libby prison and remained there for six weeks. Was then exchanged, and joined Gen. Porter at Harrison's Landing. A day or two afterward the army fell back to Fortress Monroe, and then went by water to Acquia Creek and thence to join Pope. Was all through Pope's campaign as aide to Gen. Porter, (who was afterward most unjustly convicted and sentenced by Court Martial.) Served through the Antietam campaign until Gens. McClellan and Porter were relieved. Went home after Gen. Porter's trial, and was subsequently appointed aide to Gen. Benham and was with him through the second battle of Fredericksburg and that of Chancellorsville. Then went on the staff of Gen. Reynolds, commanding the First Corps. Was sent by him to Gen. Meade with the news of the enemy's presence at Gettysburg. Gen. Reynolds was killed at this battle. Was then assigned to the staff of Gen. Newton, and in August, 1863, was promoted to the Lieut. Colonelcy of the Fifty-sixth Mass. Vols., having meanwhile been appointed First Lieutenant and then Captain of the Eighteenth Mass. Vols. Came home and was engaged in recruiting the regiment until March, 1864, when it was sent to Annapolis, Md. About the end of April marched to Washington, then to the

Rappahannock River, and joined the Army of the Potomac. Was with the Army of the Potomac at the Wilderness, Spottsylvania, the North Anna, Cold Harbor and Petersburg. Was promoted to the Coloneley of the regiment after the death of Col. Griswold, who was killed in the Wilderness. At Petersburg, June 17, commanded a brigade in the charge on the enemy's works. In the battle of the Mine, July 30, commanded the left wing of the brigade, and was taken prisoner, being the only commanding officer of nine regiments in the brigade that was not killed. Was sent to Columbia, S. C., and lodged in jail with the other Ninth Corps officers captured at the same time. Was released on parole December 15, 1864, and sent to Annapolis and then home. Was exchanged March 31, and rejoined the regiment a few miles beyond Petersburg, on April 4, 1865. After Lee's surrender the regiment was sent to Alexandria and then to Readville, Mass., where the command was mustered out, July 12, 1865. Had command of the brigade for some time at Alexandria. Received the brevet of Brigadier-General, U. S. Vols.

On his return from the war in 1865, went into manufacturing, which he afterward abandoned, and in June, 1874, went into the business of cotton buying. Was employed by George Dexter & Co., and on the retirement of Mr. Dexter, became a partner, the firm name being changed to George Blagden & Co., and still remains there.

Is A. M. of Harvard. Is a member of the Somerset and Union Clubs, and the Mass. Military Historical Society.

Married, June 1, 1869, in Dedham, Mass., Eloise, daughter of Alfred and Anna Lothrop (Motley) Rodman.

Has five children: Stephen Minot, Jr., and Alfred Rodman, born September 2, 1870; Edward Motley, born September 4,

1872; Lothrop Motley, born July 26, 1874; Eloise Minot, born January 24, 1879.

Address, Boston, Mass.

\* WESTON, GEORGE. Born in Lincoln, Mass., October 27, 1839; son of Calvin and Eliza Anna (Fiske) Weston.

Studied law in the office of Underwood & Train, Boston, till the spring of 1861, and afterwards in the office of Dana & Parker. In September, 1861, he entered the Harvard Law School, where he remained till March, 1862. He then entered the office of Hayes & Choate, in Boston. Enlisted as a private in Company F, Forty-fourth Mass. Vols, September 12, 1862. Was commissioned Second Lieutenant in the Eighteenth Mass. Vols., March 4, 1863. Sailed from New Berne to Boston, and in a few days set out for his new regiment, joining it in camp, near Falmouth, Va., April 18. Was engaged in the battles of Chancellorsville and Gettysburg, and received his fatal wound at Rappahannock Station, November 7, 1863. He was struck in the fore-wrist of the right arm by a bullet which passed entirely through it. He staid a fortnight at the Harewood Hospital in Washington, where his wound though painful was not considered dangerous. But his health and strength were already enfeebled and he failed rapidly. He was removed from the hospital and after a tedious journey reached Boston, where he was taken at once to the Massachusetts General Hospital.

On December 4 his hand was amputated just below the middle of the fore arm. For several days his recovery seemed probable, but he failed again; and died on January 5, 1864.

Weston's military career though short was filled with hardships that were peculiarly trying to him. He joined the

army from motives of the purest patriotism. After the battle of Cedar Mountain, in which E. G. Abbott fell, he said to a friend who was endeavoring to dissuade him from entering the service, "You only strengthen me in my resolution, for Abbott was killed just because I and such as I were not in our places to help him."

On the first expedition of his regiment in North Carolina, he had a violent attack of chronic diarrhoea. From this disease, and also from acute neuralgia in the face, he suffered during the entire period of his army life; but he was ever patient and uncomplaining, moral courage more than supplying the place of bodily strength.

After the battle of Gettysburg he was completely exhausted and obliged to be carried in an ambulance. An extract from a letter which he wrote home at this time shows his characteristic cheerfulness. "We crossed the Potomac last night, and are to-day engaged in the pleasant occupation of marching, that is, the regiment is. As for myself, two days ago, when I found there was no prospect of overtaking General Lee on foot, I concluded *to give chase in an ambulance*, which our doctor agreed with me in thinking my best plan."

Weston's humor was inexhaustible. In the words of a comrade and classmate, it was "*sui generis*, yet distinctively of America and New England; quaint and quick, and full of perpetual surprises, rich in resources, and free from the least touch of coarseness." In the barracks of the Forty-fourth, at New Berne, where I often met him, he was the life of his company and of his mess. A walk to camp was more than compensated by his amusing and entertaining conversation."

Of his military qualifications, Colonel (afterwards General) Joseph Hayes thus wrote :

“Although an entire stranger to the other officers of the regiment at the time of joining it, he soon, by his courtesy, manly conduct, and strict attention to duty, made many friends and won the esteem of all. At the battle of Chancellorsville, where the regiment was first engaged after he had joined it, I, as his commanding officer, had occasion to mark his courage and gallantry. Upon the subsequent march through Maryland and Pennsylvania to Gettysburg, probably the most painful and difficult this army has ever performed, Lieutenant Weston, although suffering from severe illness at the time, marched with his company, and by his patience and fortitude won the admiration of all who participated with him in that trying duty. At the battle of Gettysburg, his conduct was no less deserving of praise, being all that a gallant officer's should be.”

He did not marry.

WETMORE, EDMUND. Born June 3, 1838, in Utica, N. Y.; son of Edmund Arnold and Mary Ann (Lothrop) Wetmore.

Went to New York in the fall of 1860, and began the study of the law in the office of Chas. P. Kirkland. In the following spring entered the Columbia College Law School, where he graduated and was admitted to practice in June, 1863. He then entered the office of the law firm of Spring & Russel, of New York, as clerk, with the privilege of practising for himself. In the ensuing year, Mr. Russel retired, and he formed a partnership with Mr. Spring, under the name of Spring & Wetmore, which continued until dissolved by the death of Mr. Spring, early in 1870. Then formed a partnership with William A. Jenner, under the name of Wetmore & Jenner, which still continues. During the whole time since graduation has been constantly occupied in the study and practice



of his profession. Wrote a prize essay on the law of Testamentary Capacity, which was published in the American Law Register and the American Journal of Insanity. Is a member of the Bar Association, and of the Harvard and University Clubs of New York.

Married, in New York, September 20, 1866, Helen, the sister of our classmate, Horace Howland, and daughter of Benjamin Jenkins and Hannah (Clark) Howland.

Has had one child: Helen, born July 2, 1870, died August 1, 1871.

Address: 11 Pine Street, New York.

WEYMOUTH, ALBERT BLODGETT. Born in Chelsea, Mass., March 18, 1839; son of Aurelius L. and Mary (Blodgett) Weymouth.

Studied medicine in the Harvard Medical School, and afterwards at the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, N. Y., and the Bowdoin Medical School in Brunswick, Maine, graduating at the two latter. Practices but little, his chief occupation being journalism. Has resided in Boston, Medford and Malden. Was in Europe in 1864. Has contributed to nearly every literary paper in Boston. Is now suburban reporter for the Boston Daily Advertiser and assistant editor of the Malden Mirror, a well-known and successful weekly journal. Has also written a few poems. Is a corresponding member of the Maine Historical Society, of the State Historical Society of Wisconsin and of the Historical Society of Delaware. Is A. M. of Harvard.

Has not married.

Address, Malden, Mass.

WHEELER, NELSON JOSEPH. Born in Shelburne Falls, Mass., in 1834; son of David and Almira (Morse) Wheeler.

In September, 1860, entered the Newton Theological Insti-

tution, graduating in June, 1863. Commenced preaching the following month in Skowhegan, Me., where he was settled over the Baptist Church in September. After serving this church for six years, left it in July, 1869, to go to the Central Baptist Church, in Newport, R. I. Having received a call to the First Baptist Church in Kalamazoo, Mich., left Newport in March, 1879, and went to the former city, where there is a flourishing Baptist College.

Served in the U. S. Christian Commission during the last winter of the war, having charge of the work in the Cavalry Division encamped south-west of Petersburg, and was at the battle of Hatcher's Run caring for the wounded.

Married, in North Kingston, R. I., May 14, 1872, Annie Eliza, the daughter of Hon. Henry and Eliza Snow (Davis) Sweet, of that town.

Has had two children: Mary Eliza, born June 17, 1873, died August 11, 1873; Helen Gay, born September 15, 1876.

Address, Kalamazoo, Mich.

**WHEELOCK, GEORGE GILL.** Born in Boston, November 4, 1838; son of Gill and Ellen (Bellows) Wheelock.

After graduation entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York. While a student volunteered on the medical staff of the Fourth New York State Militia, known as "Scott Life Guards." Remained four months, till obliged to return for lectures in the fall. Next year, 1862, worked for three months on a Sanitary Commission ship in getting sick and wounded North. Entered the New York Hospital in the fall of 1862, and remained there two years, leaving it in December, 1864, in which year he graduated in medicine. Then went to Washington and was appointed Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. A., expecting, if the war lasted six months,

to enter the volunteer service, and remain till it was over. He was sent to Savannah, arriving shortly after the capture of the city by Sherman, and soon became Executive Officer of the General Hospital, containing about 1,000 beds, and there remained until July, 1865. From 1867 to 1869 was Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy, and for the last ten years has been lecturer on Physical Diagnosis at the College of Physicians and Surgeons. Has continued the practice of medicine in New York since graduation. Is at present Attending Physician to St. Luke's Hospital, and to the Nursery and Child's Hospital. Is A. M. of Harvard. Is a member of the Harvard, Century and University Clubs of this city, and of several medical societies.

Married, June, 1868, in Philadelphia, Margaret, daughter of Archibald and Elizabeth Robertson.

Had no children.

His wife died June 22, 1870.

Married, in New York, November 3, 1873, Alice, widow of Henry S. Hallet, of Boston, and daughter of the late William Hawxhurst and Sarah Ann (Austen) Townsend.

Has one child: William Hawxhurst, born January 6, 1876.

Address, 75 Park Avenue, New York.

\* WHITE, JOHN CORLIES. Born in New York, January 5, 1835; son of Robert and Hannah (Gibbs) White.

Lived in New York after graduation, devoting most of his time to the study of painting, under the instruction of prominent artists, till April, 1861. Two of his pictures were accepted by the New York Academy of Design and were in the annual exhibition of that institution. His interest in matters connected with the fine arts will be remembered by his intimate college friends. April 19, 1861, he enlisted as a

private in the Seventh New York Militia, in the same company with our classmate, Shaw. September 1, 1862, was commissioned First Lieutenant of the One Hundred and Seventy-second New York Vols., with which regiment he served till January 16, 1863, when he was appointed Adjutant of the First New York Vols., a two-years regiment, whose term of service expired, June 30, 1863. After receiving an honorable discharge he remained in New York for a short time and then made vigorous efforts with several friends to raise a colored regiment, but Governor Horatio Seymour refused to grant them the necessary authority to recruit and the project was abandoned. His health from this time began to fail and he lived the greater part of the year on his farm, near Long Branch, New Jersey, which he inherited, and in the improvement of which he took much interest. His death, which was not unexpected by himself, resulted from a severe hæmorrhage of the lungs, at his brother's house in Brooklyn, N. Y., on July 8, 1872.

WHITTEMORE, GEORGE HENRY. Born in Boston, August 19, 1839; eldest son of George Washington and Synia Higgins (Richardson) Whittemore.

Has been at the family home in Cambridge during the whole or some part of every year since graduation. From November 1, 1860, to September 6, 1865, taught chiefly the classics, in the Eliot High School, Jamaica Plain, Mass. In November, 1862, delivered an oration before the Cambridge High School Association, the greater part of which was published in the local newspaper. From September 7, 1865, to June 24, 1868, studied in the Newton Theological Institution. In June, 1867, gave an address before the International Convention of Young Men's Christian Associa-

tions, at their twelfth annual meeting in Montreal, on Literary Classes and their Management, which was printed in the Proceedings. Was ordained, September 6, 1868, having been invited to teach Biblical studies in the Rochester Theological Seminary, N. Y. Was so employed for eight academic years. During that period spent the summer at home, and has lived there constantly since 1876, without regular occupation. In the summer of 1872 made a European trip, visiting many of the principal cities and natural attractions. Contributed to the *Bibliotheca Sacra*, for July, 1872, an article on Hebrew Grammar and Lexicography; also one for January, 1874, on Historical Illustrations of the Old Testament; to the Baptist Quarterly, for April, 1873, The Literature and Language of the Hebrews, a translation from Renan's *Historie Générale des Langues Sémitiques*; January, 1874, The Greek of the New Testament; April, 1875, The Native Language of Palestine, as spoken by Christ and His Apostles, a translation from the German of Prof. Franz Delitzsch; July, 1876, A Retrospect of the Life of Tischendorf, a translation from the German of Dr. K. F. A. Kahnis. In 1875, prepared for the press a volume upon his teacher at Newton, and colleague at Rochester, the distinguished Biblical scholar, Prof. H. B. Hackett, D. D., LL. D., who, with the coöperation of Prof. Ezra Abbot, D. D., LL. D., produced the American edition of Smith's Dictionary of the Bible. It was entitled "Memorials of Horatio Balch Hackett. Edited by George H. Whittemore. Rochester, 1876." Edited for the April, July and October numbers of the *Bibliotheca Sacra*, 1879, Dr. Hackett's posthumous Exegetical Notes on the Last Days of Christ. Wrote a biographical sketch of the Rev. S. F. Smith, D. D., H. U. 1829, author of "America, Our National Hymn," which was published in a gift book



with that title, 1879, and also in "Poets' Homes," two volumes of illustrated sketches by R. H. Stoddard, Arthur Gilman and others. During the last three years has contributed numerous articles, historical and descriptive, to the Boston Watchman. Is A. M. of Harvard.

Has not married.

Address, 329 Harvard Street, Cambridge, Mass.

WHITTIER, CHARLES ALBERT. Born in Bangor, Maine, August 6, 1840; son of Joseph Merrill and Mary Elizabeth (Morgan) Whittier.

After graduation studied law for a year in the office of Brooks & Ball, Boston. Was commissioned Second Lieutenant in the Twentieth Mass. Vols., July 10, 1861, and promoted to First Lieutenant, November 26. Went on the staff of Major-General Sedgwick, September 1, 1863. Was promoted to Captain, November 12, and Major, April 25, 1863. Brevetted Lieutenant-Colonel U. S. Vols., October 19, 1864, "for faithful and meritorious services in the battles before Richmond and in the Shenandoah Valley." In February, 1865, was made Lieutenant-Colonel and Assistant Adjutant-General of the Second Army Corps. Was brevetted Brigadier-General, to date from May 18, 1865, "for highly valuable and meritorious services in the campaign resulting in the surrender of the insurgent army under Gen. Robert E. Lee." Took part in the battles of Ball's Bluff, siege of Yorktown, West Point, Fair Oaks, Nelson's Farm, Antietam, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, Wilderness, Spottsylvania, Cold Harbor, Petersburg, Winchester, Fisher's Hill, Cedar Creek, Hatcher's Run, Farnville and the surrender at Appomattox, beside smaller engagements and skirmishes,

After the war went to the Pacific coast, and acted as Inspector General of the Military Division of the Pacific, visiting and reporting upon the military posts and Indian affairs of California, Nevada, Arizona, Oregon, Washington and Alaska. Resigned in July, 1870, when he entered the office of Lee, Higginson & Co., Boston, and was admitted as a partner, January, 1873, where he remains.

Married, in Boston, October, 1871, Elizabeth Inez, daughter of Christopher C. and Louise Chadwick.

Has three children: Louise Chadwick, born September 13, 1872; Susan Tucker, born June 18, 1874; Pauline, born December 9, 1876.

Address, care of Lee, Higginson & Co., Boston, Mass.

**WILLARD, ROBERT.** Born in Boston, December 8, 1838; son of Joseph and Susannah Hickling (Lewis) Willard.

Entered the Harvard Medical School in September, 1860, graduating in March, 1864. Was Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. N., from May 1, to June 1, 1863, when he was commissioned Assistant Surgeon U. S. N., and served on the U. S. Monitor Catskill and at the Chelsea Naval Hospital. Resigned September 10, 1865. Has written various reports and reviews of books. Was Physician to out-patients at the Mass. Gen. Hospital in 1869-70. Was appointed Assistant Surgeon, 1865-8; Aural Surgeon, 1868-71; and has been Ophthalmic Surgeon, from 1871 to the present time, at the Mass. Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary. Was Physician to the Home for Aged Women, 1865-71, and Consulting Physician from 1871 to date, and is now a manager thereof. Is a Supervisor of the Adams Asylum. Is a member of the Military Order Loyal Legion, U. S., and the Union Boat Club.

Married, in Boston, September 16, 1868, Caroline Cross, daughter of Joseph and Caroline (Cross) Williamson.

Has one child: Theodora, born in Boston, November 15, 1870.

Address, 120 Charles Street, Boston.

\* WILLIAMS, ISRAEL FRANCIS. Born in Taunton, October 15, 1838; son of Francis King and Rhoda King (Tisdale) Williams.

Went through the three years' course in the Cambridge Theological School. After graduating, preached in various places, residing meanwhile at Cambridge, till the latter part of June, 1864, when he accepted the unanimous call of the Unitarian church in Yonkers, N. Y. The life of a candidate was very unsatisfactory to him, and his letters written during that period are full of desire for real work. June 28, 1864, he writes from the Catskill Mountain House, N. Y.: "My home for a long time I hope is to be at Yonkers. I am delighted with the place; it just suits me. My little church will hold about two hundred persons, and is a perfect gem in the way of architecture."

On May 31, 1864, he offered his services to the United States Sanitary Commission for three months. "I had considered this," he writes, "for a long time. I think in the end I shall be greatly benefited by this work. I want to do something for others, and to have something to do with this war; and so be able to go about my work in a more whole-souled fashion. I have been talking with Rev. Mr. N. and others, who have just returned from the hospitals, and I long to be in them."

His services in the Sanitary Commission were not called for immediately, and he spent most of June assisting Rev. E. E. Hale, of Boston. Early in July, 1864, he went out as an agent

of the Sanitary Commission, and visited the Army of the Potomac, then in the trenches in front of Petersburg. Here under the exposure of camp life he was attacked with intermittent fever, and was carried to his home in Taunton. Soon after his return the fever assumed a malignant type, and he died September 4, 1864.

"It was my\* privilege occasionally to meet and converse with Williams during the last year of his residence in Cambridge. His countenance, always frank and open, seemed to have become the mirror of that truth and love to which he had consecrated himself.

"His short life of ministerial service was fitly closed by his self-sacrificing death while laboring for our sick and wounded soldiers. He died a martyr to the national cause, and in perfect peace and trust resigned the life which he had hoped to make so useful to his fellow men."

He did not marry.

WILSON, JAMES HENRY. Born in Keene, N. H., in 1839; son of James and Mary Lord (Richardson) Wilson.

Has been in business since graduation, first in San Francisco, then in New York, and is now living in Keene, N. H.

Has not married.

Address, Keene, N. H.

WOOD, WILLIAM CONVERSE. Born January 24, 1839, in Harvard Place, opposite the Old South Church, in Boston; son of Moses, jr., and Mary Porter (Converse) Wood.

Went to Charleston, S. C., on his way to Four Mile Branch, S. C., where he had been engaged as a private tutor, October

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\* Spaulding.

31, 1860. At Blackville, S. C., ninety miles from Charleston, he was arrested by a Vigilance Committee, but was released and suffered to proceed. At Barnwell, ten miles distant, he was again arrested, and underwent a long examination before a Vigilance Committee of the place, in the famous courthouse where Hon. Samuel Hoar, of Massachusetts, had spoken years before. Was condemned as a "stranger" and "supposed abolitionist," and ordered to leave the State. At "Bamberg's," on the way to Charleston, another Vigilance Committee endeavored to take him from the cars, and rent his coat in the attempt. Reached Boston, November 14, and gave an account of Southern hospitality in the Journal of November 16, 1860. In September, 1861, became Principal of the Academy at Fort Covington, N. Y., where he taught eight months. Enlisted as a private in the Eleventh New Hampshire Vols., and was made sergeant, August 12, 1862. Was promoted July 25, 1864, to Second Lieutenant, and January 8, 1865, to First Lieutenant, commanding Company D. Was mustered out with the regiment, June 4, 1865. Took part in five campaigns, those of Burnside in Virginia, in Kentucky, in Mississippi, in East Tennessee, (Knoxville) and Grant's Virginia campaign of 1864-5. Was in some fifteen engagements, and was wounded in the right shoulder, in the charge on Petersburg, June 17, 1864. In September, 1865, he entered the Andover Theological Seminary, and graduated in 1868. Was ordained October 15, 1868, at Lanesville, Mass., where he was settled until April, 1870. Preached at Wenham, Mass., from October 13, 1870, till October 13, 1876, and at Assonet in 1877. Since January, 1879, has had charge of the two churches in Scituate and East Marshfield. Published in 1877 "Five Problems of State and Religion," 379 pages.

**THE STATE AND THE SABBATH.** 1. The Sabbath a Benefactor to the State. 2. The God of the Sabbath a Benefactor to the State.



THE STATE AND TEMPLES. Taxing God's House.

THE STATE AND THE CHURCH. Their separation discussed from first Principles. Our Connections with Rome. The English Established Church.

THE STATE SCHOOLS AND RELIGION. 1. Recognition of God in Public Education by the Bible. 2. God in the Nation, therefore God in Public Education. 3. Mother and Child; Bible and School. 4. Free America born of the Bible. 5. Bible in the Schools and Religionists. 6. State Schools and Church Schools. 7. The English and the Douai Versions. 8. The Imperial Exile. 9. The Bible and the Manual of Morals.

THE STATE INSTITUTIONS AND RELIGION. Divine Service; History of Chaplaincies; One Chaplain, only one Chaplain.

The book has received such commendations as the following:

"I take pleasure in saying that I regard it as a valuable and timely contribution to the discussion of a question which is coming up in new aspects. . . . His view of what religion has to do with the State and of the mutual independence of State and Church is worthy of most careful attention; and such attention the book, with its vividness of style and illustration, is well suited to command and reward."—*Leonard Bacon, D. D.*

"The merit and value of the Fourth Discussion seem to me extraordinary. Its candor, its breadth of view, the justness of its thought, the pertinence of its illustrative citations and allusions, and the philosophic serenity and victorious strength of its argumentation, are traits which qualify this treatise to make an enduring mark upon the history of our race."—*Myron A. Munson, A. M.*

Has also published "Hymns and Hymn-singing," of the church in Lanesville and at Wenham; "Art and Character," an address before the Pittsfield Music School, June 27, 1878, repeated before Prof. Tourjee's Music Academy, and afterward printed; "Faith and Fanaticism; a Discourse concerning Poesy," as well as numerous articles for religious papers. Originated the Evangelical Ministers' Association of Boston and vicinity, of which he is now Secretary. In October, 1879, took place the State Sabbath Conventions in Springfield and Boston. The essays presented were from college presidents

and other eminent men, on a comprehensive range of Sabbath themes. The Congregationalist says: "To Rev. Will C. Wood, of Scituate, more than to any other person, are due the inception and carrying out of this praiseworthy effort to bring the Sabbath cause before the people.' Is Secretary of the Massachusetts Committee of Thirteen on Sabbath Observance, and prepared their "Circular," issued March 1, 1880. Is A. M. of Harvard, 1865.

Has not married.

WOODWARD, CALVIN MILTON. Born August 25, 1837; son of Isaac Burnap and Eliza (Wetherbee) Woodward.

Immediately after graduation was appointed principal of the City High School, at Newburyport, Mass., and retained this position for five years. Since 1865 has lived in St. Louis. Was successively Vice Principal in the Preparatory Department of Washington University; Assistant Professor of Mathematics; (Nathaniel Thayer) Professor of Mathematics and Applied Mechanics, and in 1872 Dean of the Polytechnic School. Was Captain in the Forty-eighth Mass. Vols., from August, 1862, to August, 1863. Was a member of the Board of Public Schools of St. Louis, from October, 1877, till October, 1879, and on the Board of Visitors to the Naval School, Annapolis, in 1878. Has written two pamphlets, "Manual Education," 1878, and "Prospectus of Manual Training Schools," 1879, and quite a number of magazine and journal articles on scientific and mathematical subjects. Has a large work on the "St. Louis Bridge" in manuscript, to be published this year. He writes, "I am as fond of work and play as ever, my health is good, I am not getting rich, and do not expect to go to Congress."

Married, in Newburyport, Mass., September 30, 1863, Fanny Stone, daughter of William and Hannah (Stone) Balch.

Has had eight children : Alice Balch, born July 25, 1864, died May 19, 1865; Clara Lincoln, born July 20, 1865; Bertha, born August 29, 1867, died December 21, 1870; Fanny Louise, born December 9, 1869; Hilda, born August 21, 1871; Margaret, born February 7, 1874; Alexander, born September 5, 1876, died July 1, 1877; Calvin Balch, born October 27, 1878.

Address, Washington University, St. Louis, Mo.

YOUNG, GEORGE BROOKS. Born in Boston, July 25, 1840; son of Rev. Dr. Alexander and Caroline (James) Young.

Studied law in Boston, in the office of Henry A. Scudder, from November, 1860, until April, 1861; in the Harvard Law School from September, 1861, until July, 1863; in the offices of Noyes and Tracy, and of David Dudley Field, in New York City, from June, 1864, until July, 1865, having been admitted to practice in that city in November, 1864. Removed to Minneapolis, Minnesota, and practised law there, from April, 1870, until April, 1874, when the Governor appointed him Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the State, which office he held until January, 1875. In May, 1875, removed to St. Paul, Minn., where he has since resided, practising law in partnership with Stanford Newell, Esq., the firm being Young & Newell. Has been reporter of the decisions of the Supreme Court of the State since May, 1875, and has published "Minnesota Reports," vols. 21-25 inclusive. Is A. M. of Harvard, 1863. Is a member of the Minnesota Historical Society.

Married, in Edgartown, Mass., on September 28, 1870, Ellen, daughter of Daniel and Sophronia A. Fellows.

Has had no children.

Address, St. Paul, Minn.

## TEMPORARY MEMBERS.

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\* ANDREW, JOHN. Born in Salem, Mass., July 20, 1838; son of John Forrester and Louisa Matilda (Delano) Andrew.

Left college at the beginning of the first term of the Sophomore year. He died at his home in Salem, Mass., October 14, 1857.

ATKINSON, HENRY MARTYN. Born in Mendon, Mass., July 31, 1838; son of Kinsman and Dorothy Miral (Woods) Atkinson.

Left the class at the end of the Sophomore year. At the end of a year passed in study and teaching entered the class of 1861, with which he graduated. In July and August, 1861, was in the "Coast Guard," an organization formed early in the war to protect the coast of Massachusetts. Then shipped before the mast in the ship "Florence" for California, arriving there in February, 1862. Was soon elected President of Woodland Collegiate Institute, Yolo Co. Returned to Massachusetts and entered the Harvard Law School in 1863, and was admitted to practice in 1864. In 1866 removed to New York and has since been engaged as an Adjuster of Marine Insurance losses.

Married, November 6, 1864, Elizabeth, daughter of Henry and Elizabeth Floyd (Ruggles) Safford, of Brighton, Mass.

Has had five children: Maurice Bradlee, born January 4, 1866; Rose Standish, born November 26, 1867; Paul Ruggles, born December 6, 1869; Elbridge Cutter, born December 25, 1871; Grace Agnes, May 23, 1874, died March 2, 1879.

His wife died March 16, 1877. Remains unmarried.

Address, Sun Mutual Insurance Company, New York.

\* BAKER, JOHN WHITE CHICKERING. Born in New York City, October 13, 1837; son of Edward Wortley and Clarissa Edna (Folsom) Baker.

Left college at the end of the first term of the Freshman year. He became an Episcopal minister and died near London, England. February 1, 1871. His body was brought home and buried in Portland, Maine.

He did not marry.

BALCH, DAVID MOORE. Born in Salem, Mass., January 22, 1837; son of Benjamin and Caroline Lawrence (Moore) Balch.

Left college November, 1856, on account of ill health. The following autumn, 1857, commenced the study of Chemistry with Prof. Horsford, in the Lawrence Scientific School, from which he graduated *summa cum laude* in 1859. Has always resided in Salem, Mass. Is by profession a consulting chemist, but has practised to no great extent. Had an office in Tremont Street, Boston, for some years, and has now a private laboratory near his residence. Calls himself a student still. Has published sundry articles on scientific, horticultural, and other matters in divers magazines and newspapers. Is a member of the New England Historic Genealogical Society, the American Association for the Advancement of Science, etc.



Married, December 26, 1876, Emma Augusta, only daughter of Joseph and Lydia (Gifford) Swasey, of Salem, Mass.

Has had two children: Caroline Moore, born October 24, 1877; Alice Gifford, born December 26, 1878, died next day.

Address, Salem, Mass.

\* BARSTOW, NATHANIEL SALTONSTALL. Born, July 28, 1839; son of Gideon and Nancy (Forrester) Barstow.

Left college at the end of the first term of the Sophomore year. Studied for some months in Stockbridge, Mass., and then remained at home in Brookline till 1860, when he entered the law office of Chas. F. Blake, in Boston. He served a month in Fort Independence in the spring of 1861, and was commissioned Second Lieutenant in the Twenty-fourth Mass. Vols., September 2, 1861, and First Lieutenant, December 28, 1862. The regiment went to Annapolis in December, 1861, where he was detailed for service in the signal corps of the Burnside expedition. At Hatteras Inlet he was transferred to Commodore Goldsborough's flagship. Was engaged in Captain Rowan's brilliant exploit of destroying the enemy's fleet, and was with him in the attack on New Berne. In December, 1862, was on the Goldsborough expedition on the staff of General Thomas G. Stevenson, and was signal officer at the redoubt opposite New Berne, when it was attacked in the spring of 1863, by an overwhelming force of the enemy. Here his coolness and bravery won great praise. He died at New Berne, N. C., May 22, 1864.

Barstow joined the army from purely patriotic motives. He said to his mother, "I go to the war of my own free will, not because I am ashamed to stay at home; but others have gone to defend my rights, and *I ought to go.*"

In reference to his military qualifications, Governor Andrew wrote: "He was one of quite a number of men from

Massachusetts whose very fitness, by education and ability, to do staff duty, and work requiring a certain superiority of general training and a certain quickness and expertness of mind, hand, and eye, and a certain faculty of independent work, stood in the way of their lineal advance. . . . I always found him quick to perceive, ready to observe and to comprehend, and exhibiting a bright, reliable, and active intelligence. He was one of the boys who went out in the Massachusetts service whom I really loved."

\* BOWEN, GEORGE SIDNEY. Born in Worcester, Mass., March 24, 1840; son of

Left college on account of ill health in the summer of 1857. He sailed from Boston for Manila, July 13, 1857, on the ship *Matchless*; the ship was reported as passing Anjer, Java, October 4, and was never again heard from.

He did not marry.

BROWN, CHARLES EDWIN. Left college at the end of the Sophomore year. Resided in Watertown, Mass. Enlisted as private in the Sixteenth Mass. Vols., July 2, 1861, and re-enlisted for three years, February 14, 1864. Was transferred to the Eleventh Mass. Vols., July 12, 1864. Has not been heard from since.

\* CURTIS, WALTER. Born in Boston, February 3, 1838; son of Benjamin Robbins and Eliza Maria (Woodward) Curtis.

Left College in 1859 to go into the banking business in Iowa. In November, 1862, was commissioned Assistant Quartermaster of Volunteers, with the rank of Captain, and was assigned to the staff of General Rucker. Resigned

January 1, 1864. Was admitted to the Boston bar in 1866. Died of pneumonia, at Omaha, Nebraska, on August 31, 1876.

Married, May 11, 1861, at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Catherine De Forest Ely, daughter of Elisha D. and Lydia Baxter (Weare) Ely, of Rochester, N. Y.

Had three children: Walter, born February 15, 1862; Grace Woodward, born June 7, 1865; Lois Robbins, born March 7, 1875.

ELDER, FREDERIC HENRY. Was in the class only the first term of the Sophomore year. His residence then was Rochester, N. Y. Has not been heard from since.

EUSTIS, HENRY CHOTARD. Born in Natchez, Miss., January 29, 1840; son of Horatio and Catherine (Chotard) Eustis.

Left college in the middle of the Junior year. Lived on the Mississippi River, in charge of the family plantation, about forty miles above Vicksburg, until the fall of that city in 1863. Shortly before, Grant's army took all his possessions to the Louisiana shore, leaving him alone in the wilderness with the exception of one old and faithful negro. After the capture of Vicksburg he made his way on horseback to Natchez, Mississippi, to join his mother and sisters, and youngest brothers, the other brothers being in the Southern Army. Remained at Natchez until he had to move or be drafted into the Union Army. Preferred the former and staid in the neighborhood till the end of the war. In 1866 was elected Clerk of Probate of Adams County, Mississippi, and held that office until March, 1869, when he was removed by General Adelbert Ames, then Military Governor of Mississippi. Was then Principal of the Male Grammar School No. 1, in the Natchez Free Institute, for two years.

Next kept a private school in Natchez, until September, 1877. Since then has kept a private school in New Orleans.

Married, in Natchez, Miss., March 5, 1868, Annie, daughter of Robert D. and Ellen Hampton (Davis) Percy, of Natchez, Miss.

Has two children: Horatio Sprague, born December 3, 1868; Annie Percy, born October 2, 1875.

His wife died at Natchez, November 28, 1875.

Married, in Natchez, July 10, 1879, Christine Percy, sister of his first wife.

Address, 558 Carondelet Street, New Orleans.

GANNETT, ALFRED WHITE. Born in Cambridgeport, Mass., October 20, 1838; son of Thomas Brattle and Sarah Whitworth (White) Gannett.

Left the class at the end of the Freshman year. Went to New York City and was in business there until shortly after the breaking out of the war. In the spring of 1862, went to Washington, D. C. Enlisted, April 18, 1862, as a private for three years, in company A, One Hundred and Second regiment New York Vols. Was detailed at once to duty in Washington, and was honorably discharged, March 4, 1863. After remaining a short time in the service of the United States Sanitary Commission, was appointed, June 9, 1863, a clerk in the Treasury Department, and placed on duty in the office of Internal Revenue, where he has since remained, having received two promotions.

Married, October 30, 1872, at South Natick, Mass., Margaret Kate, daughter of Oscar P. and Katherine Ingalls, of Omaha, Nebraska.

Has one child: Herbert Ingalls, born August 18, 1876.

Address, No 1104 L Street, Washington, D. C.

GAY, GEORGE FREDERICK. Born in Francestown, New Hampshire, September 20, 1835; son of Timothy and Mehitable (Peabody) Gay.

Entered the house of Timothy Gay & Co., wholesale grocers, Boston, in the fall of 1858, as clerk, and was admitted as partner January 1, 1864.

Was married, November 15, 1865, by the Rev. Frederic D. Huntington, at Emanuel Church, Boston, to Louisa M., daughter of Nathaniel and Mary B. Parker.

Has one child: Frederick Parker, born in Boston, July 22, 1874.

Address, 18 India Street, Boston.

GREENE, GEORGE SEARS. Born in Lexington, Kentucky, November 26, 1837; son of George Sears and Martha (Dana) Greene.

Left college at the end of the Freshman year. In July, 1857, was appointed Assistant Compassman on the Croton River Survey, under the Croton Aqueduct Department of the City of New York, the duties of which position he performed for over two years, at the same time studying Civil Engineering under the direction of his father. In November, 1859, went to Cuba and was Division Engineer on the Guines and Matanzas Railroad until May 1, 1860, when he returned to New York and was appointed Assistant Engineer on the new reservoir, then building by the Croton Aqueduct Department in Central Park, where he remained until 1864. In August, 1864, was appointed Superintendent and Agent of the Brooklyn Mining Co., and of the Pacific Mining Co., in the vicinity of Ontonagon, Lake Superior, Michigan, where he remained until September, 1865. Returning to New York, was appointed Assis-



tant Engineer in the Bureau of Sewers, Croton Aqueduct Department, where he remained until November, 1868, when he resigned and established a private office at 138th Street, Morrisania. Was occupied in various professional work, including some extensive accurate topographical surveys of the lower part of Westchester County and of Long Island, until June 16, 1875, when he was appointed Engineer-in-Chief of the Department of Docks of New York City, which position he now holds. As all the other men of his family entered the military service during the war, he remained at home. Is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, of the Century Association, New York, etc., etc.

Married at St. John's Church, Charlestown, Mass., April 23, 1862, Susan Moody, daughter of Hon. James and Susan H. (Moody) Dana. *+ June 18 1881*

Has had four children: Dana, born June 27, 1863, died July 19, 1866; Martha, born October 22, 1865; Carleton, born October 24, 1868; Mabel, born November 7, 1872, died March 1, 1877.

Address, 119 Duane Street, New York City.

HALL, CHARLES HENRY. Born at New Bedford, Mass., May 31, 1839; son of Isaac Dennis and Hannah (Norris) Hall.

He writes: "Have had a roving commission, having fought mosquitoes in Texas, shucked corn in Missouri, made salt in Kansas, ranched four years in Colorado, bathed in the waters of Coney Island and slept under the snows of the Rocky Mountains." Received the degree of Doctor of Veterinary Surgery, (D. V. S.) February 23, 1877, from the American Veterinary College of New York City. Is now

practising veterinary medicine and surgery, and studying medicine at the Medical School of the University of New York. Is a member of the Harvard Club of New York.

Has not married.

Address, 143 East 44th Street, New York.

\* HALL, HENRY WARE. Born in Dorchester, Mass., March 21, 1839; son of Rev. <sup>Mr.</sup> Dr. Nathaniel and Sarah Elizabeth (Coffin) Hall.

Left college at the end of the Sophomore year, and entered the Junior Class of Antioch College, Yellow Springs, Ohio, where he graduated in 1860. Spent the following autumn and winter at home, in Dorchester, Mass. Went to Chicago, in March, 1861, and was commissioned First Lieutenant in the Fifty-first Illinois Vols., December 24; Captain, June 28, 1862; Adjutant, September 30, 1862. His regiment left Chicago in February, 1862; going first to Island No. 10, then taking part in the advance on Corinth, and was afterwards stationed at Decatur, Ala. Proceeding from Decatur to Nashville, Tenn., the regiment was engaged under Sheridan in the battle of Stone River, the advance to Chattanooga, and battle of Chickamauga. In this last battle he was severely wounded in the knee, and taken prisoner. When paroled, he went home on furlough, returning to the parole camp at St. Louis, Mo., when he was exchanged and rejoined his regiment, then marching through Georgia under Sherman. At the battle of Kenesaw Mountain, which was fought June 27, 1864, he was ordered to lead his regiment at the head of an assaulting column against the enemy's works. While in front of his men, waving his sword and cheering them on, he fell by the bullets of sharpshooters. His body, which was recovered under flag of truce next day, was found pierced by eleven bullets.

The feelings which led him to join the army are clearly expressed in his letters home. In August, 1861, he wrote:

"Illinois is greatly in need of troops. Recruiting goes on slowly. I feel that the call which the Governor made last week was to me." Later he wrote: "When I signed my name to the muster-roll, I had a feeling that at last I was able to do one thing which was of service to some one else than myself."

All his fellow-officers speak in terms of the highest commendation of his bravery and military skill. The Colonel of his regiment writes: "He was the most gallant man I ever saw. The Southern officers whom we met on a flag of truce to recover our dead said, 'He was a gallant fellow!' They promised to get his sword, and return it to me, as a mark of his bravery. . . . He was in many respects the foremost man among us, and in capacity and cultivation had few equals. He was a natural leader. His courage was equal to any man's, and these qualities made him specially valuable as an officer and companion."

He did not marry.

HAZELTON, ISAAC HILLS. Born in Boston, May 17, 1838; son of Isaac Hills and Susan (Picard) Hazelton.

Left college at the end of the first term of the Sophomore year, and entered the Harvard Medical School, graduating March 7, 1861. Was appointed assistant physician at the New Hampshire Asylum for the Insane, in April. Was commissioned Assistant Surgeon U. S. N., December 17, 1861, and was ordered to the receiving ship Ohio, at the Charlestown Navy Yard. Was ordered to the Vermont, January 20, 1862. Sailed from Boston, February 24, 1862, and remained on the Vermont, at Port Royal, S. C.,

till January 1, 1863, when he was ordered to the Paul Jones. Saw considerable service in Florida, Georgia, and South Carolina; especially off Charleston. The ship being ordered North for repairs, he was sent on shore to look after the wounded in the attack on Fort Wagner, and remained connected with the army till August 13, 1863, when he was ordered North. Served for three months at the Charlestown Navy Yard, and sailed from New York for the Pacific squadron, December 14. Reached Acapulco, Mexico, December 31, and there awaited the arrival of the U. S. flagship Lancaster. Sailed in the Lancaster for Panama, March 9, 1864, arriving there March 20; thence, May 10, for Callao, Peru, reaching there May 20. Sailed from Callao for Panama, October 26, arriving in November. In December, the ship went back to Callao in consequence of Spanish troubles; returning to Acapulco, April 17, 1865. Sailed for San Francisco, April 21, and arrived May 10. Ordered home, June 17, and reached New York, July 10. Resigned from the Navy, and became assistant physician at the McLean Asylum for the Insane, September 11, 1865, and is still engaged in the practice of this branch of his profession.

Married, October 23, 1867, Mary Allen, daughter of William Henry and Mary Younge (Allen) Brewster.

Has four children: Mary Brewster, born November 23, 1868; Isaac Brewster, born December 30, 1870; Olivia Bowditch, born January 26, 1873; Margaret Page, born May 17, 1876.

Address, Grantville, Needham, Mass.

\* HOPKINS, ARUNDEL. Born in Baltimore, Maryland, October 19, 1837; son of Samuel and Lavinia (Jolliffe) Hopkins.

Studied medicine and graduated at the University of Maryland. He died in Paris, France, March 17, 1873.

He did not marry.

\* HUBBARD, WILLIAM GUPTILL. Born in Acton, Maine, March 18, 1841. His father's name has not been learned. His mother's name was the same before her marriage, Marcia R. Hubbard.

Left college at the end of the first term of the Sophomore year. Afterwards entered the class of 1863. After graduation taught school, and studied for a short time in the Harvard Medical School. He died of consumption, May 22, 1865, at his home in East Somerville, Mass.

He did not marry.

\* JONES, THOMAS DEVEREUX. Left college at the end of the first term of the Sophomore year. His residence then was Hertford, N. C. When the war broke out he was commissioned Captain in the same regiment with Skinner; and was taken prisoner with him in the winter of 1862-3. He was exchanged at New Berne, N. C., and died November 6, 1863, of wounds received at the battle of Bristoe Station. In 1866, his widow (the sister of Skinner) wrote: "I feel great interest in the class, and can never feel that my husband's and my brother's friends are strangers to me." Unavailing efforts have been made to procure further information.

LAUVE, NUMA OLIVIER. Born in Iberville Parish, La., December 24, 1837; son of Norbert and Marie Pamela (Dupuy) Lauve.

Left college at the end of the first term of the Sophomore year, and lived in New Orleans, being engaged in the in-



surance business till the beginning of the war. In March, 1861, was commissioned Captain in an infantry regiment, and served one year (the term of enlistment) with the Southern army in Virginia. Then joined a cavalry company as a private. This command was employed as escort to various generals in the West. Was promoted to be Second Lieutenant of cavalry, and subsequently First Lieutenant of light artillery, which position he held at the time of the surrender of Johnston to Sherman, at Greensboro, N. C., April 27, 1865. He writes: "I took part in many battles and skirmishes, but never received a scratch."

Went to Galveston, Texas, and engaged again in the insurance business. Was Secretary of a local company for ten years, and is at present at the head of the principal agency firm of Texas. Served three years as a member of the Board of Health of Galveston. Is a Commissioner of Galveston County, and Chairman of the Finance Committee of the County Commissioners Court.

Married, in New Orleans, October 19, 1865, Marie Amelia, daughter of Omer and Louisa (Roche) Lauve, of that city.

Has had five children: Louise Marie, born July 28, 1866, died October, 1872; Marie Bertha, born October 23, 1871, died February, 1873; Marie Adèle, born September 11, 1873, died May, 1874; Numa Olivier, born September 5, 1875; Marie Amelia, born April 15, 1878, died May, 1879.

Address, Galveston, Texas.

**LAWRENCE, FRANK WILLIAM.** Born in Brookline, Mass., November 20, 1839; son of William R. and Susan C. (Dana) Lawrence.

Left the class at the end of the Freshman year, and in September, 1858, entered the class of 1861, but did not grad-

uate. Went to Portland, Maine, in 1860, to study medicine. Was in the Harvard Medical School in 1861 and 1862. In February, 1862, went to Port Royal, S. C., as one of the surgeons of the Sea Islands, appointed by the Educational Commission. In the fall of 1862 was made Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. A., and stationed on St. Helena Island. Bought a large plantation on the Island in 1863, and was quite successful in raising Sea Island cotton. Sold his plantation in 1866, and returned North, and has since lived in Longwood. Has chiefly been occupied in caring for the family estate. Has been Selectman of Brookline from 1876 to 1880, and is now Chairman of the Board of Park Commissioners of Brookline.

Married, January 27, 1863, Lucilla, daughter of Charles R. and Martha A. (Jackson) Train, of Framingham, Mass.

Has had no children.

Address, Longwood, Brookline, Mass.

PERDICARIS, ION HANFORD. Left college at the end of the first term of the Sophomore year. Then resided at Trenton, N. J. He made a brief appearance in New York in 1879, as a theatrical manager, but soon retired from the field, and went to Africa.

Is married and has several children.

Address, Tangiers, Africa.

\* PERRY, GEORGE BROWNE. Born in Boston, 1839; son of Dr. Marshall and Abby (Stimpson) Perry.

He received his early education at the Latin School in Boston, and entered college in 1856. Left Cambridge in the Sophomore year to go into business. Continued in business until the breaking out of the war, in the spring of 1861, when he enlisted in the Fourth Battalion of the Mass. Volunteer

Militia, then better known as the "New England Guards." Served with this battalion while it was in garrison at Fort Independence and until July 10, 1861, when he was appointed First Lieutenant Twentieth Mass. Vols. Early in the following September was sent with his regiment to the seat of war. Took part in the battle of Ball's Bluff, Va., October 21. At the close of that disastrous day, he, with Colonel Lee, Major Revere, and other officers of the regiment, was taken prisoner and sent to Richmond, and there confined until the spring of 1862, in the notorious Libby prison. Immediately upon his liberation, although his health had been permanently impaired by ill-treatment and privations during imprisonment, he rejoined his regiment and was present with it during the greater part of the Peninsula campaign of 1862. His health, however, had been so much broken that he was unable to endure the hardships of that campaign and was taken down with typhoid fever. After a long and painful sickness at Fortress Monroe and Baltimore, he at last so far recovered that he was able to return to his home in Boston, but was never able to rejoin his regiment, and on September 30, 1862, was discharged for permanent disability. As soon as he felt able to devote himself to any pursuit, he began the study of law in the office of the Hon. Josiah G. Abbott. In due course of time was admitted to the bar and began the practice of law in Boston, in partnership with Thomas Dean, Esq. In the autumn of 1866 failing health compelled him to give up the practice of his profession. Under the advice of his physician he determined to spend the winter in a milder climate, and with that intention left Boston. He was, however, unable to proceed further than New York, and there, after a painful illness, died January 31, 1867. The cause of his death was a pulmonary complaint,

contracted while in the military service of his country. It may be justly said that he died that the Union might live, no less truly than if he had fallen and died a comparatively painless death amid the turmoil and excitement of one of the many battles in which he took part. His wife survived him and died June 5, 1873.

Married, in Boston, October 5, 1865, Caroline Mercy, the elder sister of our classmates, E. G. and H. L. Abbott.

Had no children.

\* PRINGLE, CHARLES ALSTON. Born in Charleston, S. C., January 14, 1841; son of William Bull and Mary Motte (Alston) Pringle.

Left college at the end of the first term of the Junior year, and went abroad. Was studying in Berlin at the beginning of the war. At once returned home and was appointed Second Lieutenant in the First Regiment of the Confederate States Provisional Army. He died in Charleston, June 29, 1862, of malarious fever; contracted in camp. His father, aged eighty, and his mother, aged seventy-seven, are still living. His brother, W. Alston Pringle, writes: "Gentle and affectionate as a woman, no man was firmer in his temper, or more decided in his principles." In this expression of feeling all of us who knew him will heartily unite.

He did not marry.

\* RODMAN, WILLIAM ROTCH. Born in Boston, October 26, 1839; son of Samuel W. and Emma (Motley) Rodman.

Left college during the first term of the Junior year. Then went to Europe and died in Paris in December, 1860.

\* RUSSELL, WARREN DUTTON. Born in Boston, April 30, 1840; son of James Dutton and Ellen (Hooper) Russell.

Left college at the end of the first term of the Freshman year and entered Amherst. He had been there but a few months when he decided not to complete the under-graduate course, and began to study law. He read for a while at home; then entered the office of Darwin E. Ware, of Boston, where he remained until the fall of 1860, when he entered the Harvard Law School. He was commissioned Second Lieutenant in the Eighteenth Mass. Vols., August 20, 1861, and was promoted to First Lieutenant, July 16, 1862. His regiment was first stationed at one of the forts near Washington, but was soon actively engaged in the operations of the Army of the Potomac. He was killed in the second battle of Bull Run, Va., August 30, 1862. For its part in this battle his regiment received great praise from both the Division and Corps commanders. More than half of the number who went into the engagement were killed or wounded. Mr. Darwin E. Ware, from whose memoir of Russell this information is derived, thus writes of his qualifications for a soldier: "The period of his military service was a short one, too short to enable him to rise to a sphere of responsibility, and obtain a distinction equal to his powers. . . . He had been a gallant, faithful, and excellent soldier. The capacity for endurance he had shown was quite remarkable. The winter's encampment, the damps and miasms of the Chickahominy swamps, the marches all night without sleep, and all day under a burning sun never lowered the tone of his health or spirits. He bore the disasters of the Peninsula campaign undismayed, and preserved through all a hopeful courage. He was respected, beloved and relied upon by both officers and men. The high expectation they had formed of him he did not disappoint in his final and greatest trial. His gallantry received the warmest praise from his superiors in command. The last



moment of his life was the best hour of his valor. Standing close by the colors of his regiment, waving his sword, and cheering on his men in a charge, a grape shot struck him in the neck, and killed him instantly. He was buried on the spot where he fell. A pile of roughly hewn stone and cannon-balls has been raised in commemoration of the battle, on that part of the ground which was the scene of the most desperate passage of the fight. His grave is just inside the little fence that encircles this monument."

He did not marry.

\* **SALTER, CHARLES CHRISTIE.** Left college in the Sophomore year, and afterwards joined the class of 1861, with which he completed the college course. Then entered the Harvard Divinity School, graduating in 1865. Was subsequently settled in Arlington, Mass. Afterward resigned his position and commenced the study of law. His health failing he sailed for Europe, and died at sea in 1870.

**SCHLEY, WILLIAM CADWALADER.** Born in Baltimore, Md., April 30, 1840; son of William and Ann Cadwalader (Ringgold) Schley.

His mother was daughter of the late General Samuel Ringgold, U. S. A., and sister of the late Admiral Cadwalader Ringgold, U. S. N., and of Captain Samuel Ringgold, U. S. A., who was killed at the battle of Palo Alto, Mexico, 1846.

Left college in the Sophomore year to study law in Baltimore. Was admitted to the bar in 1861. Shortly after went South and joined the Southern army. Was signal officer on the staff of Gen. Fitzhugh Lee. Was wounded in the left hip at Gettysburg, on July 3, and taken prisoner that night. Was afterward exchanged, and continued in the service till the

end of the war. Commanded a company in a regiment raised in Maryland in 1877 to put down the railroad riots, and served along the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad till order was restored. Is in the practice of law in Baltimore. Has written various articles, among which may be mentioned, "Pews in Churches, Stalls in Markets, and Lots in Cemeteries," published in the American Law Register for 1880. Was sole counsel in case of schooner "Mary H. Banks," vs. "Falcon," in which, in the U. S. Supreme Court he secured a reversal of the decision of the U. S. Circuit Court, obtaining a verdict of \$16,000. The opposing counsel were Messrs. J. H. B. Latrobe and S. Teackle Wallis, two of the most prominent lawyers in Maryland.

Married, December 17, 1868, Ellen, daughter of St. George W. Teackle, of Baltimore.

Has three children: Ann Teackle, born January 8, 1870; William Cadwalader, born March 18, 1871; St. George Teackle, born August 23, 1872.

Address, 31 Lexington Street, Baltimore, Md.

SMITH, THOMAS PARKER. Born in Boston, January 14, 1837; son of Thomas Parker and Eliza W. Smith.

Studied law in Washington, in the office of Jeremiah S. Black, then U. S. Attorney General. Afterwards was appointed Consul to La Rochelle, France. Returned to Boston for a while and went again to France. At the breaking out of the Franco-Prussian war a meeting of the consuls of England, Spain, Italy, Holland, Belgium, Germany, Norway and Sweden, and the United States, was held at La Rochelle and Smith was elected Dean of the Consular Body with full power, &c. His service during this war was recognized by our Government, and Congress passed an act allowing "addi-

tional compensation to the Consul at La Rochelle, for extraordinary service during the late war in Europe." In the book, "Our Representatives Abroad," he is described as a man of imposing appearance and agreeable manners. Speaks several languages, and is popular in the service.

STEARNS, JAMES HENRY. Born in Hampton Falls, N. H., January 9, 1840; son of Orrin Orlando and Nancy Crawford (Valentine) Stearns.

Left college at the end of the Freshman year, and afterwards entered the class of 1862, in which he graduated. Studied law, and is now City Attorney of Freeport, Illinois.

Married in 1869, Ruth M. Chapin, of Dubuque, Iowa.

STEARNS, JAMES PIERCE. Born at Brookline, Mass., February 10, 1840; son of Charles and Hannah Clapp (Pierce) Stearns.

Left college at the end of the Freshman year. Was commissioned Second Lieutenant of Company K., Twenty-second Mass. Vols., October 1, 1861. Was at the siege of Yorktown, Va., April 5, to May 4, 1862; at the battle of Hanover Court House, May 26; Mechanicsville, June 26; Gaines' Mills, June 27, where he was wounded and taken as prisoner to Libby Prison, Richmond, Va.; was paroled and afterwards exchanged in July; and promoted to First Lieutenant, August 5. His left leg was amputated, September 23, in consequence of the wound received June 27. Was discharged for disability, February 14, 1863, and commissioned First Lieutenant of the Veteran Reserve Corps, U. S. A., June 27. In 1863, '64 and '65 was on duty at Hartford and New Haven, Conn., and David's Island, New York Harbor; was honorably discharged, June 30, 1866. Entered the Shaw-

mut National Bank of Boston, December, 1867, and was made Cashier, January, 1875. Is a member of the Military Order, Loyal Legion, U. S.

Married, June 27, 1865, in Boston, Mass., Elizabeth Shaw, daughter of William and Betsy Bramhall.

Has four children: William Bramhall, born March 21, 1868; Mary Elizabeth, born April 29, 1872; Kate, born August 21, 1873; Helen Shaw, born December 1, 1875.

Address, Shawmut National Bank, Boston, Mass.

STONE, JAMES KENT. Was in the class only the first term of the Freshman year, and then went abroad. In March, 1858, he entered the class of 1861, in which he graduated. Was then for a year usher in Mr. Dixwell's school, Boston. Enlisted as private in the Second Mass. Vols., August 7, 1862; was commissioned Second Lieutenant, August 9, 1862; resigned on account of disability contracted in the service, January 9, 1863. Soon after leaving the army was made Assistant Professor of Latin in Kenyon College, Gambier, Ohio; and in June, 1863, was appointed Professor. Was ordained in the Episcopal Church, in June, 1866.

Married, in Brookline, Mass., August 26, 1863, Cornelia, daughter of Harrison Fay, Esq.

His wife subsequently died, leaving four children.

He became a Roman Catholic priest in 1869, and is supposed to be now in Europe. *'81 Gove's S. American & Foreign Almanac - Roman Catholic. Father Fidelity.*

\* THAYER, EBENEZER FRANCIS. Born in Boston, December 7, 1837; son of John Eliot and Anna (Francis) Thayer.

Left college in the Sophomore year. Died at Avignon, France, May 1, 1858.

\* THOMPSON, ABNER FRANCIS. Left college at the end of the Junior year. Resided at home in Dorchester, Mass., and engaged in business till his death, in the winter of 1865. Efforts to obtain further information have failed.

WHITTEMORE, EDMUND WINCHESTER. Left college at the end of the first term of the Freshman year. He then resided in West Roxbury, Mass. Served in the war as boat-swain's mate U. S. N. Has not been heard from since.

\* WILKINSON, ARTHUR. Born in Boston, October 27, 1841; son of Arthur and Martha Walker (Turner) Wilkinson.

Left college on account of illness in November, 1859, and went with his parents to Georgia, hoping for the restoration of his health. His strength continued to fail, however, and he returned North in May, 1860, and died in Cambridge on the 31st of that month. His brilliant scholarship is remembered by all, as well as his beautiful and intellectual face, and kindly disposition. President Felton well said of him: "Purity, manliness and ardent youth well harmonize together. \* \* \* Refined in manners, gentle in bearing, and quiet in speech." He is buried in Mount Auburn, Cambridge, and on his monument are the following lines written by his brother: "Praeceptus morte immatura, juvenis ingenio et virtute praestans in coelum transiit. Et in Christo vivit."

He did not marry. *A.B. May 18, 1871 -*

\* WILSON, GEORGE WILLIAM. Born in New York City, August 10, 1839; son of George T. and Eleanor J. (Duer) Wilson.



Left college at the end of the first term of the Sophomore year, and was engaged in business in New York, living at Staten Island. He died suddenly at Staten Island, April 15, 1872.

Married, in New York, June 4, 1866, Adele Fowler, who died in 1878.

Had no children.

WINSOR, HENRY. Left college at the end of the Freshman year. He then resided in Boston, Mass. October 14, 1861, enlisted as private in the Sixth Penn. Vols. Cavalry; was made sergeant, October 25. Promoted to Second Lieutenant, December 14, 1861; to First Lieutenant, November 18, 1862; to Captain, April 1, 1863; discharged on account of disability, July 29, 1864. Resides in Philadelphia. No further information has been obtained.

*Married Elizabeth, daughter of Francis T. Jackson  
(Booth) Jackson, of Boston.*



## APPENDIX.

Additional information received too late for insertion in order.

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\* ADAMS, WILLIAM HOOPER. Born in Boston, January 8, 1838; son of Rev. Dr. Nehemiah and Martha (Hooper) Adams.

In 1865 he was installed over the Circular Presbyterian Church in Charleston, S. C., where he remained till his resignation in 1878. He then returned to Boston, to be near his father, and to carry on his literary work. He preached at Middleboro and Lexington, until March, 1880, when he accepted a call from the church on Sullivan's Island, near Charleston, for the summer. Soon after his arrival there he was attacked with jaundice, which developed into typhoid fever, and he died May 15, 1880. Was A. M. of Harvard.

Married, in Athens, Georgia, October 3, 1866, Pauline Thomas, who died in 1876.

Had no children.

Married, in Charleston, S. C., March, 1877, Margaret Holmes.

Had two children: Pauline, born February 19, 1878; William Hooper, born July 10, 1880.

(See page 17.)

ALLEN, HENRY FREEMAN. Is now rector of the Church of the Messiah, Boston. No further information has

been obtained. In response to a personal request from a classmate he said that he had no time to write his life.  
(See page 18.)

BRADLEE, FREDERIC WAINWRIGHT. Married, in Jamaica Plain, Mass., April 28, 1862, Mary Whiting, daughter of Henry Kenney and Helen (Barnes) Horton. † Dec 8

Has had three children: Josiah, born March 18, 1863, died September 7, 1865; Thomas Stevenson, born October 6, 1868; Roger Wainwright, born July 26, 1873.

(See page 22.)

MORSE, JOHN TORREY. Has two children: Cabot Jackson, born May 21, 1868; John Torrey, born February 4, 1873; both in Boston.

(See page 57.)

\* PHILLIPS, CHARLES APPLETON. Born in Salem, Mass., January 31, 1841; son of Stephen Clarendon and Margaret Mason (Peele) Phillips.

Died at Gold Hill, Nevada, March 20, 1876.

(See page 73.)

These have the degree of A. M., though it is not mentioned in place:

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APPLETON,	HAYDEN,
BATCHELDER,	HOLWAY,
BURDICK,	HORTON,
CARTER,	HUNNEWELL, F. W.,
COPELAND,	HUNNEWELL, J. W.,
DOE,	LELAND,
EVERETT,	LEONARD,
FURNESS,	MACKINTOSH,
HASLETT,	MUNSON,
HAUGHTON,	NELSON.

## SUMMARY.

The names of the temporary members are printed hereafter in *Italics*.

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### OCCUPATIONS.

**BUSINESS.**—Atwood, Burgess, Everett, Hayden, Horton, F. W. Hunnewell, Johnson, Leland, Nelson, Palfrey, Parsons, Russell, Scott, Tappan, Weed, S. M. Weld, Whittier, Wilson,—18. *Atkinson, Gay, Lauve, J. P. Stearns*,—4. Total, 22.

**LAW.**—G. E. Adams, Bowman, Burdick, Clapp, Fiske, Furness, Paul, Shippen, Stokes, Thomas, A. F. Wadsworth, Washburn, Wetmore, Young,—14. *Schley, J. H. Stearns*,—2. Total, 16.

**LITERATURE AND THE PRESS.**—Doe, Howland, Morse, Spaulding, Wade, Weymouth,—6.

**MEDICINE.**—B. F. D. Adams, Driver, Haslett, Nickerson, Osborne, Presbrey, Stevens, Swan, O. F. Wadsworth, Webber, F. M. Weld, Wheelock, Willard,—13. *C. H. Hall, Hazelton*,—2. Total, 15.

**MISCELLANEOUS.**—Appleton, Bradlee, Brandon, Crowninshield, Dexter, Haseltine, J. W. Hunnewell, Jarves, Niles, Sherwin, G. W. Weld,—11. *Balch, A. W. Gannett, Greene, Lawrence, T. P. Smith, Stone*,—6. Total, 17.

**TEACHING.**—G. E. H. Abbott, Batchelder, Mackintosh, J. W. Stearns, Towle, Warren, Woodward,—7. *Eustis*,—1. Total, 8.

**THEOLOGY.**—Allen, Copeland, Fernald, W. C. Gannett, Haughton Hinckley, Holway, Humphreys, Knapp, Munson, Wheeler, G. H. Whittemore, Wood,—13.

**UNKNOWN.**—Carter, Horne,—2. *Brown, Elder, Perdicaris, E. W. Whittemore, Winsor*,—5. Total, 7.

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### MILITARY RECORD

#### UNION.

\* Abbott, E. G.: Captain, Second Mass. Vols., May 24, 1861; killed at the battle of Cedar Mountain, Va., August, 9, 1862; brevetted Major, U. S. Vols., 1865.

\* Abbott, H. L.: Second Lieutenant, Twentieth Mass. Vols., July 20, 1861; First Lieutenant, November 8. Wounded June 30, 1862, at Glendale, Va.; Captain, August 29; Major, May 1, 1863; killed at the battle of the Wilderness, Va., May 6, 1864. Brevetted Colonel and Brigadier-General, U. S. Vols., 1865.



- Adams, G. E. : private, First Illinois Artillery, April 19, 1861 ; mustered out, August.
- Appleton: private, Independent Corps of Cadets, of Boston, 1864; First Lieutenant, 1867; resigned, 1871.
- Batchelder: Surgeon's Steward, U. S. N., November 29, 1862; discharged for disability, December 31, 1863.
- Clapp: private, Forty-fourth Mass. Vols., August, 1862; mustered out, June 18, 1863.
- Copeland: private, Forty-fourth Mass. Vols., August 29, 1862; mustered out, June 18, 1863.
- Crowninshield: Captain, Twentieth Mass. Vols., July 10, 1861; Captain, First Mass. Cavalry, November 25; Major, Second Mass. Cavalry, January 30, 1863; Lieutenant-Colonel, March 1, 1864; Colonel, October 21; brevetted Brigadier-General, May 5, 1865; resigned, June 10.
- Dexter: First Lieutenant, One Hundred and Sixth Ohio Vols., August 11, 1862; resigned, November 9.
- Driver: Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. A., February, 1862; resigned, November.
- Everett: sergeant, Fifth Mass. Vols., September 16, 1862; Second Lieutenant, Second Mass. Heavy Artillery, July 30, 1863; discharged, September 3, 1865.
- \*Fox: Second Lieutenant, Second Mass. Vols., August 14, 1862; First Lieutenant, November 1; Captain, June 6, 1863; died from wound in left ankle, July 25.
- Furness: private, First Pennsylvania Gray Reserves, July 1, 1863; First Lieutenant, Third U. S. Colored Troops, August 13; Captain, Forty-fifth U. S. Colored Troops, December, 1864; Major and Judge Advocate, U. S. Vols., February 22, 1865; discharged, October 10.
- Hayden: Second Lieutenant, Third U. S. Artillery, August 5, 1861; First Lieutenant, February, 1862; brevetted Captain and Major, U. S. A., March 13, 1865.
- Holway: Chaplain, U. S. N., October 2, 1868. Still in the service.
- Horton: Captain, Ohio Militia, 1861—1865.
- Humphreys: Chaplain, Second Mass. Cavalry, July 4, 1863; discharged, April 16, 1865.
- Jarves: private, Second Wisconsin Vols., April 19, 1861; sergeant, Twenty-fourth Mass. Vols., October 1; Second Lieutenant, December 1; Major, Fifty-sixth Mass. Vols., January 8, 1864; Lieutenant-Colonel, May 7; mustered out, July 14, 1865.
- Johnson: First Lieutenant Forty-fourth Mass. Vols., August 29, 1862; Adjutant, May 20, 1863; mustered out, June 18.
- Knapp: private, Forty-fourth Mass. Vols., August 29, 1862; mustered out, June 18, 1863.
- Leland: sergeant, Twelfth Unattached Company, Mass. Vol. Militia, May 16, to August 15, 1865.

- \* Mills: Second Lieutenant, Second Mass. Vols., August 14, 1862; First Lieutenant, August 17; discharged on account of wounds, April, 1863; Adjutant, Fifty-sixth Mass. Vols., August 22; Captain, July 7, 1864; brevetted Major, February, 1865; killed at Hatcher's Run, Va., March 31.
- \* Mudge: First Lieutenant, Second Mass. Vols., May 25, 1861; Captain, July 8; Major, November 9, 1862; Lieutenant-Colonel, June 6, 1863; killed at Gettysburg, July 3.
- Nelson: Engineer, Quartermaster's Department, U. S. A., April, 1864; discharged, March 31, 1865.
- \* Newcomb: private, Nineteenth Mass. Vols., August, 1861; sergeant-major, June 18, 1862; Second Lieutenant, November 1; First Lieutenant, November 13; died of wounds, December 13.
- Nickerson: Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. N., October 1863; resigned in the fall of 1864.
- Osborne: Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. A., June, 1862; Assistant Surgeon, First Mass. Cavalry, March 17, 1863; Surgeon, Fifth Mass. Cavalry, December 30; resigned, May 7, 1864; Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. A., August; resigned, September, 1865.
- Palfrey: private, Thirteenth Mass. Vols., August 11, 1862; Captain, Ninety-eighth U. S. Colored Troops, May 10, 1864; mustered out, January 10, 1866.
- Parsons: Second Lieutenant, First Mass. Cavalry, August 22, 1862; First Lieutenant, February 13, 1863; Captain, Fifth Mass. Cavalry, January 7, 1864; Major, June 3, 1865; discharged, June 16.
- \* Perkins: private and sergeant, Forty-fourth Mass. Vols., September 12, 1862; Second Lieutenant, Second Mass. Vols., January 26, 1863; First Lieutenant, July 7; Captain, March 17, 1865; mustered out, July 14.
- \* Phillips: marine in Mass. service, April, 1861; Second Lieutenant, Fifth Mass. Battery, October 23; First Lieutenant, July 13, 1862; Captain, October 18; brevetted Major, August 1, 1864; mustered out, June 12, 1865.
- \* Rogers: private, Eighteenth Mass. Vols., September, 1861, quartermaster-sergeant, and sergeant-major; died of fever near Richmond, Va., June, 1862.
- Russell, H. S.: First Lieutenant, Second Mass. Vols., May 25, 1861; Captain, December 13; Lieutenant-Colonel, Second Mass. Cavalry, January 23, 1863; Colonel, Fifth Mass. Cavalry, April 5, 1864; discharged, February 15, 1865; brevetted Brigadier-General, U. S. Vols., June 1.
- Scott: Second Lieutenant, Second Mass. Vols., January, 1862; Captain and Assistant Adjutant-General, U. S. Vols., July 17.; Major, Fourth Mass. Cavalry, 1864; Lieutenant-Colonel, April, 1865; mustered out in November.
- \* Shaw: private, New York Seventh Militia, April 19, 1861; Second Lieutenant, Second Mass. Vols., May 20; First Lieutenant, July 8; Captain, August 10, 1862; Colonel, Fifty-fourth Mass. Vols., April 17, 1863; killed at Fort Wagner, S. C., July 18.

- Sherwin: Adjutant, Twenty-second Mass. Vols., October 1, 1861; Major, June 18, 1862; Lieutenant-Colonel, October 17; brevetted Colonel and Brigadier-General, U. S. Vols., September 30, 1864; mustered out, October 17.
- Swan: Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. A., July 21, 1863; discharged in December.
- Tappan: First Lieutenant, Forty-fifth Mass. Vols., October 8, 1862; Captain, October 14; mustered out, July 17.
- Wadsworth, O. F.: Assistant Surgeon, Fifth Mass. Cavalry, April 7, 1865; brevetted Captain; mustered out, October 31.
- \* Walker: private, Twentieth Ohio Vols., December 10, 1861; Captain and Assistant Adjutant-General, U. S. Vols., September 29, 1862; discharged on account of wounds, April 14, 1865.
- Washburn: First Lieutenant, Thirty-ninth Mass. Vols., August 25, 1862; resigned, January 24, 1863.
- Webber: Assistant Surgeon, U. S. N., May 22, 1862; resigned, April 10, 1865.
- Weld, F. M.: Medical Cadet, U. S. A., May 3, 1862; Assistant Surgeon, U. S. N., May 22; resigned, January 11, 1864; Surgeon, Twenty-seventh U. S. Colored Troops, April 22; mustered out, September 21, 1865.
- Weld, S. M.: Volunteer Aide, October, 1861; Second Lieutenant-Eighteenth Mass. Vols., January, 1862; afterwards First Lieutenant and Captain; Lieutenant-Colonel, Fifty-sixth Mass. Vols., August, 1863; Colonel, May, 1864; brevetted Brigadier-General; U. S. Vols., 1865; mustered out, July 12.
- \* Weston: private, Forty-fourth Mass. Vols., September 12, 1862; Second Lieutenant, Eighteenth Mass. Vols., March 4, 1863; died from wounds, January 5, 1864.
- Wheelock: Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. A., December, 1864; discharged, July, 1865.
- Whittier: Second Lieutenant, Twentieth Mass. Vols., July 10, 1861. First Lieutenant, November 26; Captain, November 12, 1862, Major, April 25, 1863; brevetted Lieutenant-Colonel, U. S. Vols; October 19, 1864; Lieutenant-Colonel and Assistant Adjutant, General, February, 1865; brevetted Brigadier-General, May 18; resigned, July, 1870.
- Willard: Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. N., May 1, 1863; Assistant Surgeon, June 1; resigned, September 10, 1865.
- Wood: private and sergeant, Eleventh N. H. Vols., August 12, 1862; Second Lieutenant, July 25, 1864; First Lieutenant, January 8, 1865; mustered out, June 4.
- Woodward: Captain, Forty-eighth Mass. Vols., August, 1862; mustered out, August, 1863. 50.
- Atkinson: private, Mass. Coast Guard, July and August, 1861.
- \* Barstow: Second Lieutenant, Twenty-fourth Mass. Vols., September 2, 1861; First Lieutenant, December 28, 1862; died, May 22, 1864.
- Brown: private, Sixteenth Mass. Vols., July 2, 1861; Eleventh Mass. Vols., July 12, 1864.

- \* *Curtis* : Captain and Assistant Quartermaster, U. S. Vols., November, 1862; resigned, January 1, 1864.
- Gannett, A. W.* : private, One Hundred and Second N. Y. Vols., April 18, 1862; discharged, March 4, 1863.
- \* *Hall, H. W.* : First Lieutenant, Fifty-first Illinois Vols., December 24, 1861; Captain, June 28, 1862; Adjutant, September 30; killed at Kenesaw Mountain, Georgia, June 27, 1864.
- Hazelton* : Assistant Surgeon, U. S. N., December 11, 1861; resigned, July, 1865.
- Lawrence* : Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. A., in the fall of 1862; resigned.
- \* *Perry* : First Lieutenant, Twentieth Mass. Vols., July 10, 1861; discharged for disability, September 30, 1862.
- \* *Russell, W. D.* : Second Lieutenant, Eighteenth Mass. Vols., August 20, 1861; First Lieutenant, July 16, 1862; killed at the second battle of Bull Run, August 30.
- Stearns, J. P.* : Second Lieutenant, Twenty-second Mass. Vols., October 1, 1861; First Lieutenant, August 5, 1862; discharged for disability, resulting from wounds, February 14, 1863; First Lieutenant, Veteran Reserve Corps, U. S. A., June 27; discharged, June 30, 1866.
- Stone* : private, Second Mass. Vols., August 7, 1862; Second Lieutenant, August 9; discharged for disability, January 9, 1863.
- Whittemore* : *E. W.*, Boatswain's Mate, U. S. N.
- Winsor* : private, Sixth Penn. Cavalry, October 14, 1861; sergeant, October 25; Second Lieutenant, December 14; First Lieutenant, November 18, 1862; Captain, April 1, 1863; discharged for disability, July 29, 1864. 50 + 14 = 64.

## CONFEDERATE.

- Brandon* : private, Twenty-first Mississippi Vols., April 28, 1861; Captain, August 13, 1863; captured, April 6, 1865.
- \* *Magenis* : Captain and Assistant Adjutant-General, C. S. A.; killed in Ohio, July 4, 1864.
- \* *Skinner* : Captain, North Carolina Vols.; killed at Reams' Station, August 25, 1864.
- Stokes* : private, and First Lieutenant in South Carolina Cavalry, April, 1861; "indefinitely furloughed," April, 1865. 4.
- \* *Jones* : Captain, North Carolina Vols., 1861; died of wounds, November 6, 1863.
- Lauve* : Captain, Louisiana Vols., March, 1861; private in cavalry, spring of 1862; afterwards Second Lieutenant, and First Lieutenant of Artillery; captured, April 27, 1865.
- \* *Pringle* : Second Lieutenant, First Regiment C. S. Provisional Army, died, June 29, 1862.
- Schley* : First Lieutenant, staff of Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, 1861: discharged by the close of the war. 4 + 4 = 8.

## DEATHS.

Abbott, E. G. : August 9, 1862.  
 Abbott, H. L. : May 6, 1864.  
 Adams, W. H. : May 5, 1880.  
 Colburn : September 9, 1875.  
 Cole : January 3, 1871.  
 Fairfield : January 8, 1865.  
 Fox : July 25, 1863.  
 Hood : December 21, 1861.  
 Hopkins, M. : August 26, 1879.  
 Leonard : April 23, 1875.  
 Magenis : July 4, 1864.  
 Mills : March 31, 1865.  
 Mudge : July 3, 1863.  
 Newcomb : December 20, 1862.  
 Perkins : January 18, 1879.  
 Phillips : spring of 1877.  
 Rogers : June, 1862.  
 Shaw : July 18, 1863.  
 Skinner : August 25, 1864.  
 Smith, A. G. : November 16, 1874.  
 Walker : December 30, 1874.  
 Weston : January 5, 1864.  
 White : July 8, 1872.  
 Williams : September 4, 1864,—24.

*Andrew* : October 14, 1857.  
*Baker* : February 1, 1871.  
*Barstow* : May 22, 1864.  
*Bowen* : October, 1857.  
*Curtis* : August 31, 1876.  
*Hall, H. W.* : June 27, 1864.  
*Hopkins, A.* : March 17, 1873.  
*Hubbard* : May 22, 1865.  
*Jones* : November 6, 1863.  
*Perry* : January 31, 1867.  
*Pringle* : June 29, 1862.  
*Rodman* : December, 1860.  
*Russell, W. D.* : Aug. 30, 1862.  
*Salter* : 1870.  
*Thayer* : May 1, 1858.  
*Thompson* : 1865.  
*Williamson* : May 31, 1860. *kin*  
*Wilson, G. W.* : April 15,  
 1872,—18.

24+18=42.

## MARRIAGES.

Adams, B. F. D. : July 8, 1868, Catherine Hutchinson Brinley, of Hartford, Conn.  
 Adams, G. E. : November 30, 1871, Adele Foster, of Chicago, Ill.  
 Adams, W. H. : October 3, 1866, Pauline Thomas, of Athens, Ga., who died in 1876. March, 1877, Margaret Holmes, of Charleston, S. C.  
 Allen : June 8, 1865, Georgiana M. Stowe, of Hartford, Conn.  
 Appleton : August 12, 1871, Edith Stuart Appleton, of Baltimore, Md.  
 Atwood : April 17, 1861, Alice Brown Williams, of Taunton, Mass.  
 Batchelder : October 7, 1875, Annie Marie Varney, of Manchester, N. H.  
 Bowman : June 20, 1866, Martha Emily Tufts, of Lexington, Mass.  
 Bradlee : April 28, 1862, Mary Whiting Horton, of Jamaica Plain, Mass.  
 Brandon : October 24, 1865, Anna Eliza Semple, of Wilkinson Co., Miss.  
 Carter : date of marriage and name of wife unknown.  
 Clapp : June 23, 1869, Florence Clarke, of Oswego, N. Y.  
 Colburn : April 19, 1866, Mary Croke Dinsmore, of Manchester, N. H.  
 Copeland : September 4, 1867, Carrie Maud Townsends, of Boston, Mass.  
 Crowninshield : November 11, 1868, Elizabeth Clark Greene, of Boston, Mass.  
 Doe : June 1, 1870, Mary Waldo Archer, of Salem, Mass.  
 Driver : September 6, 1866, Martha Hamilton Clarence, of Cambridge, Mass.



- Everett: 1864, Letitia Buchanan, of Auchentorlie, Centre County, Penn., who died September 17, 1866. 1870, Sarah Jane Parker, of New York City.
- Fairfield: May 7, 1863, Helen H. Winsor, of Boston, Mass.
- Fernald: April 27, 1869, Mary Beulah Griggs, of Rutland, Vermont, who died June 7, 1870. June 18, 1873, Nettie Barker, of McConnelville, Ohio.
- Fiske: June 4, 1868, Cornelia Frothingham Robbins, of Boston, Mass., who died February 29, 1872.
- Furness: March 27, 1865, Lucy Fairfield Wadsworth, of Boston, Mass.
- Haughton: February 7, 1865, Augustine Mellet, of Lausanne, Switzerland.
- Hayden: October 23, 1872, Harriet Putnam, of Boston, Mass.
- Hinckley: August 25, 1862, Mary Goddard Judkins, of Fall River, Mass., who died July 27, 1873. October 15, 1874, Caroline Frances Noyes, of Cambridgeport, Mass.
- Holway: November 8, 1860, Hepsie Croft, of Boston, Mass.
- Horne: March 24, 1864, Florence Allen, of Rollinsford, N. H.
- Horton: October 16, 1862, Elizabeth Spelman Howe, of Cambridge, Mass.
- Howland: September 27, 1863, Helen Elizabeth Morris, of New York City.
- Humphreys: April 15, 1868, Kate J. Mattoon, of Greenfield, Mass., who died January 15, 1879.
- Hunnewell, F. W.: May 6, 1865, Margaret Louisa Fassitt, of Philadelphia, Penn., who died in Nice, France, February 28, 1876.
- Johnson: October 14, 1863, Alice Frothingham Robbins, of Boston, Mass.
- Knapp: December 16, 1867, Frances Mitchell Folger, of Cambridge, Mass.
- Leonard: July 8, 1868, Ruth Collier Duxbury, of Taunton, Mass.
- Mackintosh: July 10, 1873, Frances Sargent Harrington, of New Bedford, Mass.
- Morse: June 10, 1865, Fanny P. Hovey, of Boston, Mass.
- Nelson: July 25, 1872, Emma Morris, of Slaterville, N. Y.
- Nickerson: November 14, 1866, Mary Wallace Lincoln, of Hingham, Mass.
- Niles: January 14, 1864, Mary Louise Adams, of Boston, Mass.
- Osborne: September 2, 1869, Sarah Pollock Van Brunt, of Dedham, Mass.
- Palfrey: October 17, 1872, Mary Durfee Lovejoy, of Bradford, Mass.
- Parsons: September 6, 1876, Julia Warth Michael, of Yarmouthport, Mass.
- Presbrey: October 1, 1863, Sarah Williams Briggs, of Taunton, Mass.
- Russell: May 6, 1863, Mary Hathaway Forbes, of Milton, Mass.
- Scott: June 20, 1872, Leonora Cranch, of New York City.
- Shaw: May 2, 1863, Anna Kneeland Haggerty, of New York City.

- Sherwin: January 18, 1870, Isabel Fiske Edwards, of Keene, N. H.
- Shippen: May 5, 1870, Elizabeth Jones Winslow, of Boston, Mass.
- Spaulding: May 5, 1867, Lucy Warland Plympton, of Cambridge, Mass.
- Stearns, J. W.: September 18, 1861, Florence Ella Blood, of Winona, Minn.
- Stevens: May 27, 1864, Méline Lallier, of Paris, France.
- Swan: June 24, 1869, Harriet Winchester de Karajan, of Boston, Mass.
- Tappan: March 17, 1870, Olivia Buckminster Lothrop, of Boston, Mass., who died March 10, 1878.
- Towle: November 30, 1870, Mary Elizabeth Ladd, of Painmill, Ohio.
- Wade: November 15, 1866, Almira Isabel Safford, of Portland, Maine.
- Wadsworth, A. F.: October 12, 1876, Lucy Goodwin, of Boston, Mass.
- Wadsworth, O. F.: April 16, 1867, Mary Chapman Goodwin, of Boston, Mass.
- Walker: September 19, 1866, Frances Higginson Tyng, of New York City.
- Webber: April 13, 1864, Nancy Pope Sturtevant, of Roxbury, Mass.
- Weed: June 20, 1867, Sarah Fanny Maury, of Liverpool, England.
- Weld, F. M.: April 11, 1872, Fanny Elizabeth Bartholomew, of Hartford, Conn.
- Weld, S. M.: June 1, 1869, Eloise Rodman, of Dedham, Mass.
- Wetmore: September 20, 1866, Helen Howland, of New York City.
- Wheeler: May 14, 1872, Annie Eliza Sweet, of North Kingston, R. I.
- Whelock: June, 1868, Margaret Robertson, of Philadelphia, Penn., who died on June 22, 1870. November 3, 1873, Alice Hallet, of New York City.
- Whittier: October, 1871, Elizabeth Inez Chadwick, of Boston, Mass.
- Willard: September 16, 1868, Caroline Cross Williamson, of Boston, Mass.
- Woodward: September 30, 1863, Fanny Stone Balch, of Newburyport, Mass.
- Young: September 28, 1870, Ellen Fellows, of Edgartown, Mass.—69.
- Atkinson*: November 6, 1864, Elizabeth Safford, of Brighton, Mass., who died March 16, 1877.
- Balch*: December 26, 1876, Emma Augusta Swasey, of Salem, Mass.
- Curtis*: May 11, 1861, Catherine De Forest Ely, of Rochester, N. Y.
- Eustis*: March 5, 1868, Annie Percy, of Natchez, Miss., who died November 28, 1875. July 10, 1879, Christine Percy, sister of his first wife.
- Gannett, A. W.*: October 30, 1872, Margaret Kate Ingalls, of Omaha, Nebraska.
- Gay*: November 15, 1865, Louisa M. Parker, of Boston, Mass.
- Greene*: April 23, 1862, Susan Moody Dana, of Charlestown, Mass.
- Hazelton*: October 23, 1867, Mary Allen Brewster, of Boston, Mass.
- Jones*: 1861, — Skinner, of Hertford County, N. C.
- Lauve*: October 19, 1865, Marie Amelia Lauve, of New Orleans, La.

*Lawrence* : January 27, 1863, Lucilla Train, of Framingham, Mass.

*Perdicaris* : date of marriage and name of wife unknown.

*Perry* : October 5, 1865, Caroline Mercy Abbott, of Boston, Mass.

*Schley* : December 17, 1868, Ellen Teackle, of Baltimore, Md.

*Stearns, J. H.* : 1869, Ruth M. Chapin, of Dubuque, Iowa.

*Stearns, J. P.* : June 27, 1865, Elizabeth Shaw Bramhall, of Boston, Mass.

*Stone* : August 26, 1863, Cornelia Fay, of Brookline, Mass.

*Wilson, G. W.* : June 4, 1866, Adèle Fowler, of New York City, who died in 1878.

*Winsor* : date of marriage and name of wife unknown.—19

Graduates,	-	-	-	-	-	69
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Temporary members,	-	-	-	-	-	19
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Total,	-	-	-	-	-	88
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#### Graduates.

In 1880,	-	-	-	-	-	69
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At date of last report, in 1866,	-	-	-	-	-	23
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Married since last report,	-	-	-	-	-	46
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#### Temporary members.

In 1880,	-	-	-	-	-	19
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At date of last report, in 1866,	-	-	-	-	-	4
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Married since last report,	-	-	-	-	-	15
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#### BIRTHS.

*Adams, B. F. D.* : Ellen Brinley, October 8, 1869, died July 28, 1871; Edward Brinley, May 8, 1871; Anne Bethune, November 3, 1873; Katherine Faneuil, December 30, 1875. 4—3 living.

*Adams, G. E.* : Franklin Everett, March 10, 1873; Isabel, June 8, 1876; Marion, October 25, 1878, died February 27, 1879. 3—2 living.

*Adams, W. H.* : Pauline, February 19, 1878; William Hooper, July 10, 1880. 2—living.

*Appleton* : Eleanor Armistead, May 11, 1872; William Sumner, May 29, 1874; Marjory Crane, May 19, 1875; Dorothy Everard, January 11, 1878. 4—living.

*Atwood* : Charles Augustus; Harry Church; Caroline Brown, died in 1865. 3—2 living.

*Batchelder* : Harriet Varney, October 12, 1878. 1—living.

*Bowman* : Martha Rosetta, October 17, 1868, died February 11, 1871; Mabel Emily, December 23, 1872; Eleanor Florence, October 19, 1874, died February 25, 1878; Ethel, October 1, 1878. 4—2 living.

- Brandon: Francina, July 6, 1867; Sarah, December 14, 1869; Isabel Sidell, January 5, 1874; Mary Ryland, February 27, 1879. 4—living.
- Carter: said to have four children.
- Clapp: Roger, March 20, 1877. 1—living.
- Copeland: Ellery Townsende, July 3, 1868, died August 13, 1868; Helen Waterston, October 25, 1869; Carroll Townsende, May 11, 1872, died July 8, 1872; Harold Townsende, August 6, 1874; Arthur Townsende, January 13, 1878. 5—3 living.
- Crowninshield: Harriet Sears, September 23, 1869; Elizabeth Copley, June 17, 1871. 2—living.
- Doe: Henry Waldo, April 11, 1871; Mary Archer, June 17, 1873; Alexander Wadsworth, August 21, 1875. 3—living.
- Driver: Martha Elizabeth, July 8, 1870. 1—living.
- Fernald: Charles Barker, June 10, 1874; Mary Griggs, March 2, 1876; Henry Dawson, January 9, 1878; Grace Maxwell, November 27, 1879. 4—living.
- Fiske: Charles Henry, February 18, 1872. 1—living.
- Furness: Grace Eliot, July 15, 1867; Elizabeth Margaret, September 6, 1868; Ruth Wadsworth, February 9, 1875; James Thwing, September 9, 1876. 4—living.
- Haughton: Victor Mellet, March 24, 1866; Marguerite, September 6, 1868; Marie, June 5, 1870; John Paul, April 10, 1872; Adele, November 1, 1874; Richard, August 6, 1877; Augustine, September 4, 1879. 7—living.
- Hayden: Mary Putnam, October 16, 1873; John Putnam, June 2, 1875; Harold, October 5, 1876. 3—living.
- Hinckley: Arthur Henry, July 6, 1864, died September 30, 1865; Lizzie Judkin, June 8, 1868; Mary Lyon, September 13, 1869; Bradford Charles, February 7, 1873, died January 13, 1878. 4—2 living. *ndier*
- Holway: Edith Burgess, (the class cradle-baby) October 16, 1861; Herbert Stetson, May 6, 1863, died December 24, 1867; Charles Wesley, July 17, 1866; Bertha Agnes, April 12, 1868; Archer Croft, June 25, 1873; Clinton Fisk, February 2, 1876. 6—5 living.
- Horton: Elizabeth Howe, August 8, 1863; Charles Dabney, April 14, 1866; Henry Pomeroy, February 26, 1869; Aimee Alsop, April 4, 1874. 4—living.
- Howland: Caroline Elizabeth, July 19, 1864; Francis, January 16, 1868. 2—living.
- Humphreys: Charles Mattoon, March 23, 1869, died September 1, 1869; Sarah Blake, September 17, 1870; Catherine Clapp, August 2, 1873; Elizabeth, July 23, 1875, died May 25, 1877. 4—2 living.
- Johnson: Charlotte Howe, August 11, 1864; Alice Cornelia, March 24, 1868; Mary Frothingham, September 2, 1875. 3—living.
- Knapp: Arthur Taylor, April 4, 1870. 1—living.
- \*Leonard: Edith Richmond, June 9, 1870. 1—living.

- Mackintosh: Robert Lane, July 26, 1876, died August 27, 1877. 1—dead.
- Morse: Cabot Jackson, May 21, 1868; John Torrey, February 4, 1873. 2—living.
- Nelson: Gertrude Jane, August 28, 1873; Ruth Augusta, May 31, 1876. 2—living.
- Nickerson: Mabel Dollner, February 14, 1869; George Anson, May 20, 1873, died April 14, 1878; Walter Grinnell, November 6, 1874, died July 29, 1875; Frank, June 6, 1876, died July 17, 1876; Mary Sargent, June 14, 1879. 5—2 living.
- Niles: Mary Hale, March 30, 1869; George Caspar, April 13, 1872; Rosamond Scott, March 24, 1876. 3—living.
- Osborne: Elizabeth Bradlee, June 19, 1870; Henry Deland, December 28, 1871, died February 19, 1875; Agnes, March 8, 1874; George Ralph, August 11, 1877. 4—3 living.
- Parsons: Theophilus, June 20, 1877; Geoffry, September 5, 1879. 2—living.
- Presbrey: Clara Briggs, August 26, 1864; Florence Nathalie, August 20, 1869; Laura Edith, August 24, 1871. 3—living.
- Russell, H. S.: James Savage, March 8, 1864; Ellen Forbes, October 30, 1865; Mary Forbes, April 26, 1869; Margaret, July 10, 1871, died February 27, 1872; Howland Shaw, July 27, 1873; Anna, August 29, 1875. 6—5 living.
- Scott: George Cranch, July 17, 1874; Henry Russell, November 19, 1875; Sarah Carlisle, March 9, 1877. 3—living.
- Sherwin: Eleanor, February 14, 1871; Thomas Edwards, May 15, 1872; Mary King, September 16, 1874; Robert Waterston, March 3, 1878. 4—living.
- Shippen: Joseph Franklin, August 17, 1871; Kathleen Maud, December 19, 1873; Bertha, October 17, 1876. 3—living.
- Spaulding: Henry Plympton, September 16, 1868; Elizabeth Bell, December 6, 1871. 2—living.
- Stearns, J. W.: Eugene V., April 23, 1864, died August 23, 1864; Frederick William, December 6, 1867; Florence Augusta, June 16, 1870; Harold, March 13, 1876, died November 28, 1877. 4—2 living.
- Stevens: Emmeline Annie, July 1, 1865, died January 7, 1866; Charlotte Mélina, January 13, 1868; Alfreda, April 7, 1869, died October 1, 1869. 3—1 living.
- Swan: Marion Nickerson, March 18, 1870; Walter Buckingham, July 13, 1871. 2—living.
- Tappan: Mary Lyman Buckminster, December 31, 1870, died March 23, 1875; an infant son, June 15, 1875, died June 22, 1875; Olivia Buckminster, September 1, 1876. 3—1 living.
- Towle: Herbert Ladd, September 19, 1874; Elizabeth Williams, March 11, 1876. 2—living.
- Wadsworth, O. F.: Oliver Fairfield, January 23, 1868; Lucy Goodwin, August 17, 1869; Elizabeth Fairfield, August 25, 1871; Richard Goodwin, June 30, 1874; Eliot, September 10, 1876. 5—living.



- \* Walker: Russell Tyng, August 27, 1867; Frederick Bryant, January 6, 1869; Maria Bartholow, January 30, 1874. 3—living.
- Webber: Henry Dalton, August 10, 1871, died August 20, 1872. 1—dead.
- Weed: Gertrude; Josephine Dunning; William Maury; Henry Davis. 4—living.
- Weld, F. M.: Sarah Swan, August 20, 1873; George Bartholomew, February 18, 1875; Christopher Minot, March 30, 1876. 3—living.
- Weld, S. M.: Stephen Minot, jr., and Alfred Rodman, September 2, 1870; Edward Motley, September 4, 1872; Lothrop Motley, July 26, 1874; Eloise Minot, January 24, 1879. 5—living.
- Wetmore: Helen, July 2, 1870, died August 1, 1871. 1—dead.
- Wheeler: Mary Eliza, June 17, 1873, died August 11, 1873; Helen Gay, September 15, 1876. 2—1 living.
- Wheelock: William Hawxhurst, January 6, 1876. 1—living.
- Whittier: Louise Chadwick, September 13, 1872; Susan Tucker, June 18, 1874; Pauline, December 9, 1876. 3—living.
- Willard: Theodora, November 15, 1870. 1—living.
- Woodward: Alice Balch, July 25, 1864, died May 19, 1865; Clara Lincoln, July 20, 1865; Bertha, August 29, 1867, died December 21, 1870; Fanny Louise, December 9, 1869; Hilda, August 21, 1871; Margaret, February 7, 1874; Alexander, September 5, 1876, died July 1, 1877; Calvin Balch, October 27, 1878. 8—5 living.

174—29=145.

- Atkinson*: Maurice Bradlee, January 4, 1866; Rose Standish, November 26, 1867; Paul Ruggles, December 6, 1869; Elbridge Cutter, December 25, 1871; Grace Agnes, May 23, 1874, died March 2, 1879. 5—4 living.
- Balch*: Caroline Moore, October 24, 1877; Alice Gifford, December 26, 1878, died the next day. 2—1 living.
- \* *Curtis*: Walter, February 15, 1862; Grace Woodward, June 7, 1865; Lois Robbins, March 7, 1875. 3—living.
- Eustis*: Horatio Sprague, December 3, 1868; Annie Percy, October 2, 1875. 2—living.
- Gannett, A. W.*: Herbert Ingalls, August 18, 1876. 1—living.
- Gay*: Frederick Parker, July 22, 1874. 1—living.
- Greene*: Dana, June 27, 1863, died July 19, 1866; Martha, October 22, 1865; Carleton, October 24, 1868; Mabel, November 7, 1872, died March 1, 1877. 4—2 living.
- Hazelton*: Mary Brewster, November 23, 1868; Isaac Brewster, December 30, 1870; Olivia Bowditch, January 26, 1873; Margaret Page, May 17, 1876. 4—living.
- Lauve*: Louise Marie, July 28, 1866, died October, 1872; Marie Bertha, October 23, 1871, died February, 1873; Marie Adèle, September 11, 1873, died May, 1874; Numa Olivier, September 5, 1875; Marie Amelia, April 15, 1878, died May, 1879. 5—1 living.

*Perdicaris*: said to have five children.

*Schley*: Ann Teackle, January 8, 1870; William Cadwalader, March 18, 1871; St. George Teackle, August 23, 1872. 3—living.

*Stearns, J. P.*: William Bramhall, March 21, 1868; Mary Elizabeth, April 29, 1872; Kate, August 21, 1873; Helen Shaw, December, 1875. 4—living.

*Stone*: has four children.

*Winsor*: said to have three children.

$$46-8=38$$

$$\text{Total } 220-37=183.$$

By this it will be seen that we have multiplied handsomely. We have added one hundred and eighty-three persons to the population of the world, who, it is to be hoped, may emulate the virtues of their parents. Should we continue to progress in the same ratio, it is estimated that in 1143 years we should people the globe with our descendants, leaving no room for those of our fellow creatures. This is a fact requiring serious consideration.

## CONFIDENCE FELT BY THE FACULTY IN THE CLASS.

Among the many proofs of esteem shown the Class by the Faculty, perhaps the most remarkable was the intrusting to our care, in November, 1859, the Records of the Parietal Committee. That this confidence was not misplaced is shown by the fact that they have been carefully preserved up to the present time. The entries evince the unwearying attention shown us by our friendly rulers. A few extracts will be ample proof.

September 20, 1858, Bradlee, Jarves, Morse, Shaw and O. F. Wadsworth were admonished for smoking, and Magenis for talking from a window.

October 4, Doe and Weed, for wearing speckled coats, Wade for being asleep in chapel, and Wetmore for dressing at prayers.

October 11, Willard for smoking, and G. W. Weld for wearing a light-colored coat.

November 15, Copeland and Knapp for having a noisy room and throwing water, and Towle for shouting, and dressing at prayers.

November 22, Haslett, Munson and Perkins for being late at chapel, and December 5, Driver for the same offence.

December 13, Webber for snow-balling, and, January 3, 1859, Pringle, Cole and Eustis for following Webber's bad example.

March 7, Howland polluted the college yard by smoking, and, March 14, Crowninshield\* and Whittier were equally regardless of decorum.

As the term goes on, Johnson and Clapp recline at prayers; Thomas and J. W. Hunnewell smoke; Niles and

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\* See illustration.

Hayden are noisy; Wade sleeps again in chapel; S. M. Weld casts reflections into recitation rooms; Young and Weston make a noise in entries; Mills brings an umbrella into chapel; Spaulding and Wheelock group and sing uproariously; Fox, Phillips, Copeland, Munson and Palfrey group on the steps; while Whittier, Mudge, Morse, Spaulding and Woodward sit on the steps and call up to the windows; Shippen, Palfrey, Wetmore and Furness sing noisily; and F. M. Weld, Weston, Palfrey and Pringle shout loudly in the yard.

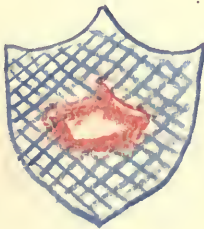
The next term begins with smoking by Willard and H. L. Abbott, and throwing of water by B. F. D. Adams and Doe; which Russell and White followed by singing late in the evening.

Then many engage in a procession, while S. M. Weld exhibits Chinese lanterns from his windows; Mackintosh is noisy, and Wheelock plays in study hours; Copeland and Parsons yell; and Mills wears a parti-colored coat.\*

These meagre extracts from a vast fund of information give a clear idea of the contents of these interesting volumes; *Ex uno disce omnes*. The work is illustrated and the artist of the Committee will be pleased to see two of his humble efforts perpetuated.

\* See illustration.

Reproduced from the Records of the Parietal Committee.



CROWNINSHIELD.



A PARTI-COLORED COAT.

Published by permission.

A few of the old forms may not be uninteresting.

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## H A R V A R D C O L L E G E .

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Abstract of Laws and Regulations for the Information of Parents and Guardians.

### Admission and Matriculation.

1. Every person admitted to the University on examination must give a bond to the President and Fellows of Harvard College, with sureties, of which one, at least, is a resident citizen of Massachusetts, to the satisfaction of the Steward, in the sum of four hundred dollars, for the payment of all College dues, according to the laws and customs of the University.

2. On the first day of the Term, or as soon after as may be, he must exhibit to the President a certificate from the Steward that a bond has been given as required. He shall then sign the following acknowledgment, viz.: "I acknowledge, that, having been admitted to the University at Cambridge, I am subject to its laws."

The President will then deliver to him a printed copy of the laws, and he will be required to give his attendance forthwith on all the exercises of his class.

3. After a probation of one Term, he may be admitted to full standing as a Matriculated Student. If he be not deemed qualified for Matriculation at the end of the first Term, his probation may be extended, at the discretion of the Faculty, to a further period, not exceeding one year from his acceptance on examination.

### Dress.

On Sabbath, on Exhibition days, and on all public occasions, each Student is required to wear in public a black coat, with buttons of the same color.

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### Certificate of Admission.


*Cambridge, September 1, 1856.*

\*   \*   \*   \*

is admitted a member of the  
Freshman Class in Harvard College on probation.

JAMES WALKER, *President.*



 Show this paper to the President, at his office, No. 5 University Hall; to the Librarian, the first time you apply at the Library for Books; at the University Bookstore, if you procure your class-books there, and at the College Wharf Wood and Coal Office, No. 2 Harvard Row, if you procure your fuel there, and wish to have your class-books and fuel charged in your term bills.

Harvard College, Cambridge, } August, 1856.  
Steward's office,

\* \* \* \* has complied with the law respecting admission to the FRESHMAN CLASS.

WILLIAM G. STEARNS, } Steward of  
Harv. Coll.

Harvard College, April 1, 1858.

\* \* \* \* is hereby directed to come to Holworthy 11, on Monday, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

W. W. GOODWIN, Class Tutor.

Cambridge, April 1, 1857.

\* \* \* \* has permission to make up the exercises omitted by him on March 25, and to receive marks for the same.

J. LOVERING, Regent.



## TABULAR VIEW

OF THE HOURS OF

## RECITATIONS AND LECTURES.

1857—58.

In addition to the Prescribed Studies, every member of the Senior and Junior Classes must, from several others, select *one* in which he will have an exercise three times a week, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, throughout the year.

The Prescribed Studies for the Senior Class are Philosophy, Ethics, History, Logic, and Forensics ; the Elective Studies are Greek, Latin, Mathematics, German, Italian, and Spanish.

The Prescribed Studies for the Junior Class are Greek, Latin, Physics, Chemistry, Rhetoric, Themes, and Declamation ; the Elective Studies are Mathematics, French, German, and Spanish. Any member of the Junior Class, who wishes to study Mathematics and a Modern Language, may take Mathematics instead of the required Greek or Latin, and a Modern Language as his Elective Study.

Any member of the Senior or Junior Class, in addition to his regular Elective Study, may pursue another of the Optional Studies of his class as an *extra* study. No credit will be given on the scale of rank for recitations in an *extra* study ; but every Student, who enters upon such an additional study must continue in it at least one Term, and attend all the exercises of the section which he joins, under the same regulations with regard to absences and tardinesses as in the Prescribed Studies.

Any member of the Sophomore Class may take French as an *extra* study.

After the choice of an Elective Study is made, the Student must, in all cases, continue in it during the year.

Notice of the Elective Study must be left in writing at the Regent's Office on or before the *first day of July*. If such notice is omitted, the Faculty will make the selection. Notice must be given at the same time of the *extra* study which any Student may desire to pursue.

The exact hours of recitation in the Elective and Extra studies will be determined after the selection of the studies has been made, in such a way as will meet the wants of the greatest number, and will be hereafter designated.

# Tabular View of the Exercises

Italics indicate

Class.		8—9.	9—10.	10—11.
MONDAY.	FRESH.	I. Lat. III. Math. V. Gr.	II. Lat. IV. GREEK.	I. Elocution.
	SOPH.	I. Rhet. III. Gr. IV. Lat.	III. Rhetoric.	<i>French.</i>
	JUN.	I. Chem. III. Physics.	II. Physics.	<i>German. Spanish,</i>
	SEN.	I. Phil. III. Hist.	II. History.	<i>Math. Greek. Italian.</i>
TUESDAY.	FRESH.	I. Lat. V. Gr. III. GREEK.	II. Lat. IV. Greek.	II. Elocution.
	SOPH.	I. Chem. III. Lat. IV. Math.	II. Chemistry. I. Eloc.	
	JUN.	I. Latin. II. Greek.	III. Greek.	
	SEN.	I. Logic. II. Philosophy.	III. Philosophy.	<i>Anatomy or Math.*</i>
WEDNESDAY.	FRESH.	I. Lat. III. Math. V. Gr.	II. Latin. IV. GREEK.	III. Elocution.
	SOPH.	I. Rhet. III. Gr. IV. Lat.	III. Rhetoric.	<i>French.</i>
	JUN.	I. Chem. III. Physics.	II. Physics.	<i>German. Spanish.</i>
	SEN.	I. Phil. III. Hist.	II. History.	<i>Math. Greek. Italian.</i>
THURSDAY.	FRESH.	I. Lat. V. Gr. III. GREEK.	II. Latin. IV. Greek.	IV. Elocution.
	SOPH.	I. Chem. III. Lat. IV. Math.	II. Chem. III. Eloc.	
	JUN.	I. Latin. II. Greek.	III. Greek.	Themes.
	SEN.	I. Logic. II. Philosophy.	III. Philosophy.	<i>Anatomy or Math.*</i>
FRIDAY.	FRESH.	I. COMP. III. Math. IV. Gr.‡	II. COMPOSITION.	V. Elocution.
	SOPH.	I. Math. III. Gr. IV. Lat.	IV. Mathematics.	<i>French.</i>
	JUN.	I. Latin. III. Physics.	II. Physics.	<i>German. Spanish.</i>
	SEN.	III. History.	II. History.	<i>Math. Greek. Italian.</i>
SATURDAY.	FRESH.	I. & II. Mathematics.†	III. & IV. Math.†	
	SOPH.	Themes.	Themes.	
	JUN.	I. & II. Lat.† IV. Gr.	III. Lat.† V. Gr.	
	SEN.	II. & III. Greek.†	I. Greek.†	
		II. History.†	I. History.†	

\* Lectures.

† Half-hour Recitations.

# during the First Term of 1857-58.

## Elective Studies.

11-12.	12-1.	4-5.	5-6.
II. Greek. I. Math. <i>French.</i> <i>German. Mathematics.</i> <i>Spanish. Latin.</i>	III. Gr. IV. Math. Chemistry.* <i>French.</i> <i>German,</i>	III. Latin. II. Greek. III. Chemistry. III. Philosophy.	IV. Lat. II. Math. I. Gr. I. Gr. II. Rhet. V. Lat. II. Chem. I Physics. II. Phil. I. History.
I. Rel. Instruction. III. Chem. II. Math. Physics.* Forensics.	II. Rel. Instrne ion. IV. Greek. I. Math. Declamation. <i>Geology.*</i>	III. Lat. II. GREEK. II. Latin. II. Latin. II. Logic.	IV. Latin. I GREEK. I. Lat. III. Math. V. Gr. III. Lat. I. Greek, III. Logic. I. Phil.
II. Gr. I. Math. <i>French.</i> <i>German. Mathematics.</i> <i>Spanish. Latin.</i>	III. Gr. IV. Math. II. Elocution. <i>French.</i> <i>German.</i>	III. Latin. II. Greek. III. Chemistry. III. Philosophy.	IV. Lat. II. Math. I. Gr. I. Gr. II. Rhet. V. Lat. II. Chem. I. Physics. II. Phil. I. History.
I. Rel. Instruction. III. Chem. II. Math. Themes. Physics.*	II. Rel. Instruction. IV. Greek. I. Math. Greek Literature.* <i>Geology.*</i>	III. Lat. II. GREEK. II. Latin. II. Latin. II. Logic.	IV. Latin. I. GREEK. I. Lat. III. Math. V. Gr III. Latin. I. Greek. III. Logic. I. Phil.
II. Greek. I. Math. <i>French.</i> <i>German. Mathematics.</i> <i>Spanish. Latin.</i>	III. Gr. IV. Math. Chemistry.* <i>French.</i> <i>German.</i>	III. COMPOSITION. II. Gr. III. Math. II. Latin. Modern Literature.*	IV. Comp. II. Math. I. Gr I. Gr. II. Math. V. Lat. III. Lat. I. Physics. I. History.

‡ In two divisions.

‡ In four divisions.



## ERUDITION OF THE CLASS.

The following extracts from some of our old examination papers will be gazed at with blind admiration. A contemplation of them will remove all wonder at the mark the class has made in the world. It will be remembered that when we were in college there were several of us who answered some of these questions.

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## HISTORY.

N. B. Employ the Roman and the Arabic Numerals used below. Choose any *five* of the *first eight* subjects, and any *three* of the *last five*.

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- I. Charlemagne's Wars.
- II. The Dismemberment of Charlemagne's Empire:—A. D. 843, *Three* Kingdoms; A. D. 888, *Seven* Kingdoms; At the end of the Tenth Century, *Four* Kingdoms.
- III. Four Causes of Emergence from Barbarism, and four resulting Attempts.
- IV. The following Feudal Incidents; (1) Reliefs; (2) Fines upon Alienation; (3) Escheats; (4) Forfeitures; (5) Aids; (6) Wardship; (7) Marriage.
- V. (1) Feodum and Alodium; (2) Tenants in Capite; (3) Sub-infeudation; (4) Simple and Liege Homage; (5) Investiture; (6) Two Classes of Villeins; (7) Compurgators not Jurymen; (8) Confirmatio Chartarum.
- VI. St. Louis (Louis IX.).
- VII. Philip the Fair (Philip IV.).

- VIII. State the *genealogical relation* in each of the following cases: (1) of Stephen to William the Conqueror; (2) of Henry II. to Henry I.; (3) of Henry IV. to Richard II.; (4) of Henry VIII. to Edward IV.; (5) of James I. to Elizabeth; (6) of George I. to James I.; (7) of George III. to George II.; (8) of Victoria to George IV.
- IX. Write exactly the Prohibition in our Constitution as to "impairing the Obligation of Contracts." Comment fully upon it.
- X. Article III., Section II., Clause I.; "The Judicial Power shall extend," etc. Write it out, and also the Amendment to it.
- XI. Compare the Functions and Powers of the King of England with those of the President of the United States. Explain the Maxim, "The King can do no Wrong."
- XII. In what general Features and Special Arrangements has the American Constitution copied or imitated the English?
- XIII. Describe the Colonial Governments.

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## TACITUS.

TRANSLATE—Hinc ad capessendos magistratus in urbem digressus, Domitiam Decidianam, splendidis natalibus ortam, sibi junxit, idque matrimonium ad majora *nitenti* decus ac robur fuit; vixeruntque mira concordia per mutuam caritatem et invicem *se anteponendo*, nisi quod in bona uxore tanto major laus *quanto* in mala plus culpæ est. Sors quæsturæ provinciam Asiam, proconsulem Salvium Titianum dedit.

Give the post-Ciceronian peculiarities in the use of *natalibus*, *junxit*, *invicem se anteponendo*. What Tacitean change of construction occurs in the passage? In what other case might *decus* stand? Explain the connection of the clause commencing *nisi quod* with what precedes.

Explain *ad capessendos magistratus* and *sors quaesturae* by the case of Agricola. How does this passage determine whether Asia was an imperial or a senatorial province? Into what *gens* did Agricola marry? Whence was he returning at this time, and what do you know of his life up to this point?

## H O R A C E .

TRANSLATE—*Contra Lævinum, Valeri genus unde superbus*  
*Tarquinius regno pulsus fugit, unius assis*  
*Non unquam pretio pluris licuisse, notante*  
*Judice quo nosti populo, qui stultus honores*  
*Sæpe dat indignis et famæ servit ineptus.*  
*Qui stupet in titulis et imaginibus. Quid oportet*  
*Nos facere a volgo longe longeque remotos?*  
*Namque esto populus Lævino mallet honorem*  
*Quam Decio mandare novo, censorque moveret*  
*Appius ingenuo si non essem patre natus :*  
*Vel merito quoniam in propria non pelle quiessem.*

What is the aim of the Satire in which this passage occurs? Give some account of the life and habits of Horace, as far as these may be learned from the Satires.

## G R E E K .

*Subjects*—THE AJAX OF SOPHOCLES AND THE CLOUDS OF ARISTOPHANES.

1. State the subject, plan, technical divisions, and principal rhythms, of the Ajax.
2. Mention the sources from which the materials of the tragedy are drawn.
3. State what you consider the most striking passages.
4. Sketch the character of Ajax, as drawn by Sophocles, and mention the particulars in which the poet has modified the Homeric Ajax.
5. Translate the following lines, and explain the construction in the passage underlined:—

ὦ δέσποτ' Αἴας, τῆς ἀναγκαίας τύχης  
 Οὐκ ἔστιν οὐδέν μείζον ἀνδρώποισι κακόν.  
 Ἐγὼ δ' ἔλευθέρου μὲν ἐξέφυν πατρός,  
 Εἵπερ τινὸς σθένοντος ἐν πλούτῳ Φρυγῶν.

## ALGEBRA.

Two forces are acting at right angles to each other on one point. The force  $F' = 5$  units, and the force  $F'' = 5\sqrt{3}$  units. What is the intensity of the resultant? and what is the angle which its direction makes with the direction of  $F'$ ?

## ANALYTIC GEOMETRY.

## THE ELLIPSE.

AB

$$r = \frac{AB}{\sqrt{B^2 \cos^2 \frac{r}{\rho} + A^2 \sin^2 \frac{r}{\rho}}}$$

147. *Corollary.* For two oppositely directed radii vectores,  $r'$  and  $r''$ , we shall have (Tr. § 65)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{r''}{\rho} &= \pi + \frac{r'}{\rho}, & \cos \frac{r''}{\rho} &= -\cos \frac{r'}{\rho}, & \sin \frac{r''}{\rho} &= -\sin \frac{r'}{\rho}, \\ \cos^2 \frac{r''}{\rho} &= \cos^2 \frac{r'}{\rho}, & \sin^2 \frac{r''}{\rho} &= \sin^2 \frac{r'}{\rho}; \end{aligned}$$

so that (51) will give equal values for  $r'$  and  $r''$ ; that is,

*Every diameter of the ellipse is bisected at the centre, and (51) gives the length of the semidiameter which has the direction of  $r$ .*

If  $\frac{r}{\rho} = 0$ , (51) becomes (Tr. § 55)

$$r = \frac{AB}{\sqrt{B^2}} = A.$$

If  $\frac{r}{\rho} = \frac{1}{2}\pi$ , (51) becomes (Ibid.)

$$r = \frac{AB}{\sqrt{A^2}} = B.$$

Hence,  $A$  is equal to the semi-transverse axis of the ellipse, and  $B$  to the semi-conjugate axis.





HARVARD COLLEGE.

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ORDER

OF

PERFORMANCES

FOR

EXHIBITION,

TUESDAY, MAY 3, 1859.

---


University Chapel, beginning at 11 o'clock.

---

CAMBRIDGE:  
WELCH, BIGELOW, AND COMPANY,  
PRINTERS TO THE UNIVERSITY.  
1859.

ORDER  
OF  
PERFORMANCES.

---

 The Performers will speak in the order of their names.

1. A Latin Oration. "Insulæ Ionio in Magno."  
WILLIAM EVERETT, *Boston.*
2. An English Version. From Chateaubriand: "The  
Eloquence of Christianity."  
GEORGE HENRY WHITTEMORE, *Cambridge.*
3. A Greek Version. From Caleb Cushing: "Union  
and Independence."  
WILLIAM SUMNER APPLETON, *Boston.*
4. A Disquisition. "Luther's Visit to Rome."  
CYRUS PEARL OSBORNE, *East Boston.*  
MUSIC.\*
5. A Disquisition. "Reverence as a Quality of the  
Scholar."  
GEORGE LEONARD CHANEY, *Salem.*

---

\* The Music will be performed by the PIERIAN SODALITY.

6. An English Version. From Cicero: "Against M. Antonius."

CHARLES APPLETON PHILLIPS, *Salem.*

7. A Dissertation. "Governor Winthrop."

EZRA MARTIN TEBBETS, *Lynn.*

8. A Latin Dialogue. From "The Little French Lawyer."

LEWIS WILLIAM TAPPAN, *Boston.*

CHARLES ALFRED HUMPHREYS, *Dorchester.*

### MUSIC.

9. A Disquisition. "Art Worship."

FRANCIS WILLIAM LORING, *Boston.*

10. An English Version. From Schiller: "The Death of the Duke of Wallenstein."

JOHN TORREY MORSE, *Boston.*

11. A Disquisition. "Memorials of Patriotism and Loyalty."

DANIEL APPLETON WHITE SMITH, *Newton.*

12. A Latin Version. From Channing: "On the Life and Character of Napoleon Bonaparte."

HENRY FREEMAN ALLEN, *Boston.*

13. A Disquisition. "Douglas Jerrold."

JAMES SCHOULER, *Boston.*

### MUSIC.

14. An English Version. From the Funeral Oration of Lysias.

WILLIAM CONVERSE WOOD, *West Roxbury.*

15. A Disquisition. "The Empire means Peace."

GEORGE ARNOLD TORREY, *Fitchburg.*

15. A Latin Version. From Tennyson: "The Lotos-Eaters."

SILAS DEAN PRESBREY, *Taunton.*

17. A Dissertation. "The Eloquence of Chrysostom."

ALEXANDER MCKENZIE, *Boston.*

#### MUSIC.

18. A Dissertation. "The Supernatural as the Complement of Nature."

ALBERT STICKNEY, *Cambridge.*

19. An English Version. From Livy: L. Valerius against the Oppian Law.

EDWARD CROSBY JOHNSON, *Boston.*

20. A Greek Dialogue. From "The Pickwick Papers."

WILLIAM GARDNER COLBURN, *Manchester, N. H.*

FRANCIS MINOT WELD, *Jamaica Plain.*

21. A Dissertation. "Legends of the Rhine"

FREDERICK MAY HOLLAND, *East Cambridge.*

#### MUSIC.

22. An English Oration. "Knowledge Fatal to Prejudice."

WILLIAM WELLS NEWELL, *Cambridge.*

HARVARD COLLEGE.

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ORDER

OF

PERFORMANCES

FOR

EXHIBITION,

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1858.

---

University Chapel, beginning at 11 o'clock.

---

CAMBRIDGE:  
METCALF AND COMPANY,


PRINTERS TO THE UNIVERSITY,

1858.



ORDER  
OF  
PERFORMANCES.

---

 The Performers will speak in the order of their names.

1. A Latin Oration. "De Moribus Homericæ Ætatis."  
JOHN CHIPMAN GRAY, *Boston.*

2. An English Version. From a Speech of De Tocqueville.  
GEORGE EVERETT ADAMS, *Chicago, Ill.*

3. A Latin Version. From Mirabeau: "Against the Nobility and Clergy of Provence."  
WILLIAM CHANNING GANNETT, *Boston.*

4. A Dissertation. "The New Life of Shelley."  
CHAPIN HOWARD CARPENTER, *Holyoke.*

MUSIC.\*

5. A Disquisition. "Should a Man read what he likes?"  
GEORGE LYMAN LOCKE, *Cambridge.*

---

\* The Music will be performed by the PIERIAN SODALITY.

6. A Greek Version. "Sir Henry Vane against Richard Cromwell."

HERSEY GOODWIN PALFREY, *Belfast, Me.*

7. A Dissertation. "Persecution of Literary Men in France during the Eighteenth Century."

CHARLES JOYCE WHITE, *Cambridge.*

8. A Latin Dialogue. From "All's not Gold that glitters."

HENRY AUSTIN CLAPP, *Dorchester.*

EDMUND WETMORE, *Utica, N. Y.*

### MUSIC.

9. A Disquisition. "Royal Interviews."

GEORGE WELLINGTON BATCHELDER, *Salem.*

10. An English Version. From Livy: M. Porcius Cato for the Oppian Law.

WILLIAM ELIOT FURNESS, *Philadelphia, Pa.*

11. A Latin Version. From Victor Hugo: "The United States of Europe."

GEORGE WILLIS WARREN, *Boston.*

12. A Disquisition. "The Rationale of Vacation."

WILLIAM REED HUNTINGTON, *Lowell.*

### MUSIC.

13. A Disquisition. "Science as a Peacemaker."

DANIEL SWAN PRESTON, *Boston.*

14. An English Version. From Livy: "Hannibal to Scipio before the Battle of Zama."

GEORGE GILL WHEELOCK, *Cambridge.*

15. A Disquisition. "The Opening of China: Macartney and Elgin."

EDWARD WILLIAM HOOPER, *Boston.*

16. A Poem. "The Execution of Andreas Hofer."

FRANCIS ELLINGWOOD ABBOT, *Beverly.*

### MUSIC.

17. A Dissertation. "Progress in the Idea of Heroism."

ANDREW TUCKER BATES, *Bridgewater.*

18. An English Version. From the Ajax of Sophocles.

HENRY GEORGE SPAULDING, *Dedham.*

19. A Greek Dialogue. From "Box and Cox."

THOMAS BAYLEY FOX, *Dorchester.*

JULIUS SEDGWICK HOOD, *Lynn.*

20. A Greek Version. From Burke's "Essay on the Sublime and Beautiful."

ARTHUR WILKINSON, *Cambridge.*

21. A Dissertation. "Comparison of the Greeks and Trojans as they appear in Homer."

ANDREW JANES LATHROP, *Watertown.*

### MUSIC.

22. An English Oration. "A Citizen of a Free Country who feels no Interest in Politics."

FRANCIS BALCH, *Jamaica Plain.*

HARVARD COLLEGE.

---

ORDER

OF

PERFORMANCES

FOR

EXHIBITION,

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1859.

---

University Chapel, beginning at 11 o'clock.

---


CAMBRIDGE:  
WELCH, BIGELOW, AND COMPANY,

PRINTERS TO THE UNIVERSITY.

1859.

ORDER  
OF  
PERFORMANCES.

---

 The Performers will speak in the order of their names.

1. A Latin Oration. "De Napoleonis Tertii et Caesaris Triumphis."

EDMUND WETMORE, *Utica, N. Y.*

2. An English Version. From the Oration of Lycurgus against Leocrates.

WILLIAM HENRY PETTEE, *Newtown Upper Falls.*

3. A Latin Version. From Fisher Ames: "On the Treaty with Great Britain."

RICHARD STONE, *Newburyport.*

4. A Disquisition. "The Monastic Republic of Mount Athos."

STEPHEN MINOT WELD, *Jamaica Plain.*

MUSIC.\*

5. A Disquisition. "The Character of Atticus."

WILLIAM SUMNER APPLETON, *Boston.*

---

\* The Music will be performed by the PIERIAN SODALITY.



6. An English Version. From an Oration of Cicero against Verres.

HENRY PICKERING, *Cambridge.*

7. A Dissertation. "The Mathematician and the Philosopher."

GEORGE WILLIS WARREN, *Boston.*

8. A Greek Version. From G. W. Curtis: "Fair Play for Women."

WENDELL PHILLIPS GARRISON, *Boston.*

### MUSIC.

9. A Disquisition. "The Brahmins."

EDWARD CROSBY JOHNSON, *Boston.*

10. A Disquisition. "Hunting-Life in Africa."

WILLIAM CONVERSE WOOD, *West Roxbury.*

11. An English Version. From Demosthenes: "De Falsa Legatione."

JEREMIAH WESLEY BOYDEN, *East Boston.*

12. A Disquisition. "Ecclesiastical Statesmen."

GEORGE HENRY WHITEMORE, *Cambridge.*

13. A Greek Dialogue. From Allingham: "The Young Advocate."

HENRY PICKERING BOWDITCH, *West Roxbury.*

GEORGE HART MUMFORD, *Rochester, N. Y.*

### MUSIC.

14. A Dissertation. "The Opening of Eastern Asia to European Influence."

GEORGE EVERETT ADAMS, *Chicago, Ill.*

15. A Latin Version. From Brougham: "On Law Reform."

LEONARD CASE ALDEN, *Boston.*

16. A Dissertation. "The Poetic and Scientific Love of Nature."

SILAS DEAN PRESBREY, *Taunton.*

17. A Latin Dialogue. From Molière: "Le Bourgeois Gentilhomme."

JOSEPH BRADFORD HARDON, *Newton Corner,*  
LEWIS STACKPOLE DABNEY, *Fuyal, Azores.*

#### MUSIC.

18. An English Metrical Version. From Auersperg: "The Last Poet."

JAMES KENT STONE, *Brookline.*

19. A Disquisition. "Scientific Investigations into the Origin of the Universe."

CALVIN MILTON WOODWARD, *Fitchburg.*

20. An English Version. From Cicero: "De Natura Deorum."

JOSEPH HETHERINGTON McDANIELS, *Lowell.*

21. A Dissertation. "Caricature in Literature."

HENRY AUSTIN CLAPP, *Dorchester.*

#### MUSIC.

22. An English Oration. "Individualism."

HENRY GEORGE SPAULDING, *Dedham.*

HARVARD COLLEGE.

---

ORDER

OF

PERFORMANCES

FOR

EXHIBITION,

TUESDAY, MAY 1, 1860.

---

University Chapel, beginning at 11 o'clock.


---

CAMBRIDGE:  
WELCH, BIGELOW, AND COMPANY,  
PRINTERS TO THE UNIVERSITY.

1860.

ORDER  
OF  
PERFORMANCES.

---

 The Performers will speak in the order of their names.

1. A Latin Oration. "De Viris Illustribus qui nuper mortui sunt."

WILLIAM CHANNING GANNETT, *Boston.*

2. A Disquisition. "Mathematical Discovery of Unseen Heavenly Bodies."

CHARLES APPLETON PHILLIPS, *Salem.*

3. An English Version. From the Romaic of Spyridon Tricoupes.

FRANK WARREN HACKETT, *Portsmouth, N. H.*

4. A Disquisition. "Graham of Claverhouse."

JOHN TORREY MORSE, *Boston.*

5. A Dissertation. "The French Philosophers of the Eighteenth Century."

HENRY FREEMAN ALLEN, *Boston.*

MUSIC.

6. A Disquisition. "The Varangians."

JAMES HAUGHTON, *Brookline.*

7. A Latin Version. From Webster's Address on Laying the Corner-Stone of the Bunker Hill Monument.

DAVID FRANCIS LINCOLN, *Brookline.*

8. A Dialogue in Modern Greek. From Molière's "Malade Imaginaire."

HERBERT SLEEPER, *Roxbury.*

WILLIAM FRANKLIN SNOW, *Honolulu, H. I.*

9. A Dissertation. "The New Crusade against the Moors."

LEWIS WILLIAM TAPPAN, *Boston.*

#### MUSIC.

10. A Disquisition. "John Robinson."

CHARLES ALFRED HUMPHREYS, *Dorchester.*

11. A Latin Version. From Macaulay's "Lays of Ancient Rome."

SCOLLAY PARKER, *Boston.*

12. A Disquisition. "Intellectual Characteristics of the Jewish Race."

JAMES BRYANT WALKER, *Cincinnati, O.*

13. An English Version. From the Apology for Socrates.

OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES, *Boston.*

14. A Greek Version.

JOHN RITCHIE, *Boston.*

15. An Oration. "The Use and Abuse of Satire."

GEORGE GILL WHEELOCK, *Cambridge.*



## MUSIC.

16. A Disquisition. "Philanthropy and Reform as Professions."

WILLIAM GARDNER COLBURN, *Manchester, N. H.*

17. An English Version. From Sallust's "Conspiracy of Catiline."

JAMES PUTNAM WALKER, *Bangor, Me.*

18. A Latin Dialogue. From "The Two Buzzards."

JAMES EDWARD WRIGHT, *Boston.*

SAMUEL DUNN PHILLIPS, *Boston.*

19. A Disquisition. "Virgil and Gray."

HERSEY GOODWIN PALFREY, *Belfast, Me.*

## MUSIC.

20. A Dissertation. "The Three Napiers."

THOMAS BAYLEY FOX, *Dorchester.*

21. An English Version. From Berryer's Defence of Count Montalembert.

CHARLES CHRISTIE SALTER, *Portsmouth, N. H.*

22. A Greek Version. From Burke in the Impeachment of Hastings.

STEPHEN GOODHUE EMERSON, *Chelsea.*

23. A Dissertation. "William Tyndale."

WILLIAM ELIOT FURNESS, *Philadelphia, Pa.*

## MUSIC.

24. An Oration. "Imagination as an Ally of Thought."

JULIUS SEDGWICK HOOD, *Lynn.*

VIRO ILLUSTRISSIMO

NATHANIELI-PRENTISS BANKS, LL. D.,

*G U B E R N A T O R I,*

VIRO HONORATISSIMO

ELIPHALETO TRASK,

*P R O - G U B E R N A T O R I*

REIPUBLICÆ MASSACHUSETTENSIS;

CAETERISQUE COLLEGII HARVARDIANI INSPECTORIBUS

Honorandis atque Reverendis;

CORNELIO-CONWAY FELTON, LL. D.,

*P R A E S I D I;*

Toti SENATUI Academico;

Aliisque omnibus, qui in rebus Universitatis administrandis versantur;

VENERANDIS ECCLESiarUM PASSIM PASTORIBUS;

Universis denique, ubicunque terrarum, Humanitatis Cultoribus,

Reique Publicæ nostræ Literariæ Fautoribus;

# JUVENES IN ARTIBUS INITIATI,

Georgius-Edvardus-Henricus Abbot	Johannes-Torrey Morse
Edvardus-Gardner Abbott	Myron-Andrews Munson
Henricus-Livermore Abbott	Carolus-Alexander Nelson
Benjamin-Faneuil-Dunkin Adams	Elgarus-Marshall Newcomb
Georgius-Everett Adams	Franklinus Nickerson
Guilielmus-Hooper Adams	Georgius-Edvardus Niles
Henricus-Freeman Allen	Herselus-Goodwin Palfrey
Guilielmus-Sumner Appleton	Carolus-Chauncey Parsons
Henricus-Dean Atwood	Daniel-Webster Paul
Fredericus-Guilielmus Batchelder	Guilielmus-Edvardus Perkins
Selvinus-Zadockeus Bowman	Carolus-Appleton Phillips
Fredericus-Wainwright Bradley	Silas-Dean Presbrey
Lanius-Guilielmus Brandon	Guilielmus Matticks Rogers
Henricus Burdick	Henricus Sturgis Russell
Thomas Burgess	Henricus-Bruce Scott
Edvardus Carter	Thomas Sherwin
Henricus-Austin Clapp	Josephus Shippen
Guilielmus-Gardner Colburn	Benjamin-Smith Skinner
Johannes-Treadwell Cole	Addison-Gilbertus Smith
Guilielmus-Henricus Copeland	Henricus-Georgius Spaulding
Casparus Crowninshield	Johannes-Guilielmus Stearns
Julius Dexter	Carolus-Wistar Stevens
Carolus-Henricus Doe	Edvardus-Ford Stokes
Stephanus-Guilielmus Driver	Carolus-Gualterus Swan
Edvardus-Franklin Everett	Ludovicus-Guilielmus Tappan
Josias-Milton Fairfield	Jacobus-Bourne-Freeman Thomas
Jacobus-Champlin Fernald	Jacobus-Augustus Towle
Carolus Henricus Fiske	Ludovicus Gualterus Wade
Thomas-Bayley Fox	Alexander-Fairfield Wadsworth
Guilielmus-Eliot Furness	Oliver-Fairfield Wadsworth
Guilielmus-Channing Gannett	Jacobus-Bryant Walker
Francus Haseltine	Georgius-Willis Warren
Audleius Haslett	Emorius Washburn
Jacobus Haughton	Samuel-Gilbertus Webber
Horatius-Johannes Hayden	Josephus-Dunning Weed
Henricus Hinckley	Franciscus-Minot Weld
Wesley-Othemannus Holway	Georgius-Walker Weld
Julius-Sedgwick Hood	Stephanus-Minot Weld
Mahlon Hopkins	Edmundus Wetmore
Carolus-Adams Horne	Albertus-Blodgett Weymouth
Edvinus-Johnson Horton	Nelson-Josephus Wheeler
Horatius Howland	Georgius-Gill Wheelock
Carolus-Alfredus Humphreys	Johannes-Corlies White
Franciscus-Welles Hunnewell	Georgius-Henricus Whittemore
Johannes-Welles Hunnewell	Carolus-Albertus Whittier
Edvardus-Crosby Johnson	Robertus Willard
Arthurus-May Knapp	Israel-Franciscus Williams
Daniel-Talcott-Smith Leland	Jacobus-Henricus Wilson
Henricus Leonard	Guilielmus-Converse Wood
Henricus-Stephanus Mackintosh	Calvinus-Milton Woodward
Guilielmus-MacRea Magenis	Georgius-Brooks Young
Carolus-Jacobus Mills	

## HASCE EXERCITATIONES

*humillime dedicant.*

# ORDER OF EXERCISES

FOR

# COMMENCEMENT,

XVIII. JULY, MDCCCLX.

---

1. Salutatory Oration in Latin.

HENRY FREEMAN ALLEN, *Boston.*

2. An Essay. "Agrarian Laws and Homestead Bills."

ADDISON GILBERT SMITH, *Berlin.*

3. A Disquisition. "United Italy."

JOHN WILLIAM STEARNS, *Racine, Wis.*

4. An Essay. "Lord Macaulay."

THOMAS SHERWIN, *Dedham.*

5. A Dissertation. "The Dangerous Tendencies of Universal Suffrage."

JAMES CHAMPLIN FERNALD, *Cambridge.*

6. An Essay. "The Poems of Gresset."

CHARLES WALTER SWAN, *Lowell.*

7. A Dissertation. "Louis Napoleon at Ham."

JAMES HAUGHTON, *Brookline.*

8. An Oration. "Mountains."

WILLIAM CHANNING GANNETT, *Boston.*

### MUSIC.

9. An Essay. "The Health of our Great Cities."

ALEXANDER FAIRFIELD WADSWORTH, *Boston.*

10. A Disquisition. "John Tauler."

HENRY BRUCE SCOTT, *Framingham.*

11. A Disquisition. "Laissez Faire."

JOHN TREADWELL COLE, *Exeter, N. H.*

12. A Dissertation. "Guesses in Science."

CHARLES APPLETON PHILLIPS, *Salem.*

13. An Oration. "Thackeray's Character of Colonel  
Newcome."

GEORGE EVERETT ADAMS, *Chicago, Ill.*

14. An Essay. "Improved Cannon."

CHARLES HENRY FISKE, *Boston.*



15. An Essay. "Guizot a Patriot Statesman."

ISRAEL FRANCIS WILLIAMS, *Taunton.*

16. A Dissertation. "Hugo Grotius."

WILLIAM CONVERSE WOOD, *West Roxbury.*

17. An Oration. "The College Student, Imaginary and Real."

HENRY AUSTIN CLAPP, *Dorchester.*

### MUSIC.

18. An Essay. "Moral Neutrality in a Historian."

HENRY HINCKLEY, *Boston.*

19. A Disquisition. "A Uniform Coinage."

WILLIAM SUMNER APPLETON, *Boston.*

20. A Dissertation. "An Estimate of the Philosophical Genius of Sir William Hamilton."

JAMES BRYANT WALKER, *Cincinnati, O.*

21. An Oration. "Beethoven."

GEORGE GILL WHEELOCK, *Cambridge.*

22. An Essay. "The Cathedral at Orvieto."

HENRY LEONARD, *Marshfield.*

23. A Disquisition. "Sydenham."

STEPHEN WILLIAM DRIVER, *Salem.*

24. A Dissertation. "Influence of Lord Bacon's Philosophy on Modern Science."

HERSEY GOODWIN PALFREY, *Belfast, Me.*

25. An Oration. "Scepticism and Credulity."

GEORGE WILLIS WARREN, *Boston.*

### MUSIC.

26. An Essay. "Spanish American Dictators."

CHARLES ADAMS HORNE, *Great Falls, N. H.*

27. A Disquisition. "Was Hamlet Insane?"

JOHN TORREY MORSE, *Boston.*

28. A Disquisition. "Equilibrium of Mind and Muscle."

CHARLES ALFRED HUMPHREYS, *Dorchester.*

29. An Essay. "Anglo-Mania in France in the Eighteenth Century."

STEPHEN MINOT WELD, *Jamaica Plain.*

30. A Dissertation. "Recent Estimates of Voltaire."

LEWIS WILLIAM TAPPAN, *Boston.*

31. A Disquisition. "The Death of Tasso."

ALBERT BLODGETT WEYMOUTH, *Boston.*

32. A Dissertation. "The Gradual Growth of the English Constitution."

GEORGE HENRY WHITTEMORE, *Cambridge.*

33. An Oration. "The Political Duties of the American Scholar."

EDMUND WETMORE, *Utica, N. Y.*

## MUSIC.

34. An Essay. "German Humorists."

JAMES AUGUSTUS TOWLE, *Newton.*

35. A Disquisition. "The Bema and the Stump."

GEORGE BROOKS YOUNG, *Boston.*

36. An Essay. "Goethe at Weimer."

JOSEPH SHIPPEN, *Meadville, Pa.*

37. An Essay. "Intellectual Laborers of the Mine  
and of the Mint."

FRANCIS MINOT WELD, *Jamaica Plain.*

38. A Disquisition. "Archimedes, as a Mathematical  
Engineer."

CALVIN MILTON WOODWARD, *Fitchburg.*

39. An Essay. "The Safest Throne in Europe."

SAMUEL GILBERT WEBBER, *West Needham.*

40. An Essay. "Domestic Architecture."

CHARLES JAMES MILLS, *Cambridge.*

41. An Oration. "The Independence of the Pulpit."

WILLIAM ELIOT FURNESS, *Philadelphia, Pa.*

## MUSIC.

42. A Dissertation. "College Life a Rehearsal."

WILLIAM GARDNER COLBURN, *Manchester, N. H.*

43. An Essay. "Unknown Saints."

WILLIAM HOOPER ADAMS, *Boston.*

44. A Disquisition. "Iconoclasm in the Netherlands."

EDWARD CROSBY JOHNSON, *Boston.*

45. A Disquisition. "Parliamentary Manners."

SILAS DEAN PRESBREY, *Taunton.*

46. A Disquisition. "A French Invasion of England."

THOMAS BAYLEY FOX, *Dorchester.*

47. An Oration. "The American Merchant."

JULIUS SEDGWICK HOOD, *Lynn.*

### MUSIC.

48. An Oration. "The Coming Man."

HENRY GEORGE SPAULDING, *Brattleboro, Vt.*







## DR. WALKER'S PORTRAIT.

In the Senior year a subscription was gotten up in the class for a portrait of Rev. Dr. James Walker, who was President of the University during the first three years and a half of our College course. It was painted by William M. Hunt, and placed in Memorial Hall. The accompanying heliotype of it is an excellent copy. The class unanimously voted to request him to deliver us a parting sermon, which follows.



## VALEDICTORY DISCOURSE.

*Preached before the Senior Class of Harvard College, by their  
unanimous request, Sunday, June 17, 1860.*

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BY EX-PRESIDENT JAMES WALKER, D. D., LL. D.

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2 CHRON. 1: 11, 12.

“And God said to Solomon, Because this was in thine heart, and thou hast not asked riches, wealth or honor, nor the life of thine enemies, neither yet hast asked long life, but hast asked wisdom and knowledge for thyself, that thou mayest judge my people, over whom I have made thee king:

“Wisdom and knowledge is granted unto thee; and I will give thee riches, and wealth, and honor, such as none of the kings have had that have been before thee, neither shall there any after thee have the like.”

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There are periods in every one's life when the feeling of responsibility comes over him with peculiar power. This is never more likely to be the case with educated men than at the moment when they are about to leave the peaceful abodes of learning and science and take their places in active life. Before, every thing has been done for them, now, under God, they are to do every thing for themselves. When we add to this the anxieties incident to the choice of a profession, the uncertainties of the future, and the fear that, though they may have succeeded here, they may not be found to possess the qualities necessary for success in after life, can we wonder that the frivolity of the most thoughtless should be chastened, that the brow of the most sanguine should be overcast? Accordingly, we never fail to observe a change in the manner of the student as he comes to the end of his college life. This is the case of a portion of the audience who have come to-day to listen to a farewell discourse. It is natural and appropriate, then, to mingle our counsels with such words of warning and encouragement as are suggested by a Christian view of the position of educated men in the world.

First of all, let them be persuaded that they can do much. There is a small cant, common to narrow and vulgar minds, which affects a con-

tempt for literary distinction; "it is action, not study," they say, "which makes the man." And why action, and not study? Action, to be sure, it is which makes the man, but action of what? Of body or mind? All will say doubtless the latter; but what is study, but one form of this action! Nay, more; we ought to distinguish between the action which makes the man himself and that which makes his circumstances. To be persuaded of this we need only to look around and see how many are sacrificing ease and comfort to make a fortune, and do nothing to improve themselves. Now it is quite possible that what are called practical talents are needed in the making of a fortune; but when the question is asked, "what is needed to make the man himself," I think that it is involved in the statement, that what is needed is study. This is what you have been doing here. While other young men have been occupied in laying the foundations of success in business, you have been laying the foundations of wisdom and virtue, you have not done much to make yourselves merchants, lawyers, doctors or divines, but you have been developing your own natures; you have been studying to make yourselves whole and complete men. Never intermit this; let your fruits appear, for it is only thus that you can keep the man from being sunk into the appendage of place, the drudge and official tool.

Again, there are those who will tell you that a liberal education does not give much power over others. But here is a double fallacy which is easily exposed. If by power over others is meant the power which a political agitator or a popular preacher exercises over the masses, or that which is necessary to success in worldly affairs, it must be granted that it does not give power. Nothing gives it. This is the result of organization, which education may do much to unfold, but which no education can supply the want of. It must be acknowledged that some men are born to dominion. Beside the will, some men manifest a native tact of seeing what is wanted, and a tact of doing what they wish, whether it be to get wealth or power. This is the reason they prosper in the world; it is not because they are illiterate, but in spite of it. They are born to be practical men, and they become eminent by native talent alone. And even in such cases it is not to be supposed that education is prejudicial. It cannot impart the Promethean fire, without which there can be no real eloquence. This the most uneducated are ready to acknowledge, for they have felt it. There is not a word of truth in the notion that education injures the mind. Educate a dreamer, and he will be a dreamer still, but because he was a dreamer before; educate a man of energy, and he will still be one to succeed in whatever he undertakes. To see this we need only consider how few of the community have been educated; and yet what an influence these few

have exerted on mankind! We owe the Reformation to a solitary monk. Or if we look to political influence alone, who feels that the influence of Guizot was less from his scholarship? And who supposes that this will be less when the world is governed more by intelligence and less by force?

But this is not ail. There is an influence more prominent and more real, though less obvious and direct; I mean that which it is in the power of gifted and educated minds to exercise on public opinion and the progress of thought. It is not often that such men are invested with the insignia of office, or that the obsequious crowd make way for them, or that the world has an idea of the changes which they are introducing. Ideas are not things, but they are the seeds of things. It is with communities as with individuals; every thing is lived over in thought before it is lived in act. And this must be expected from those whom education, conspiring with natural genius, has set far ahead of their age. Thus the thought of one age becomes the practical wisdom of the generation which follows. And here is the lofty mission of the educated man; his kingdom is the kingdom of ideas. Though it comes seldom with observation, it is more enduring than any other; it has to do not with the surface of things, but with the springs of men's actions. The author may starve in his garret or perish on the scaffold, but not so the mighty word which he uttered—if it be truth. Moreover, the thinker leaves on the world an impression or mould of himself. That which enslaves men cannot be compared with that which enters into the soul itself, inspires the faith, and makes the multitude feel that they are acting out themselves. Did Alexander reign as long as Aristotle? Ideas are the work of God, and are the fruit of study; nay, even of solitary study.

Once more; it will perhaps be objected that the general diffusion of knowledge has diminished the value and opportunity of literary distinction. I do not see why. Because all know a little, does it follow that but few can know a great deal? A man is said to be learned on a subject when he knows more than is common; it is only necessary, then, that a scholar should raise himself as much above the common level as before, and the distinction will be readily acknowledged. One of the disadvantages of former times was that people did not appreciate him, and the privilege of popular applause was denied him. This is now not so. I think it will be found that the really successful in literature and art were never welcomed with greater honor than at this moment. Indeed, to repine because the monopoly of learning is to share the fate of other monopolies, is neither noble nor wise. Pope's couplet—

"For shallow draughts intoxicate the brain,  
But drinking deeply sobers us again"—

has been pronounced to be false in metaphor and false in sentiment.

Men walk timidly in the twilight, not because it is half light, but because it is half dark. Half knowledge is better than no knowledge; still, it cannot be denied that half knowledge, while it dispels some difficulties, raises questions which only thorough knowledge can answer. Thus in Geology questions are raised which our present knowledge of that science cannot answer. Thus we see that in the same proportion as a higher degree of knowledge is possessed by a few, a smaller degree of knowledge must be possessed by the many. I think the whole people must be educated to a point not much below that already gained by the few before any material advance can be made. Be persuaded, then, that as educated men you can do much. Never has the world presented a wider view to men of educated minds. Believe that with the inspiration of a noble purpose and help from above you will be equal to your calling, whatever it may be. Even if you fail in the view of men, education will turn that very failure into that which makes a real success, a noble influence. If we grovel in the dust it is because we are content to do so, and will not look upward for light and strength.

But to say that you can do much as educated men is not enough. Let me call your attention to what you must do in order to meet the expectations of your friends. First, we have a right to expect that you will do something to promote and diffuse a general liberality of spirit. It is a mistake to suppose that a liberal party, properly so called, can be formed either in politics or religion; and the reason is that liberality does not depend so much on the principles a man holds as the manner of holding them; and this again on his general mental cultivation. So every party or sect has its liberal and its illiberal portion; and whatever party is in power, it will be tempered more or less by moderate counsels. We have no right to expect that you will connect yourselves with any particular party, but we *have* a right to expect that you will connect yourselves with the liberal portion of that party. Such have been the noble characters and examples with which your studies have made you familiar, that they should always lead you to entertain a broad view of human rights and to put a liberal construction on the actions of others. We also have a right confidently to expect that you will do something to refine and elevate the sordid and mercenary tendencies of the age. Let it be that in their complaints on the subject most writers have indulged in a tone of exaggeration; the truth is that the world has always been sordid and mercenary, when it has not been worse. With all deference I believe that the tolerant spirit of to-day is greatly to be preferred to the savage and even sacerdotal spirit by which it was preceded; and ages as well as individuals have easily besetting sins, against which they should take every possible means of security. Nevertheless, "sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof."



Our danger is that we shall make too much of utilitarianism; and, secondly, that we shall take too narrow views of utilitarianism. Who can wonder that it should be so when he sees how business men are engaged in their affairs, and the laboring classes in their lot. We turn, therefore, to educated men, expecting they will elevate the soul and character of their age, and exert on it that influence which only such men can exert. Finally, we expect that you will do what you can to make literature the ally of sound morals and religion. If you do not show that your education has made you better men, your diplomas will not be worth the parchment on which they are engrossed. This University expects that you will reflect the glory which she has shed on you from her sons who have gone before. In this country a difficult problem must be worked out; how to preserve order and not endanger liberty. To avoid anarchy without incurring despotism, it is plain that some authority must be acknowledged, and that must be the authority given by superior wisdom. But where every one has a right to speak whatever he will the public are peculiarly liable to be misled by pretenders in philosophy, philanthropy and religion, unless those who have high views cause these to be heard and stand by one another.

My friends of the Senior Class will bear with me if I address myself in what remains particularly to them. One of the great advantages of a college life is this : the college is a little world by itself, in which, to a certain extent, a young man rehearses the part which he is to play in the world. If he succeeds in the rehearsal, he goes on with an assured step; and even if he fails in the rehearsal he has an opportunity to recover himself and to begin a new and different course, an opportunity which will not be lost by an ingenious mind. Hence the remarkable changes, new principles, new character, called forth by this opportune break in life; and it is this break which gives them two chances, while other men have but one. Even the indiscretions and vices are less likely to be enduring and fatal than those of men who grow up in counting-rooms and the world. Evil habit clings to us with a force which few can overthrow, as long as we go in the old paths. But this necessity is not laid on the college student. If he has found that if we love the sweet we must take the bitter, too, and then, separated from the circumstances under which he was educated, he does not reform, it must be because his mind is essentially low and brutish. Gird on the harness, then! But observe: "Let not him who girdeth on the harness boast himself as he that putteth it off." You do not know how strong you are, neither do you know how much strength you need; you only know that there never was a period when more was expected from young men and greater opportunities were offered them than now. But why urge a young man to begin early, and then repine at the results! Why force him forward, and then shrink from

the circumstances in which you have placed him! Such is the spirit of the times, and it greatly increases the demands made on young men, and this, too, when the advantages of birth and friends in a collegiate education are worth less and less every day. The time was when a man who could show a diploma was sure of success; now, if he have nothing else to show, he may have to beg his bread. Such is the number of educated men, that the competition is not only growing more and more intense; but on more and more equal terms the prize is held up, and every one runs for it. You are soon to leave this place, but not to leave the studies you have here commenced, nor the tastes you have here formed; you are not to leave the cherished associations of this home of your early aspirations; you are not to leave the recollections of your generous emulation, nor the recollection of the hours misspent which stings you now. Above all, you are not to leave the friendships which have grown up in these scenes, to last as long as life lasts, in the sacred and tender memories of those who have lived by your side. The grave has just closed over the last;\* the shadow of death is upon your parting steps. Our first feeling is one of extreme sadness, that a life of so much promise should be so brief. But the sorrow, in this instance, is touched and transfigured by infinite consolations. What more beautiful, what more instructive, what more inspiring, than the thought of great genius, endeared by so many graces and charities, and hallowed by an earnest and humble faith—the whole at this critical period of your lives impressed on your hearts by the solemnities of an early death, as an example to love and follow.

It only remains that I should commend you, as I do from the bottom of my heart, to God and to the word of His grace. May that Providence, without which not a sparrow falls to the ground, watch over and keep you, prosper you in every lofty purpose and crown your days with usefulness and honor. And, when all distinctions but those of piety and virtue have passed away, may you be found among the number of those who have kept themselves pure and turned many to righteousness, to shine as the stars for ever and ever.

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\* Wilkinson.

## CLASS-DAY AT HARVARD, 1860.

The exercises of Class-Day will take place to-morrow (Friday), June 22d, in the Unitarian Church, commencing at 11 o'clock.

The order of exercises is as follows:

### MUSIC.

PRAYER, by Rev. F. D. HUNTINGTON, D. D.

ORATION, by THOMAS BAYLEY FOX, of Dorchester.

### MUSIC.

POEM, by FRANK HASELTINE, of Philadelphia, Pa.

ODE, by WILLIAM CHANNING GANNETT, of Boston.

### CLASS OFFICERS.

ORATOR .....	Thomas Bayley Fox.
POET .....	Frank Haseltine.
ODIST .....	William Channing Gannett.
CHAPLAIN .....	Charles Alfred Humphreys.
MARSHAL .....	Caspar Crowninshield.
SECOND MARSHAL .....	James Henry Wilson.
THIRD MARSHAL .....	Francis Welles Hunnewell.
CLASS-DAY COMMITTEE .....	{ Edmund Wetmore (Chairman).
	{ Frederic Wainwright Bradlee.
	{ Calvin Milton Woodward.
CLASS SECRETARY .....	Henry George Spaulding.
CLASS COMMITTEE .....	{ William Edward Perkins.
	{ William Matticks Rogers.
CHORISTER .....	Stephen William Driver.
PRESIDENT OF CLASS SUPPER .....	Henry Sturgis Russell.
SUPPER COMMITTEE .....	{ John Corlies White.
	{ William Ellery Copeland.
ODIST .....	Charles Wistar Stevens.
TOAST MASTER .....	William Gardner Colburn.
CHORISTER .....	Joseph Shippen.
CHRONICLER .....	Charles Henry Doe.

Colburn was elected in 1863 to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Rogers. On the resignation of Spaulding in 1867, Perkins was chosen Class Secretary in his place, and George W. Weld was elected to fill the vacancy in the Class Committee. Russell was elected in 1876 to fill the vacancy caused by Colburn's death. After the death of Perkins, in 1879, Francis M. Weld was chosen Class Secretary in his place. In 1880 Sherwin was elected to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of George W. Weld.

The Committee therefore now stands as follows:

FRANCIS M. WELD, Secretary,  
HENRY S. RUSSELL,  
THOMAS SHERWIN.

## CLASS ODE.

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BY WILLIAM CHANNING GANNETT.

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There's a smile in the eye, but it lights up a tear,  
 As the sun sadly glows through the mist;  
 Every heart yearns to heart, for the parting is near,  
 And we now, brothers, keep our last tryst,  
 From the meeting of mirth to the last sacred rite  
 Due to memory—all is now o'er,  
 Our last chorus has died on the echo of night,  
 And the old places know us no more.

Good-by to thee, Mother, who ever art young,  
 Ever beautiful, loving, the same  
 To each band of thy children who round thee have clung,  
 Or will learn to repeat thy sweet name !  
 When we first whispered "classmate" beneath thy roof-tree,  
 Each home had then yielded its boy;  
 Now we take back the manhood presented by thee,  
 And with it a measureless joy.

For in weakness and sorrow, in struggle and doubt,  
 As the weary soul longs for its rest,  
 Then Friendship's strong voice shall recall the old shout  
 When we stood, side by side, to the test.  
 The heart, all untuned, shall again catch the beat  
 That it throbbed with in days long before,  
 And the old aspiration again we shall greet  
 That together we thrilled with of yore.

With this faith in the past we will welcome the new;  
 Our eager thought press to the strife;  
 Now on with your armor ! Be earnest and true !  
 Are we ready, O, brothers, for life ?  
 Are we ready to strike for the right and the truth,  
 And failing, to strike yet again ?  
 Come, brothers, fill out the bright promise of youth,  
 Now help us, our God, to be men.



## FROM AN ARTICLE ENTITLED "SUMNER'S FRIENDSHIPS."

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BY REV. GEORGE H. WHITEMORE (H. C. 1860). IN THE  
BOSTON WATCHMAN, MARCH, 1878.

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## A COMMENCEMENT SCENE:

"A second incident belongs to a period four years later, the College Commencement of 1860, when Felton presided for the first time. He had been elected to the position some months before and was to be inaugurated in form on the next day. Perhaps no succeeding Commencement at Cambridge, up to that of last summer, has seen a more remarkable attendance. The State, then intimately connected with the college, was represented by Gov. Banks. Among the many persons of consideration upon the platform were the Hon. Edward Everett, Dr. Walker, Chief Justice Shaw, Hon. Stephen A. Douglas, Hon. Charles Sumner, Hon. Henry Wilson, and Hon. Anson Burlingame. Whittier, Motley and Lord Lyons were upon the day's list of honorary degrees. After the Sheriff had called for order, the exercises were opened with prayer by Dr. Peabody, who officiated for the first time, entering upon his professorship as the successor of Dr. Huntington. According to the old fashion there were forty-eight "parts," by nearly half the class, upon the programme. The honor of the final oration belonged to one now widely known as a scholarly and popular lecturer on the Art and Antiquities of Rome, the Rev. Henry G. Spaulding. His theme was 'The Coming Man.' His performance, which had been duly read and approved by the proper authority, contained a clear and explicit reference to Sumner, as, in substance, 'the true statesman who had dared to assail the insolence of a barbarous wrong, intrenched within laws, customs and institutions.' Upon reaching the church that day, the valedictorian, with others, was surprised to see Sumner upon the platform, his first appearance there for years. Mr. Spaulding's address contained reference to Theodore Parker (two months earlier deceased) as a brave reformer, which caused some excitement in the large audience. When he came to the allusion to Sumner, he turned to where he was sitting (near Edward Everett) and, on the spur of the moment, prefixed to the written terms he was reciting the three words, 'Massachusetts' favorite son.' Applause followed, which may have been all, or in part, for Mr. Everett, then a candidate for the second national office. On the conclusion of the sentence, which made plain its destination, the church resounded for some time with mingled hisses and applause.

"President Felton, an admirer of Webster and associated with Everett among his literary executors, not to speak of other ties, was greatly

displeased with the occurrence. It was rumored, after the exercises, that he had threatened to keep back the speaker's degree, supposing, through misinformation, that the whole passage had been interpolated. The offender, upon reaching his gate in the evening with ladies to attend the reception, was advised not to encounter the President, who had expressed his censure upon the valedictory by saying that, *but for that*, it would have been the best Commencement Cambridge had seen for many years.

"It is pleasant to add to the Commencement reminiscence that the kind-hearted President, upon looking over the valedictory with its author soon after, was at once satisfied that no breach, even of technical propriety, had been committed.

"He was full of apologies, asked Mr. Spaulding's pardon, and even spoke of publicly retracting what he had said. When Sumner died Mr. Spaulding was pastor of a church in Boston, (Dorchester District), and preached the only sermon exclusively devoted to the life and character of the deceased which was delivered on the following Sunday. The news of the death came late in the week, and the discourse required the labor of night and day. It was published in the Transcript and was much commended. The sister of Mr. Sumner wrote from San Francisco that to her it seemed the best of all the tributes paid to Sumner's memory."

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## THE UNIVERSITY AT CAMBRIDGE.

From the Boston Transcript, Thursday, July 19, 1860.—A report of Commencement by an old Graduate.

"The 219th Commencement of Harvard College, which occurred yesterday, I think was, all things considered, the most splendid one known for twenty years past. The day was delightful. The number of people collected was greater than I have ever known. The ladies (of intelligent appearance) occupied the galleries and half the room below. The old men's faces, which used to dignify the platform half a century ago, all disappeared many years since, and their successors have nearly all gone. There are two men of great respectability who continue generally to attend. One of these is the elder Hon. Josiah Quincy, the other Hon. Daniel A. White, of Salem. Of other distinguished men present were Edward Everett, Charles Sumner, Gov. Banks and, from a distance, Hon. Stephen A. Douglas, all of whom attracted suitable attention.

"The class that goes forth this year is the largest that ever graduated at old Harvard, numbering 107. The parts assigned were 48; the performances 35, *all respectable*. There was not an inferior part in the



whole. There was one performance of great ability and excellence—a very splendid oration” the report adds; “but as it was the last it shall be noticed in its place”—*i. e.*, this speech or oration was the valedictory.

In another place the report says: “This performance did honor to the speaker, to the college, and to New England, and would have done honor to any member of Congress.”

The report closes with a brief mention of the Commencement dinner, which is described as “one of J. B. Smith’s best,” and this is saying the most that could be said of this most acceptable part of the exercises. The dinner closed by several highly entertaining speeches from distinguished gentlemen—Mr. Felton, the popular new President, Edward Everett, Dr. Parker, the late Minister to China, and Hon. Stephen A. Douglas.” A GRADUATE UNDER PRESIDENT WEBBER.

*From the Boston Daily Advertiser, July 19, 1860.*

## MEETING OF THE ALUMNI ASSOCIATION.

An unusual interest attached to the business meeting of the Association of the Alumni, and the proceedings were protracted for an hour and a half, delaying the beginning of the exercises in the church about an hour. The meeting was called to order at 10 o’clock in the librarian’s room in Gore Hall, by Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes, second Vice-president, in the absence of Hon. Robert C. Winthrop, President, and Hon. Charles Francis Adams, first Vice-President; but the room proving inconvenient, on motion of Rev. F. H. Hedge, D. D., the meeting was adjourned to the old College Chapel, where a table was brought in for the president in front of the pulpit. Two or three hundred alumni were present. Dr. Nathaniel B. Shurtleff, Secretary, read the records of the last meeting.

A motion was made and carried to proceed to the election of officers; but symptoms appearing of a disposition to oppose the reelection of the old Board, on account of their yielding the alumni day to the college government for the inauguration celebration, Mr. Henry Lee, jr., chief-marshall of the day, moved to reconsider the vote to allow an explanation. This prevailed, and Mr. Lee stated that “the fact was that the college faculty had unwisely involved themselves in a scrape, and had come to the alumni to get them out of difficulty; the government of the alumni had consented to come to the aid of the government of the college, although abandoning their day with great reluctance.”

Mr. Thornton K. Lothrop, of the class of 1849, then offered the following resolution :

*Resolved :* That the alumni of Harvard College, while they participate with pleasure in the exercises of the inauguration, regret that this ceremony has been so unduly deferred as to deprive the graduates of this year of their legitimate share therein, and to encroach upon the only day devoted to the meeting of this association.

This motion caused a very animated debate, in which the resolution was earnestly supported by the mover, and Mr. Horace Gray, jr., of the class of 1845, while it was equally earnestly opposed by Messrs. John C. Gray, of the class of 1811; E. R. Hoar, 1835; James Savage, 1803; and D. R. Jaques, 1842. Very lively demonstrations of approbation or disapprobation were made by the meeting at the remarks of the several speakers. Mr. Edmund Quincy, of the class of 1827, raised the point of order that although the meeting was a general assembly of alumni, only members of the association, duly qualified by having signed the constitution and the payment of the dollar, could vote. This point was sustained, and gentlemen present were put on their honor not to vote unless members of the association. Mr. Theophilus Parsons, of the class of 1815, moved to lay the resolution on the table, which motion prevailed, one hundred and forty-three against ninety-four. The old board of officers was then reëlected by acclamation, on motion of Mr. C. W. Loring, of the class of 1839, seconded by Horace Gray, jr., and the meeting dissolved.

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## THE CLASS OF 1860.

*From the Cambridge Chronicle, July, 1860.*

*(Written by Clapp.)*

The following is a brief statement of some statistics of the graduating class of Harvard College. They may be relied upon as correct, since great care has been taken in obtaining them, and no pains spared to make the summary accurate.

The candidates for admission to the class of 1860, presented themselves at No. 16, University Hall, at eight o'clock, on Monday, July 14, 1856. They numbered 109, but 8 of these were rejected. At a subsequent examination, August 27, 25 additional members were received, making 126 in all. At the beginning of the Sophomore year, the number was 130, of the Junior year, 114, and of the Senior year, 107, who will receive degrees. The past members of the class are 39; thus 130 has been the greatest number in the class at any one time, and 146

the whole number of those who have ever belonged to it. Of the 39 who have left, 4 have joined '61, 1 has joined '62, 4 have entered the schools attached to the University, 27 have gone elsewhere, and 3 have died,—viz.: John Andrew at Salem, October 14, 1857; Ebenezer Francis Thayer, at Avignon, France, May 1, 1858; Arthur Wilkinson, at Cambridge, May 31, 1860. The aggregate age of the class is 2,260 years, 5 months. The average age at the time of graduation will be 21 years, 3.9 months. The oldest man is 31 years of age; the youngest, 18 years, 6 months. There are 32 over 22 years of age, 58 between 20 and 22, and 17 under 20.

There have been five boat clubs in the class—viz: the Sabrina, Bonetta, Ariel, Camilla, and Avon; and four of the members of the class have pulled in the Harvard. Ten races have been entered. The Sabrina and Avon have each been beaten once. The Harvard has been beaten once, fouled by the Mystic once, and victorious six times. The particulars of these regattas may be found in the Harvard Magazine. The class has engaged in eighteen match games of foot-ball, and been successful in fourteen. The united weight of the class is 15,121 pounds; the average weight, 142½ pounds. If this weight seems light it may be well to remark that it has in all cases been taken in gymnasium dress, and, in the case of boating men, when training. Moreover in June the average weight of men is ten or fifteen pounds less than in December. The united height of the class is 597 feet; the average height is 5 feet, 7.6 inches. This average has been obtained from careful measurements, many of them taken at the gymnasium. If it seems low, it may be well to say that it has always been measured in stocking feet, and an allowance of one inch at least must be made for boots. The tallest man in the class is 6 feet, 1.5 inches; the shortest, 5 feet, 2.5 inches. The heaviest man weighs 224 pounds; the lightest, 106 pounds. There are 23 who measure 5 feet 10 or over, and 20 who measure 5 feet 5 or under. 24 members of the class are actually near-sighted and wear glasses more or less concave. 79 come from Massachusetts, 6 from other New England States, 9 from the Middle States, 7 from the Western, 5 from the Southern, and 1 from Oahu, H. I.

The societies which have been sustained by the class, besides the Greek Letter which were still in existence during the Freshman year, are the Ulema, Institute, Ydell Cruth, Hasty Pudding, Porcellian, Temperance Society, O. K., Rumford, Natural History, Christian Brethren, Christian Union, Glee Club, and Pierian Sodality. Two of these, the Ulema and Ydell Cruth, were organized by and passed out of existence with the class. The literary, musical and religious exercises of these societies have been well supported. The Harvard Magazine has received many contributions, and they have in general been well written and of a good tone; while its finances have been rescued

from severe embarrassment. The first collection of college songs has been made by a member of this class, and the first class song printed. The time has not yet arrived to make a fair estimate of the scholarship of the class. Those who believe that "rank" is a correct measure of it, are referred to the records of the faculty. It may be said in a general way, that "Sixty" has not been a very hard working class, though it has possessed a fair share of ability. One of its scholars was the best who has been in the College for many years, and very many have been good. How well the majority have improved their time will best be told by the pages of the class-book, after the lapse of ten or twenty years.

The religious persuasions of the class will appear by the following table:

Church Members.			
Unitarians and Universalists,	. . . . .	58	7
Episcopalian,	. . . . .	17	2
Orthodox Congregationalists,	. . . . .	14	10
Baptists,	. . . . .	9	7
Methodists,	. . . . .	3	1
Spiritualists,	. . . . .	3	2
Swedenborgian,	. . . . .	2	0
Dutch Reformed,	. . . . .	1	0
		<hr/> 107	<hr/> 29

The Unitarians number 59, the Trinitarians 48. One of the Spiritualists is a Unitarian Church member, and another a Congregationalist; the third is not a member of any church.

Some curiosity has been expressed with regard to the proportion of students who smoke and drink to those who do not. A census of the graduating class has been made, with the following results. Whole number, 107. Smoke, 61; do not, 46. Drink, 79; do not, 28. Drink and do not smoke, 20. Smoke and do not drink, 2. Both drink and smoke, 58. Neither drink nor smoke, 26. Those men are reckoned among smokers who have made it a habit during a whole or a part of their college course, and no allowance has been made in favor of those who are at present laboring under a temporary fit of abstinence. Among drinkers are ranked such persons as could not conscientiously join the Temperance Society. It speaks well for the temperate habits of the class to notice in connection with these figures, that June 22, 1860, is the first Class Day within the memory of the oldest inhabitant on which there has been no intoxication.

The politics of the class is as follows: Democrats, 9; Union, 23; Republicans, 75. The number of men who will vote at the next presidential election is 69. Democrats, 6; Union, 13; Republicans, 50.



The occupations which the members of the class propose to pursue, are various. There will be 37 lawyers, 13 ministers, 12 doctors, 19 business men, 6 teachers, 1 chemist, 1 engineer, 1 architect, 1 artist, and the remaining sixteen are undecided. Of the thirteen ministers, 4 will be Unitarian, 3 Orthodox, 3 Baptist, 1 Methodist and 2 Episcopalian. Several will become missionaries. Not merely merchants, but planters, farmers, and miners are included under business men. Among those who are set down as teachers, there are some who do not intend to make it a permanent pursuit, but will eventually take up one of the professions. The number of professional men then, counting teachers, will be 68. Perhaps it will be in point as much to state under future occupations as anywhere else, that previous to Class Day five members of the class were engaged. Beyond this we seek not to penetrate the veil.

If any member of the classes remaining in college read these statistics with interest, they may be willing to collect the same for their own class when it graduates. The trouble is, indeed, but little. When obtaining signatures for photographs, it is very easy to get these facts. It will be still more interesting to compare the habits, opinions and physical condition of several classes than to learn those of one.

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From the report of our habits at graduation some interesting and valuable inferences may be drawn. At that time there were 28 non-drinkers and 46 non-smokers. At present, A. D. 1880, it is understood that there are but 7 non-drinkers and 9 non-smokers remaining. Such an exceptional mortality in these classes is worthy more than a passing thought.

## THE WORCESTER CITY REGATTA.

*From the Boston Daily Advertiser, July 27, 1859.*

WORCESTER, July 26, 1859.

The placid waters of Lake Quinsigamond have to-day been ruffled by an unaccustomed event. Harvard, Yale and Brown have met, through their representative men and representative boats, in a contest for the championship of the sea.

The boats from Harvard and Yale arrived last week, and the "Atalanta" from Brown reached the city yesterday, so that the lake has been for several days alive with the practising crews, and the city has come to look like the seat of a venerable university from the abundance of young men, *prima facie* students, who have been found in its streets during the intervals of rowing, exercise, eating and sleep. To the people of Worcester, where boating is comparatively a novelty and a regatta was never seen, the contests of to-day and to-morrow have held out great promise of enjoyment. Liberal subscriptions have been made to defray the necessary expenses of the visiting crews, and all have united to give *éclat* to the occasion. The graduates and undergraduates of the several colleges and many boating amateurs from Boston and elsewhere are present to witness the exciting spectacles.

Several preliminary contests of skill in other fields were held last evening. Harvard and Yale had a billiard match of 800 points (the French carom game), resulting, Harvard 800, Yale 571. James H. Wilson and Francis W. Hunnewell were the champions of Harvard, and Yale was defended by A. H. Stanton and W. T. Chester. Harvard in the person of J. T. Cole, was victorious in five out of the six games at chess, over Yale in the person of H. Champion. This caused Harvard's stock to advance several per cent., while Yale was "heavy with few purchasers."

Four boats entered for the Union regatta, two from Harvard, one from Yale, and one from Brown. It had been expected that Trinity, (Hartford), would send one, but the boating spirit is not sufficiently active there.

Brown manifested a most laudable sense of honor in sending her only boat under very unfavorable auspices. Only one boat belongs to that University, the Atalanta, of 350 pounds weight. It had been the fond expectation of the boating men there that the undergraduates would contribute the funds to procure a first class boat, to fitly represent the college. But college pride was not strong enough, and as the crew had agreed to come, they did so, bringing their heavy lap-streak to pull against the fragile shells.

Yale has at last (like Harvard) given the name of the college to its champion boat. The new Yale has been in the hands of its crew but a few weeks, and unfortunately the builder, who had orders to follow the model of the Harvard, did so and put the stroke-oar on the larboard side. As the Yale boys have always pulled stroke to starboard, this reversion



of the natural order of things embarrassed them not a little ; but they claim that this alone would be enough to dissipate their hopes of winning. It is something new for the Yale boys to talk so humbly ; as on the two previous occasions when they met Harvard, and at Springfield last summer when they were preparing for a race, which the fatal accident prevented, they were extraordinarily confident of victory. Perhaps they hope that a change of tactics will be followed by a change of fortune.

The Harvard boats are the shell Harvard and the lap-streak Avon. The Harvard is the old one of that name, which was victorious in the last Beacon regatta, and was wrecked at Charlestown on June 17. Her prestige and the sailor-like appearance of her crew made her the favorite.

The beautiful lake presented the most animated appearance, and its shores were lined with thousands of spectators, assembled from the neighborhood for miles around. The afternoon train from Boston, several extra trains from Worcester, omnibuses and vehicles of every description came filled with people, and hundreds came on foot. Seats on either side of the lake gave rest to those who wished it, and the grassy banks and shady groves furnished standing and sitting room to the majority.

Bands of music helped to regale the crowd in intervals of the races.

The following is a description of the boats with the names and costumes of the crews :—

*Yale.* The Yale, six oared shell, entered by S. Davis Page ; length 45 feet 5 inches ; Spanish cedar ; crew : H. E. Johnson, (stroke), T. Stanton, jr., J. H. Twitchell, H. W. Camp, Charles H. Owen, Frederick H. Colton, Hezekiah Watkins, (coxswain). Uniform ; light blue pants, silk shirts, light blue skull caps.

*Brown.* The Atalanta, six oared lap-streak, entered by A. B. Judson ; length 44½ feet, light straw color ; crew : A. B. Judson, (stroke), E. Judson, E. Sears, C. H. Perry, C. D. Cody, P. S. Jastram, (bow), W. H. Ames, (coxswain). Uniform ; gray check pants, salmon silk shirts, blue skull caps.

*Harvard.* The Harvard, six oared shell, entered by J. H. Ellison ; length 40 feet, pine color ; crew : C. Crowninshield, (stroke), W. H. Forbes, E. G. Abbott, H. S. Russell, J. H. Wales, J. H. Ellison, (bow). Uniform ; blue pants, white shirts, red handkerchiefs on the head.

The Avon, six oared lap-streak, entered by A. H. Hardy ; length 42 feet, white with green strips ; crew : S. F. Emerson, (stroke), H. J. Doolittle, E. Carter, G. E. Adams, C. M. Woodward, A. H. Hardy, (bow). Uniform ; black pants, white shirts, white handkerchiefs with green ribbons.

#### THE RACE.

The course was upon the north side of the floating bridge, a course of a mile and a half up the lake, and repeat, three miles in all. The

judges appointed, one to each College, were Edward C. Tobey, (Harvard), S. Davis Page, (Yale), Charles M. Smith, (Brown), and James Mackay, of New York, (referee.) Yale drew the inside, Harvard second, the Avon third, and the Atalanta fourth.

The boats took the start at 4 hours 38 minutes and 10 seconds, and went off well together. The Cambridge boats shot ahead at once, the Avon leading for a few lengths. Harvard however soon gained upon and passed her, but the Avon crowded her in shore, and fouled her a little; they cleared themselves at once and kept on their way. Yale before long passed the Avon, but the Harvard was still ahead. The Atalanta took and kept the fourth place, and the others retained the positions which they had now assumed. Steadily they kept their course, and soon the sharp eye could see the Harvard returning. As she came down the course it was evident that the men were not doing their best; for it was not necessary that they should. She came by the spectators amid their hearty cheers, and passed the Judges' boat, making the three miles in 19 minutes and 18 seconds. Yale was just one minute behind, then came the Avon in 21 minutes and 13 seconds, and the Atalanta came leisurely in 24 minutes and 50 seconds.

Harvard and Yale exchanged cheers, and the Judges handed over to the victorious crew the prize, a set of colors, bearing the words, "College Union Regatta 1859." The speeches were brief but expressive.

#### SUMMARY:

Lake Quinsigamond Course. College Union Regatta, July 26, 1859. Distance 3 miles.  
Prize: A Set of Colors.

Name.	Class.	College.	Entered by	Time.
Harvard.....	6 Oar Shell.....	Harvard.....	J. H. Ellison.....	19 M. 18 S.
Yale.....	" " .....	Yale.....	S. D. Page.....	20 " 18 "
Avon.....	" lap-streak...	Harvard.....	A. H. Hardy.....	21 " 13 "
Atalanta.....	" " .....	Brown.....	A. B. Judson.....	24 " 50 "

This evening there is to be a "Regatta Promenade Concert" by Fiske's band, and afterwards another billiard match between Harvard and Yale.

To-morrow (Wednesday) will offer unusual attractions.

The boats which pulled to-day will enter again, and some of the best wherries from Boston and New York will be present. The Leader, (4 oar shell) from New York, the Quickstep of Boston, and several others are already here. To the public generally the occasion will be far more interesting than that of to-day.

CAC.

## THE WORCESTER CITY REGATTA.

*From the Boston Daily Advertiser, July 28, 1859.*

WORCESTER, July 27, 1859.

The Regatta to-day seems to unite all the interest of a College and a general Regatta. For the best two boats which contended yesterday race again to-day in the six oared contest, and a sufficient number of other boats, four oared and wherries, are entered to make a large Regatta by themselves. And so, while the friends of the latter boats are present in large numbers, the students who came to witness yesterday's contest remain, and the more varied attractions draw a much larger number of spectators from the city and country round, and from Boston and distant places, than were present yesterday. The Worcester people are of course greatly pleased at the success of the affair, and their guests are very much pleased at the hospitality and attention which have been shown them. The Judges appointed by three colleges yesterday publish a card this morning, tendering thanks to the people of Worcester and their committee of arrangements for the kindness and liberality shown them, and thanking the gentlemen who assisted in furthering the billiard and chess matches played between the colleges.

A very interesting discussion has arisen as to the nature of the Quinsigamond course. The first question is, what is the relative merit of fresh and salt water for boating? Fresh water is less dense, and therefore allows the boats to sink deeper, (as a fact, however, the boatmen of yesterday say that they do not perceive any sensible difference in this respect.) If this should be so it would be offset in a great measure by the less resistance offered by the less dense element. Another cause of discussion is the fact that there is no current upon the lake, while in rivers there always is one. I think that on the whole the lake is the most favorable course for speed to be found. The high wind of yesterday afternoon, blowing right up the lake, made its surface rougher than the shell boats' crews would like, and with smooth water and a more equal contest, the Harvard would have made far better time. But 19 minutes and 18 seconds is by no means to be despised, and all parties are very well-satisfied with the result of yesterday's race.

The promenade concert last evening drew a large audience in which the student element greatly preponderated. Afterwards there was another match-game of billiards, for 500 points round the table, between Howard Dwight, and G. B. Blake, Jr., for Harvard, and for Yale the same two youths who contended on the previous evening. The Harvard boys beat by 42 points. This morning a representative of Harvard won five games of chess out of nine with the exponent of Yale's skill.

Some excitement was occasioned this morning by the unexpected arrival of the famous four oared shell Experiment of New York. This caused a flurry in the Leader crew, who had before been sure of the first prize. On the arrival of the train, about 10 o'clock, the Captain of the

Leader men was on hand and declared that the Experiment was under their control, and forbade it to be taken off the cars. The crew, who came with her, took her off, however, and placed her upon the pond, and she took part in the race, with what success will appear hereafter. Mr. Mackay, builder of the Leader, was loath to have a formidable competitor as he has not yet sold her.

The attendance of spectators is considerably larger than yesterday; the wind is strong and blows off shore, while yesterday it blew up the lake.

The following boats entered :

Yale, 6 oared shell, entered by S. Davis Page, length 45 feet 5 inches; crew: H. L. Johnson, 147½ pounds (stroke), I. H. Twitchell 152, Charles H. Owen 140, C. D. Stanton, jr., 146½, H. W. Camp 155, Fred H. Colton 147½, Hezekiah Watson (coxswain) 110. Total weight, 908 pounds.

Harvard, 6 oared shell, entered by J. H. Ellison, length 40 feet. C. Crowninshield 157 pounds (stroke), E. G. Abbott 136½, J. H. Wales 132½, W. H. Forbes 159, H. S. Russell 132½, J. H. Ellison 136½ (bow.) Total weight, 854 pounds.

Quickstep, lap-streak, of Boston, entered by J. A. Scott, 26 feet. Robert Donovan (stroke), J. Driscoll, J. Hurley, J. A. Scott (bow.) Total weight, 585 pounds.

Leader, shell, of New York, entered by Charles Wetherell; length 38 feet. Charles Wetherell (stroke), Thomas Sellars, William Sellars, J. Sellars (bow), Walter Lord (coxswain.)

Jeremiah Donnelly, shell, of New York, entered by Charles McCay; length 40 feet. Thomas Burns (stroke), Peter Fay, Hugh Burns, Andrew Fay (bow), total weight, 580 pounds.

Experiment, shell, of New York, entered by Charles McCay; length 40 feet. John Musgrave (stroke), Thomas Farrel, Michael Valory, John Leary (bow), total weight, 510 pounds.

Thomas Jefferson, shell, of New York, entered by Charles McCay; length 26 feet; pulled by Hugh Burns, weighing 160 pounds.

Theodore Grovier, shell, Newburgh, entered by John Hancom; length 24 feet; pulled by John Hancom, 155 pounds.

Olivia Roberts, shell, New York, entered by Charles McCay; length 26 feet; pulled by Thomas Daw, 150 pounds.

Horace Jenkins, shell, Somerville, entered by J. Wells; length 25 feet; pulled by J. Wells, 150 pounds.

Friendship, shell, entered by Thomas Doyle; length 26 feet; pulled by Thomas Doyle, 140 pounds.



## THE RACES.

The race for six oared boats took place first. The Harvard and Yale alone entered. Yale drew the first position. The signal to start was given at 20 minutes past 2, and the boats made a good start. Harvard shot ahead at once and both boats pulled for the lee of the western bank with its grove shelter; Yale gained gradually and rounded the stake a mile and a half distant ahead. On returning, Yale kept the western shore but Harvard took the eastern. They came down well together, Harvard gaining, but not sufficiently, and Yale came in a length ahead, taking the first prize, \$100.00. Harvard's prize was \$75.00. The time of both boats was better than yesterday, Yale making the distance in 19 minutes 14 seconds, and Harvard in 19 minutes 16 seconds. The defeat of the Harvards may be thus explained; she carries no cockswain, and so is steered by the oars alone. Now as the wind blew off shore very strong, it was necessary for the windward oars to slacken their force to keep her on her course, so she did not feel the full strength of her crew. But the Yale carries a cockswain, and her crew relying upon him to keep them on their course could exert their entire strength, and so gained the advantage. Yesterday the wind blew along the course, instead of across it, so that the strength and skill were then more fairly matched.

The signal was at once given for the four oared race. The Jere Donnelly drew the first place, the Leader second, the Quickstep third, and the Experiment fourth. They got off at 3 o'clock. The chief contest was between the Leader and Experiment; but for a lap-streak the Quickstep did beautifully, showing that she had an excellent crew. The anticipated triumph of the Experiment was not gained, for the Leader came in ahead in 21 minutes 1 second. The Experiment's time was 21 minutes 9 seconds, and the Quickstep's 21 minutes 34 seconds. The Jere Donnelly was far behind, and was distanced.

The last race, for single scull wherries, was perhaps the most interesting of all to the majority of the spectators. The champion of New York, Thomas Daw, was present, and general regret was felt that Mr. Robert Clark, the Boston champion, was too ill to compete with him. Boston, however, sent Thomas Doyle, who did well, and it will be seen that the New York championship was wrested from Daw by John Hancom. The Theodore Grevier drew No. 1, the Olivia Roberts 2, the Friendship 3, the Horace Jenkins 4, and the Thomas Jefferson 5. The boats made a good start, the Friendship and Olivia Roberts taking a little lead; but for the first mile they all did very well and kept nearly abreast. On the return it was soon evident that the contest was between the Theodore Grevier (Hancom), and the Friendship (Doyle), the Olivia Roberts lagging fearfully; the two former did their best, and at last Hancom came in first, making the two miles in 16 minutes 20 seconds. Doyle was 8 seconds only behind him. Burns brought in the Thomas

Jefferson in 17 minutes 33 seconds, Wells the Horace Jenkins in 18 minutes 14 seconds, and Daw with the Olivia Roberts was distanced.

So ended the Worcester City Regatta.

#### SUMMARY:

Lake Quinsigamond course, July 27, 1859. Third race, single scull wherries, 2 miles. First prize \$50.00; second \$25.00.

Second race, 4 oared boats, three miles. First prize \$75.00, second \$50.00. First race 6 oared boats, three miles. First prize \$100.00, second \$75.00.

Name.	Class.	Entered by	From	Time.	Prize.
Yale.....	6 oared shell.....	S. D. Page.....	Yale.....	19 M. 14 S.....	\$100 00
Harvard.....	" "	J. H. Ellison.....	Harvard.....	19 " ".....	75 00
Leader.....	4 " "	C. Witherell.....	New York.....	21 " 01 ".....	74 00
Experiment.....	" "	C. McCay.....	" "	21 " 09 ".....	50 00
Quickstep.....	" lap-streak.....	J. A. Scott.....	Boston.....	21 " 34 ".....	
J. Donnelly.....	" shell.....	C. McCay.....	New York.....	distanced	
Theo. Grevier.....	single scull.....	John Hancom.....	Newburgh.....	16 " 20 ".....	50 00
Friendship.....	" "	Thos. Doyle.....	Boston.....	16 " 28 ".....	25 00
T. Jefferson.....	" "	C. McCay.....	New York.....	17 " 33 ".....	
H. Jenkins.....	" "	J. Wells.....	Somerville.....	18 " 14 ".....	
O. Roberts.....	" "	Thos. Daw.....	New York.....	distanced	

The Judges were D. W. Lincoln, Edwin Bynner, and G. W. Bentley, of Worcester, Robert W. Pratt, Amos F. Learned, and Gerard C. Tobey of Boston, and Addison L. Child, of New Haven.

The people of Worcester have reason to congratulate themselves upon the success and good order which have accompanied the Regatta, of to-day and yesterday. The Police did their duty well, and the Committee of Arrangements have exercised great foresight and liberality. The Chairman, D. W. Lincoln, the Secretary, Stephen Salisbury, jr., and Nat. Paine, who acted as Quartermaster, rendered the task of the historian agreeable and easy. It is probable that Lake Quinsigamond will be the scene of many Regattas in future and that the "Ice has been broken."

CAC.



## BOATING MATTERS AT WORCESTER.

*From the Boston Daily Advertiser, July 24, 1860.*

WORCESTER, July 23, 1860.

A worthy old gentleman who, when the Blackstone canal was completed from this place to Providence and the first boat arrived, lifted up his hands in astonishment that he should have lived to see Worcester a seaport, died before the railroad eclipsed the lesser glory of the canal, and the latter, dammed, retired from the competition and left the heart of the Commonwealth to beat on in all the obscurity of an inland village. Had he survived all these events and the shock to his system at seeing his fond boat dashed to the ground, he might to-day take courage at the nautical aspect of the city and boast that it was a seaport and university town combined. For certainly the naval uniforms, and the young gentlemen whose costumes indicate unmistakably their classical affinities, met by the citizen at every turn, show that boating is in the wind and that students, for the most part, are the boatmen. True, conspicuous among the rest, is the stalwart crew of the "Union" from Boston, who on Wednesday are to place their beautiful four-oar beside and if possible in front of the college boats, but to the uninitiated they doubtless appear as students, and their *habitat* is more probably assigned to Cambridge, Providence or New Haven, which are only radii or common fellows, than to the hub and centre of the universe.

All the college boats and the Union are now upon the lake, and their crews are making themselves thoroughly acquainted with the course and keeping up their practice. The boats from Yale college reached the city as early as Friday night last, and were launched on Saturday morning. On Saturday evening came the three boats from Harvard, the Union, and the two boats from Brown University. They were received by the Worcester "navy," which turned out in grand style, and were escorted to the large tent prepared for their reception, just North of the floating bridge.

The college regatta of this year, which takes place at 3.30 to-morrow afternoon, will consist of three distinct races instead of only one, as was the case last year. First comes the race between the representative boats of Harvard, Yale, and Brown, which bear the names of their respective colleges. The Harvard and Brown are both new, the latter one of the handsomest boats ever seen; too handsome, I fear, for service. She is built of pine, 46 feet long, 22 inches wide (the same width as the Union), and weighs only 112½ pounds. Following this race will be one each between the two classes of Harvard and Yale, which during the past year have been called the Sophomores and

Freshmen. The recent commencement at Cambridge has advanced the two classes from these a peg, but they are not proud, for all that. The first race is for shells, the last two for lapstreaks. But candor compels me to say, that the Freshman boat from Yale (the Glyuna) ought not to be allowed to contend with the 'Thetis' on equal terms. The latter is a lapstreak, pure and simple; the former is a mongrel, having a good deal of the shell element about her, and therefore not entitled to row with a lapstreak, out of justice to the latter, as was shown in the Daily Advertiser of July 6.

The boats which are to participate in the College regatta, are the following :

#### HARVARD BOATS.

*Harvard.* Six-oared shell. Caspar Crowninshield, C. M. Woodward, E. G. Abbott, W. H. Ker, Henry Ropes, J. H. Wales. Uniform; white undershirts, red handkerchiefs and blue pants.

*Sophomore Class Boat.* H. H. McBurney, H. Mathes, J. Read, William Hedge, W. T. Washburn, Arthur Sibley. Uniform; white shirts, handkerchiefs trimmed with blue, and white pants.

*Thetis.* Freshman boat. C. W. Amory, E. D. Boit, A. Lawrence, J. C. Warren, W. Greenough, H. S. Dunn. Uniform; white shirts and orange colored handkerchiefs.

#### YALE BOATS.

*Yale.* Henry L. Johnson, jr., Charles T. Stannet, jr., Wm. E. Bradley, Edward P. McKinney, Eugene L. Richards, Brayton Ives, Charles G. G. Merrill. Uniform; deep blue pants and handkerchief, and white shirts.

*Thulia.* Sophomore boat. Grosvenor Starr, Henry P. Johnston, William W. Seely, Richard Morse, W. L. McClintock, Israel Minor, Jacob S. Mackee. Uniform; white all through.

*Glyuna.* Freshman boat. Thomas D. Kimball, William G. Grant, Theodore C. Bacon, Henry C. Dunn, Edward L. Keyes, John H. Woodruff, James T. Eakin. Uniform; light blue pants and caps, and white shirts.

#### BROWN BOAT.

*Brown.* P. S. Jastram, C. D. Cady, E. P. Brown, O. Lapham, A. M. Bowen, E. H. Sears, W. M. Ames. Uniform; blue pants, salmon colored shirts, and black handkerchiefs.

Bostonians now know so well how beautiful a regatta is, that I will only tell them what inducements are offered to come up here to-day and to-morrow, additional to the mere facts of the regattas themselves. To-morrow (Tuesday) the train leaving Boston at 1.30 will reach the lake by half-past 3, and a train returning, will leave the lake

signal at 5.15. An extra will leave the Albany Street Station in Boston at noon on Wednesday, which will land its passengers in an hour and three-quarters in sight of the lake, and a pleasant walk, ramble or run through the fields will take them to its beautiful shores, where from comfortable seats, charmed by sweet music, they may feast the eye on the beauties of Nature and the exciting spectacle of a closely contested regatta on a course unexcelled for beauty and adaptability. The cars, returning, will take them back to the city before dark; so that they may enjoy the ride through a beautiful portion of the State and the grand spectacle at its terminus, in but little more time than it would take to witness a race on Charles river.

To return here. If the friends of the various crews wish to find them, to express their hopes or fears, their encouragement, sympathy and friendship, let them look for the Harvards at the Bay State House, the Unions at the Exchange Hotel, Yale at the Lincoln House and Brown at the Waldo House.

The Brown club brought with them the Brunonia, which they took to Boston, intending to use her if they did not like their new Brown. But the latter pleases them so well that they will undoubtedly employ her to-morrow and Wednesday. She is indeed a beautiful boat, too frail, however, for hard work.

The judges of the College regatta are Messrs. J. H. Ellison for Harvard, Samuel Woodruff for Brown, and Charles H. Owen for Yale. The judges for the City regatta are not yet appointed. Happy men, to be freed from all care about the preliminaries!

Already the contest has begun. A chess match between Harvard and Yale began at 2.30 this afternoon, and now (10.30) the first game is not finished. It is about six to half-a-dozen. Messrs. Cole and Nye are the champions of Harvard, while Yale finds its knights in Messrs. Champion and Baldwin. To-morrow evening there is to be a grand billiard match at Brinley Hall.

At 9 to-morrow morning the editors of the University Quarterly hold a convention to elect their successors.

This evening the Harvard Glee Club delighted a thousand people with their sweet songs at Mechanics' Hall. They received the most liberal applause and unfeigned admiration. The college songs created a sensation. The Mendelssohn Quintette Club lent their valuable aid.

As a "personal" item, it may be mentioned that Prof. Longfellow is here, on purpose to see the regatta. The Autocrat is to come.

Among the boatmen to come, are Joshua Ward of Newburg, Doyle, Colbert, Welles and Daily of Boston.

So to-morrow and next day, expect to hear of boats and boatmen, with billiards interspersed.

## COLLEGE REGATTA AT WORCESTER.

*From the Boston Daily Advertiser, July 25, 1860.*

WORCESTER, July 24, 1860.

The day opens auspiciously. All the clouds that yesterday morn did lower around our house and the neighbors' are in the deep bosom of Lake Quinsigamond buried.

The spirit of music is sleepless. Last night it wandered abroad at the witching hour, and breathed itself forth in song beneath the windows of the fair. It announced that the man of upright life and a pure conscience needs no Moorish javelins or poisoned arrows for his defence ; it recognized the distinction between tweedle-dum and tweedle-dee, or at least their cognates upi-dee and upi-da ; and it told also of its own pleasant custom of an afternoon (or rather of an evening,) of going rolling home when the tobacco and pipes have left it. It honored the President of Harvard College, through his representative, and was instrumental in waking people up to listen to its vocal efforts in various shady nooks and door-yards.

The friends of Harvard are glad to see Mr. Wales, bow-oar of the Harvard, here, determined to pull although his health is not fully established again. He went out to practise last evening, for the first time since his illness, and took courage from his success. His services are too valuable to be spared, if they can possibly be made available.

Before the races to-day all sorts of opinions and predictions prevailed as to the result. That the Harvard would beat in the college contest was quite generally admitted. Odds were offered that the Sophomores from Harvard would beat those from Yale and some went so far as to bet that the Harvard crews would be victorious in every race. How far these fond expectations were realized will hereinafter appear.

The people of this part of the State have learned so well from last year's experience to enjoy "the sweet madness of a regatta," that they need no urging to come down to the lovely lake this beautiful afternoon. Seated on the grass beneath the shade of the chestnuts, oaks and maples on either bank, or upon the benches erected at various convenient points, thousands of city, oppidan and rustics are enjoying the scenery, the music and the sport. The first contest is the

## FRESHMAN RACE.

The Thetis, from Harvard, draws the inside position, the Glyuna, from Yale, the outside. An excellent start, the Glyuna (a most eccentric name, offspring of some inventive brain) taking the start, for she is a "half-shell," but the Thetis soon gaining, and each pulling for



the lee of the shore. Applauding thousands gaze and admire. The mile stake is gained by both about the same time, and then they are lost to sight for a few minutes around a bend. Soon they appear again, both close together, and as soon as it can be ascertained from the judges' boat, it is seen that the Thetis is ahead. Cambridge and its belongings appear to be pleased. On comes the Thetis, passing the line in 19m. 40½s., and cheering the Glyuna as she follows in 20m. 20s. College discipline cultivates promptness and punctuality, and there is little delay in preparing for the second, the

#### SOPHOMORE RACE.

Thulia from Yale draws the first position. She is to contend with the Sophomore Class Boat from Harvard. A fair start, but the S. C. B. made such a fiery spurt as was hardly ever seen before, and in half a minute showed the Thulia their stern, which the latter crew had no opportunity to admire. The S. C. B. on their return, were making good time, but the Thulia, half-way home, stopped. So the S. C. B. took it more leisurely and came in at their pleasure in 20m. 17s. Thulia reported at the judges' boat: "One of our men was taken sick."

Then followed the

#### CHAMPION RACE.

This was for the champion boats of the three colleges, named for their respective institution, and manned by picked crews. Brown drew the inside, Yale the middle and Harvard the outside. In this race centred the interest of the day. Mr. Wales, fortunately and courageously, was in his place prepared to do yeoman service. The beauty and lightness of the Brown did not gain her the victory, but the race was between Harvard and Yale, the former leading throughout and coming in in 18m. 53s., the best time on record, half a second better than the same boat made on Charles River, on the Fourth of July. Yale came in in 19m. 05½s., and Brown, finding herself so far behind, pulled in to the wharf, arriving there in 21:15.

The following is a

#### SUMMARY :

College Union Regatta on Lake Quinsigamond, Worcester, July 24, 1860, distance 3 miles

Boat.	Crew.	Time.	Prize.
Thetis.....	Harvard Freshmen*	19:40½	Set of colors.
Glyuna.....	Yale do	20:20	
Sophomore Class Boat....	Harvard Sophomores*	20:17	Colors.
Thulia.....	Yale do	One of crew taken sick.	
Harvard.....	Champion crew	18:53	Colors.
Yale.....	do do	19:05½	
Brown.....	do do	21:15	

\* The Freshmen and Sophomore classes of the academical year just ended.



I need not say that the friends of Harvard were now in the best of spirits, and that the others were disappointed.

The failure of the Brown is to be attributed to her model. She is so very narrow that notwithstanding the fact that she was yesterday furnished with out-spreading washboards she took in a vast quantity of water to-day, and came in half-full. If there is much wind to-morrow her crew will probably pull the Brunonia, which is here ready for such an emergency. The illness of one of the Thulia crew was real and not a mere feint. His head was yesterday affected by the sun, so that to-day after starting he was taken with a temporary blindness, and hence the unsatisfactory result.

This evening abundant and varied entertainment has been offered those seekers of pleasure whom the afternoon's sport has not satiated and whom the afternoon sun has not fatigued. At Mechanics' Hall the favorite National Band gave a promenade concert; Messrs. Mollineux and Ottignon, gymnastic instructors at Harvard and Yale, gave a pugilistic and gymnastic exhibition at the City Hall before a large and "rough" audience, and at the Worcester Theatre the highly moral, effective, &c., &c., drama of the "Octoroon" was performed by a company with Miss Kimberly at the head.

That game of chess over which Harvard and Yale have been poring for ten days is not yet completed.

The grand billiard match has not yet taken place. The Phelan table will arrive early to-morrow morning, and will be set up in Brinley Hall. Meantime there are various amateur games of interest but the championship will only be contested on a genuine Phelan.

To-morrow you shall know the result of to-day's exciting contest.

CAC.

## THE WORCESTER CITY REGATTA.

*From the Boston Daily Advertiser, July 26, 1860.*

WORCESTER, July 25, 1860.

A row up the lake this afternoon before the races showed that the spectators are themselves a beautiful spectacle. Their picturesque groupings along the banks and variegated costumes furnish the æsthetic element of the race, and we cannot doubt that rowers even while straining every nerve find time to appreciate the beautiful, as they certainly must the cheers from the shore and the handkerchief waving of enthusiastic young ladies.

The weather is as lovely as yesterday, a little too warm for the comfort of the judges and reporters, but neither oarsman nor populace will care for that; so all ought to go on smoothly.

Very much to the disappointment of every body, the medical adviser of one of the crew of the Harvard has forbidden him from rowing to-day; so the expected contest between the Harvard and Union is still further postponed. But if the Union row, as they will undoubtedly do, we can compare their time with that made by Harvard yesterday, giving her the allowance of 30 seconds. That is, as Harvard yesterday made 18 minutes 23 seconds, Union (giving her 30 seconds), must make 19 minutes 23 seconds to equal the performance of Harvard. "Vide infra!"

We came near having a very interesting race at this time. Several graduates of Cambridge of former years, and visitors in numerous races, challenged the Yale graduates to a scrub-race which would have been well worth seeing, but there were not enough Yale men ready to take part in the contest, and the affair fell through.

To this scene of physical contest came five pedestrians from Boston. Leaving that city at 5½ o'clock on Monday morning, they arrived here in good spirits at about 8 P. M., a very creditable feat.

The number of spectators to-day has been even larger than yesterday; the races being one more in number began an hour earlier, or about 2½ o'clock. First came the race for

### SINGLE SCULL WHERRIES.

As there was no distinction made between lap-streak and shells, of course no lap-streak would enter. Four shells appeared, the Oscar Tead, rowed by Joshua Ward, of Newburgh; Unknown, Leonard Kinsley, of Charlestown; Naiad, W. B. Bacon, of New Haven; Friendship, Thomas Doyle of Boston. Public opinion gave the first prize in advance to Ward, thereby only anticipating the actual result; for he came in in 15 minutes 17½ seconds, followed by the Friendship in 15 minutes 33 seconds, and the Unknown in 16 minutes 08 seconds. The Naiad's time was not taken.

## SECOND RACE.

Four boats also contested this race: E. K. G. (lap-streak), rowed by Daley and Wells, of Boston; Who'd a' thought it? (shell), James and William Sellars, of Williamsburg, N. Y.; Noddle, of East Boston (shell), Brown and June, of New York, and Le Voyageur (shell), Doyle and Colbert, Boston. A close and well-contested race. At the outset it appeared as if the race was to be between the Voyageur and Noddle, and indeed the former led at the mile stake. But coming down the fortune of the race changed, and the Noddle came in first in 16 minutes 10 seconds. The Voyageur followed only 8 seconds behind her, the E. K. G., though a lap-streak, made 16 minutes 46 seconds, and Who'd a' thought it? was distanced.

## THIRD RACE.

This was open to all six and four oared lap-streak boats; but as it happened, none entered, except the two class boats from both Harvard and Yale Colleges. At the last moment it was announced, that the Glyuna, (Yale Freshmen), would not row, and so the race was left to the Thetis, rowed by Harvard Freshmen, Sophomore class boat from Harvard, and Thulia, rowed by Yale Sophomores. The start was excellent, the Harvard Freshmen pulling a perfectly beautiful stroke, giving promise of great things in the present, and brilliant triumphs in the future. The Harvard Sophomores, after going about a quarter of a mile, got ahead of the Thulia, and thinking now they had abundance of room, attempted,—from good motives, but through an error in judgment,—to take a more eligible place, but in doing so, impeded the progress of the Thulia a trifle, and the latter withdrew from the race disheartened. The Harvard Sophomores kept on and made the three miles in 19 minutes 44½ seconds. The Thetis came in shortly after, but stopped rowing when the bow reached the line, and as the judges took the time from her stern, it appears longer than it otherwise would, viz.: 20 minutes 13 seconds. The judges considered the case of the Harvard Sophomores and finally decided that although there had been no intentional wrong, yet as they had hurt the prospects, (not to say feelings), of the Thulia, they could not have a prize. So the first prize was given to the Thetis, and the second was not awarded.

On the fourth race centred the general attention. True, the Harvard had been compelled to withdraw, but there were left the Union, the Yale, the Gersh Banker with its Newburgh crew, and the Quickstep of Boston.

The Brown boys did not pull. Yesterday's experience had led them to lay aside their new shell, and on taking out the Brunonia, she was found to leak so badly, that they withdrew entirely, and at the start the Gersh Banker seemed to lead off and to carry with her the hopes of a large number of the spectators. But the Union pressed her close, and her friends looking on were confident that with her allowance of 30 seconds she would gain the first prize. But fate is against the Union

this summer, though public sympathy, (which wins no races itself), is with them. On coming home their stroke oar cracked just in the row-lock, and although the leather kept it from breaking entirely, its power was much lessened. She could therefore not do justice to herself, and her time, good as it was, must not be taken as a criterion of what she can do. We are yet to see this tested, and we hope this summer.

The Gersh Banker made the perfectly astonishing time of 18 minutes 37 seconds, which has never been surpassed. Yale came in in 19 minutes 10 seconds, the Union in 19 minutes 41 seconds, and the Quickstep in 21 minutes 26 seconds. The Union's time, deducting the allowance, is 19 minutes 11 seconds, only one second less than the Yale's, and only two seconds less than enough to give her the second prize. The Quickstep's corrected time is 20 minutes 56 seconds.

So ended the races at Worcester, which on the whole have been extremely successful. A finer lot of boats has perhaps never been collected in this country. Here is a summary of to-day's races :

#### SUMMARY:

Worcester City Regatta on Lake Quinsigamond, July 25, 1860. Four races, single scull wherries, 2 miles, \$50.00 and \$20.00; double scull, same distance and prizes; six and four oared lap-streaks, 3 miles; \$75.00 and \$35.00; six and four oared shells, 3 miles, \$100.00 and \$50.00, allowance of 30 seconds by six and four oared boats.

Name.	Class.	Entered by	Time.	Prize.
Oscar Tead.....	shell wherry.....	Josh. Ward.....	15 M. 17½ S.....	\$ 50 00
Friendship.....	"	Thomas Doyle.....	15 " 33 ".....	20 00
Unknown.....	"	L. Kinsley.....	16 " 08 ".....	
Naiad.....	"	W. B. Bacon.....	not taken	
Noddle.....	"	Brown and June.....	16 " 10 ".....	50 00
Le Voyageur.....	"	Doyle and Colbert.....	16 " 18 ".....	20 00
E. K. G.....	lap.....	Daley and Wells.....	16 " 46 ".....	
Who'd a' thought it!.....	shell.....	J. and W. Sellars.....	not taken	
Thetis.....	6 oared lap.....	Harvard Freshmen.....	20 " 13 ".....	75 00
Harvard Sophomores.....	lap.....	Harvard Sophomores.....	19 " 44½ ".....	
Thulla.....	"	Yale Sophomores.....	withdrew	
Gersh Banker.....	6 oared shell.....	J. Ward and others.....	18 " 37 ".....	100 00
Yale.....	" " ".....	Yale crew.....	19 " 10 ".....	50 00
Union.....	4 " ".....	Union crew.....	19 " 11* ".....	
Quickstep.....	" " ".....	J. Scott and others.....	time	

\* Corrected time.

Nothing has happened during the two days' races to mar the pleasure of the great concourse of people who have assembled to witness them.

As I write, 10 P. M., Harvard is ahead in the matter of billiards, (388 to 480), and Yale in chess.

CAC.



## MEMORIAL WINDOW.

At Commencement, 1874, Francis M. Weld, Henry S. Russell and Oliver F. Wadsworth were appointed a committee to raise funds to erect, in Memorial Hall, a Memorial Window to those who fell in the War of the Rebellion.

Following is the list of subscriptions:

JOSIAH G. ABBOTT, in memory of his sons, EDWARD G. and HENRY L. ABBOTT.....\$50	WILLIAM PERKINS, in memory of his son, WILLIAM E. PERKINS .....\$50
GEORGE E. ADAMS..... 50	WILLIAM E. PERKINS..... 30
BENJAMIN F. D. ADAMS..... 35	SILAS D. PRESBRY..... 5
WILLIAM S. APPLETON..... 40	HENRY S. RUSSELL.....125
SELWIN Z. BOWMAN. .... 15	HENRY B. SCOTT ..... 10
CASPAR CROWNINSHIELD .... 50	FRANCIS G. SHAW, in memory of his son, ROBERT G. SHAW .....100
JULIUS DEXTER ..... 50	THOMAS SHERWIN ..... 15
CHARLES H. DOE..... 10	JOSEPH SHIPPEN..... 10
STEPHEN W. DRIVER ..... 10	HENRY G. SPAULDING..... 15
CHARLES H. FISKE ..... 10	C. WISTAR STEVENS ..... 5
WILLIAM C. GANNETT..... 10	CHARLES W. SWAN..... 15
AUDLEY HASLETT..... 10	LEWIS WM. TAPPAN..... 20
JAMES HAUGHTON ..... 5	JAMES B. F. THOMAS..... 10
HORACE JOHN HAYDEN..... 25	ALEXANDER F. WADSWORTH.. 35
EDWIN J. HORTON..... 10	OLIVER F. WADSWORTH..... 25
HORACE HOWLAND ..... 10	SAMUEL G. WEBBER..... 10
CHARLES A. HUMPHREYS..... 10	FRANCIS M. WELD..... 30
FRANCIS W. HUNNEWELL .... 50	GEORGE W. WELD ..... 50
JOHN W. HUNNEWELL ..... 25	STEPHEN M. WELD..... 35
EDWARD C. JOHNSON..... 25	EDMUND WETMORE..... 35
ARTHUR M. KNAPP..... 10	GEORGE G. WHEELOCK..... 25
HENRY S. MACKINTOSH..... 5	CHARLES A. WHITTIER..... 75
JOHN T. MORSE, jr..... 50	GEORGE H. WHITTEMORE .... 5
E. R. MUDGE, in memory of his son, CHARLES R. MUDGE.100	ROBERT WILLARD..... 10
CHARLES A. NELSON..... 5	GEORGE B. YOUNG..... 25
GEORGE E. NILES ..... 10	ANONYMOUS ..... 1
GEORGE S. OSBORNE..... 5	
C. CHAUNCEY PARSONS..... 10	
	Total, <u>\$1,466</u>

This amount with the accrued interest and other promised aid will probably meet the expense of the window, which will be not far from \$1,500.



The artist is John Lafarge, of New York. A battle scene is represented, with one whole figure and several partial figures shown struggling up a declivity through a chevaux-de-frise. On the panels underneath will appear smaller figures carrying a litter with a wounded soldier upon it, and other figures in various attitudes.

A contract was made to have it in place for Commencement Day of this year, but only one half was ready. This is much admired and gives promise of a fine effect when the window is completed. The artist promises that on next Commencement the entire window shall be finished. That will make seven years since the enterprise was broached, but the impatient must remember that it took nearly one hundred times as long to complete the Cathedral at Cologne.

(FAC SIMILE.)

# CLASS OF SIXTY

OF

HARVARD COLLEGE,

AT THE

CATTLE FAIR HOTEL,

BRIGHTON, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1857.

---

## BILL OF FARE.

---

### SOUP.

Julien.

### FISH.

Baked Codfish, Claret Sauce.

### BOILED.

Leg of Mutton, Caper Sauce.

Turkey, Oyster Sauce.

Beefs' Tongues.

Capons and Pork.

Westphalia Hams.

### COLD ORNAMENTAL DISHES.

Gelatine of Turkey, En Bellevue.

Boned Chicken, Au Truffle.

Lobster Salad, Garnished.

Jellice of Chickens.

### SIDE DISHES.

Lamb Cutlets, Breaded Tomato Sauce.

Sweet Breads in Case.

Macaroni, a la Crème.

Oyster Patties.

Fricassee of Chicken.

Kidney, Port Wine Sauce.

### ROAST.

Sirloin Beef. Leg Lamb. Pig Stuffed. Turkeys. Geese. Ducks.

### GAME.

Canvas Back Ducks. Black Ducks. Woodcock. Teal.  
Quails. Plover. Partridges. Snipes. Leg of Venison with Currant Jelly.

### PUDDINGS AND PASTRY.

Cabinet Puddings.

Pastry, Charlotte Russe.

Creams, Jellies.

Confectionery.

### DESSERT.

Apples, Pears, Raisins, Nuts, Grapes, Oranges, Figs.

COFFEE AND LIQUORS.

(FAC SIMILE.)

# TAFT'S HOTEL.

## SUPPER

FOR THE

### Class of 1860.

Point Shirley, June 11th, 1860.

#### BILL OF FARE.

—:0:—

#### FISH.

Boiled Salmon;  
Tautog; Scrod;  
American Plaice; American Sole.

#### LOBSTER SALAD.

#### ROAST.

Bremen Goose; Bremen Ducks;  
Mongrel Goose; Mongrel Ducks.  
Wild Goose; Wild Ducks;  
Spring Chickens;  
Pig.

#### BIRDS OF PARADISE.

#### GAME.

Peeps;  
Sickle-Bill Curlew;  
Dough Birds; Jack Curlew;  
Black Snipe; Wild Squabs;  
Sand Snipe; Grass Plover;  
Red-Breast Plover; Yellow-Leg Plover.

#### ONE FISH BALL.

#### JELLIES.

Currant; Cranberry.

#### PASTRY.

#### ICE CREAMS.

Vanilla;  
Strawberry;  
Sherbet;  
Roman Punch.

#### CHARLOTTE RUSSE.

#### DESSERT.

ALL THE FRUITS OF THE SEASON,

#### COFFEE.

## THE TWENTIETH ANNIVERSARY DINNER.

---

The Class met at the Tremont House, at six o'clock, Tuesday evening, June 29, 1880, the day before Commencement. There were present

ADAMS, B. F. D.,	PARSONS,
ADAMS, G. E.,	PRESBRY,
APPLETON,	RUSSELL,
BOWMAN,	SCOTT,
DEXTER,	SHERWIN,
DOE,	SHIPPEN,
EVERETT,	SPAULDING,
FISKE,	STEVENS,
FURNESS,	TAPPAN,
HASLETT,	THOMAS,
HAUGHTON,	WADSWORTH, O. F.,
HOWLAND, <i>Hickley</i>	WEBBER,
HUMPHREYS,	WEED,
HUNNEWELL, F. W.,	WELD, F. M.,
JOHNSON,	WELD, S. M.,
KNAPP,	WETMORE,
LELAND,	WHITEMORE,
NELSON,	WHITTIER,
NILES,	WILLARD,
OSBORNE,	WOOD,

40

*Atkinson,*

*Hall, C. H.,*

*Hazelton.*

3

$40+3=43.$

Hic dies, anno redeunte, festus  
Corticem astrictum pice dimovebit  
Amphoræ, fumum bibere institutæ  
Præside Walker.

*Horatius, Od. III. 8.*

---

A feast is made for laughter, and wine maketh merry.  
*Ecclesiastes, X. 19.*

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DINNER  
OF THE  
CLASS OF 1860,  
OF  
HARVARD UNIVERSITY.

---

TWENTIETH ANNIVERSARY  
OF  
GRADUATION.

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TREMONT HOUSE, BOSTON,  
JUNE 29, 1880.

---

Be wise with speed;  
A fool at forty is a fool indeed.

*Young, Satire 2, Line 282.*

---

Forty times over let Michaelnas pass,  
Grizzling hair the brain doth clear—  
Then you know a boy is an ass,  
Then you know the worth of a lass,  
Once you have come to Forty Year.

*Thackeray, Age of Wisdom.*





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WETMORE FECIT.

Iipse dies agitat festos. *Vergilius, Georg. II. 527.*

---

Read, mark, learn and inwardly digest.  
*Book of Common Prayer.*

---

Bid them cover the table, serve in the meat, and we will come  
in to dinner. *Merchant of Venice, Act III, Sc. 5.*

---

A feast of fat things. *Isaiah, XXV, 6.*

---

Man doth not live by bread only. *Deuteronomy, VIII, 3,*

---

Appetite comes with eating, says Angeston. *Rabelais.*

---

Now, good digestion, wait on appetite. *Macbeth, Act III, Sc. 4.*

---

They eat, they drink and in communion sweet  
Quaff immortality and joy. *Milton, Paradise Lost.*

---

Fear no more tavern bills. *Cymbeline, Act V, Sc. 4.*

## M E N U . .

### CLAMS.

Ἄλλὰ τουτονὶ πρῶτον λαβέ. *Aristophanes, Clouds, 1147.*

Lying with simple shells. *Pericles, Act III, Sc. 1.*

Thou didst smile, which raised in me an undergoing stomach  
to bear up against what should ensue. *Tempest, Act I, Sc. 2.*

Durate, et vosmet rebus servate secundis. *Vergilius, Aen. I, 211*

### VINS BLANCS.\*

Wine that maketh glad the heart of man. *Psalms, CIV, 15.*

### Chablis.

When the butt is out we will drink water; not a drop before.  
*Tempest, Act III Sc. 2.*

I sought in my heart to give myself unto wine, yet acquainting  
my heart with wisdom. *Ecclesiastes, II, 3.*

### Hochheimer.

Nominativo, Hic, Hæc, Hoc.  
*Merry Wives of Windsor, Act IV, Sc. 1.*

“Οὗτος μὲν γὰρ ὕδωρ, ἐγὼ δὲ οἶνον πίνω.” καὶ ἑμεῖς  
ἐγελάτουμε. *Demosthenes, Παράπρεσβεία, 46.*

### POTAGE.

#### Consommé D'Orléans.

The Frenchman's darling. *Cowper, The Task.*

### SHERRY.

Give me a cup of sack. *Henry IV, Part I, Act II, Sc. 4.*

### Vino de Pasto.

Good wine is a good familiar creature. *Othello, Act II, Sc. 3.*

\*Wine is blue. *Evangelinus Apostolides Sophocles.*

## POISSON.

### Halibut bouilli.

A royal fish, it shall be divided. *1 Black., Com. 222.*

A most delicate monster. *Tempest, Act II, Sc. 4.*

Canst thou draw out leviathan with an hook? *Job, XLI, 1.*

That sort was well fished for. *Tempest, Act II, Sc. 1.*

### Concombres. Petits Pois. Tomates.

Ceres, most bounteous lady, thy rich leas  
Of wheat, rye, barley, vetches, oats and peas.  
*Tempest, Act IV, Sc. 1.*

Attulit et varias, quas habet hortus, opes. *Martialis, X, 48, 8.*

### SELLE DE MOUTON DE KENTUCKY.

Galen takes exception at mutton, but without question he means that rammy mutton which is in Turkey and Asia Minor.  
*Burton, Anatomy of Melancholy, Part II, Sec. 2, Mem. 1, Sub. 1.*

Spem gregis. *Vergilius, Ecl. I, 15.*

What's this, mutton? *Taming of the Shrew, Act IV, Sc. 3.*

No sheep, sweet lamb. *Love's Labor Lost, Act II, Sc. 1.*

A joint of mutton, and any pretty little tiny  
Kickshaws, tell William cook.  
*Henry IV, Part II, Act V, Sc. 1.*

Tunc pingues agni, et tunc mollissima vina:  
Tunc somni dulces. *Vergilius, Geor. I, 341.*

### CHAMPAGNE.\*

And we meet, with champagne and a chicken, at last.

*The Lover, Lady Mary Wortley Montagu.*

Napoleon, in mangums.

Shrine of the mighty! can it be

That this is all remains of thee?

*Byron, The Giaour, line 106.*

---

### Roederer, Carte Blanche

Come, thou monarch of the vine,

Plumpy Bacchus, with pink eyne.

*Antony and Cleopatra, Act II, Sc. 7.*

---

### Veuve Clicquot.

Be werry careful of widders.

*Dickens, Pickwick Papers.*

---

### OIE À LA MATIGNON.

Hæc servavit avis Tarpeia templa Tonantis.

*Martialis, XIII, 74.*

For this, be sure, to-night thou shalt have cramps,

Side-stitches that shall pen thy breath up.

*Tempest, Act I, Sc. 2.*

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### ENTREMETS.

#### Points d'asperges au beurre.

Mollis in æquorea quæ crevit spina Ravena

Non erit incultis gratior asparagis.

*Martialis, XIII, 21.*

She brought forth butter in a lordly dish.

*Judges, V, 25.*

---

### Chouxfleurs.

The bright consumate flower. *Milton, Paradise Lost, book V.*

To feed on flowres and weeds of glorious feature.

*Spenser, The Fate of the Butterfly, line 209.*

Nigra coliculus virens patella.

*Martialis V, 78, 7.*

---

\*  $C_1 H_6 O + (Al_2 O_3)_3 + 3SO_2 + (NH_4)O, SO_4 + 24H_2O + C_6 H_{12} O_6 + CO_2 + H_2 O.$



## Pâté de foie gras.

A mystery, aye, sir, a mystery. *Measure for Measure, IV, 2.*

---

Aspice quam tumeat magno jecur anseris majus !

Miratus dices : "Hoc, rogo, crevit ubi ?"

*Martialis, XIII, 58.*

---

Pinguibus et ficis pastum jecur anseris albæ.

*Horatius, Sat. II, 8, 88.*

---

## BORDEAUX.

Μεῖζονα δὴ κρητῆρα, Μενoitριου νιέ, καθίστα.

*Homer, Iliad, IX, 202.*

---

## Chateau Lafitte.

The next they brought up was a bottle of wine  
as red as blood.

*Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress.*

---

## Pontet Canet.

What would I do ?

'Scape being drunk for want of wine ! *Tempest, Act II, Sc. 1.*

---

## RELEVÉS.

### Filet de Boeuf aux Champignons.

What say you to a piece of beef, and mustard ?

*Taming of the Shrew, Act IV, Sc. 3.*

---

The ox knoweth its owner, and the ass his master's crib.

*Isaiah, I, 3.*

---

### Mayonnaise de volaille.

This salad was born to do me good.

*Henry IV, Part 2, Act IV, Sc. 10.*

---

In order ranged

Of tame villatic fowl. *Milton, Samson Agonistes, line 1692.*

---

### Ris de veau aux petits pois.

Fish nor flesh nor good red herring.

*Heywood's Proverbs.*

**SORBET.**  
**Au Champagne.**

What, must our mouths be cold? *Tempest, Act I, Sc. 1.*

---

**ROTIS.**  
**Pluviers. Canards sauvages.**

What is the opinion of Pythagoras concerning wild fowl?  
*Twelfth Night, Act IV, Sc. 2.*

---

The peacock is an Aga, but the little bird is a Bulbul.  
*Thackeray, Oriental Love Song.*

---

*Τὰ δὲ κρέα αὐτῶν ἡδίστα ἦν.* · *Xenophon, Anabasis, I, 5.*

**SALADE.**

Olivo  
Non quo fraudatis immundus Natta lucernis.  
*Horatius, Sat. I, 7, 124.*

---

My salad days,  
When I was green in judgment.  
*Antony and Cleopatra, Act I, Sc. 5.*

---

We cannot live on grass, on berries, water,  
As beasts and birds and fishes.  
*Timon of Athens, Act IV, Sc. 3.*

---

**BOURGOGNE.**

We shall feast high with the blood of Burgundy.  
*Scott, Quentin Durward.*

---

**Macon Vieux.**

*Καὶ οὐδεὶς πινὼν παλαιὸν, εὐθέως θέλει νέον· λέγει γάρ·  
ὁ παλαιὸς χρηστότερος ἐστίν.* *Luke V, 39.*

---

**Pommard.**

Wine, wine, wine! what service is here!  
*Coriolanus, Act IV, Sc. 5.*

## SUCRÉRIES.

Charlotte à la russe.

Biscuits glacés.      Gelée au madère.

Paniers Chantilly.

A wilderness of sweets.

*Milton, Paradise Lost, book V, line 294.*

---

We are such stuff

As dreams are made on.

*Tempest, Act IV, Sc. 1.*

---

## GLACÉS.

When it is baked with frost.

*Tempest, Act I, Sc. 2.*

---

## FROMAGE.

Copia pressi lactis.

*Vergilius, Ecl. 1.*

Roquefort.

Stilton.

---

I do perceive here a divided duty.

*Othello, Act I, Sc. 3.*

---

φῆν! φῆν!

*Euripides, Alcestis, 875.*

---

## OLIVES.

Let us have peace!

*Ulysses.\**

---

## FRUITS ET DESSERT.

Stay me with flagons, comfort me with apples!

*Song of Solomon, II, 5.*

---

Give it a plum, a cherry, and a fig. *King John, Act II, Sc. 1.*

---

## CAFÉ.

Coffee, which makes the politician wise,  
And see through all things with his half-shut eyes.

*Pope, Rape of the Lock.*

---

\*(S. Grant.)

## LIQUEURS

Good ! yet remember whom thou hast aboard.

*Tempest, Act I, Sc. 1.*

---

Chartreuse. Cognac. Benedictine.

Claret is the liquor for boys ; port for men ; but he who  
aspires to be a hero must drink brandy.

*Boswell's Life of Johnson.*

## Cigars.

Give me a cigar !

*Byron, The Island, canto 2.*

---

Whose smoke like incense doth perfume the sky.

*Titus Andronicus, Act I, Sc. 2.*

---

Pernicious weed ! whose scent the fair annoys,

\* \* \* \* \*

Thy worst effect is banishing for hours

The sex whose presence civilizes ours.

*Cowper, Conversation.*

---

Jamjam deficio, tuoque Baccho

In serum trahor ebrius soporem. *Statius, Sylvarum, VI, 96.*

---

And truant husband should return and say

" My dear, I was the first who came away."

*Byron, Don Juan, canto 1.*

---

We are strongly impressed with the idea of rotatory or orbital  
motion.

*Herschel's Outlines of Astronomy, §20.*

---

Wherefore let him that thinketh he standeth take heed lest he  
fall. *First Epistle of Paul to the Corinthians, X, 12.*

---

Quo me, Bacche, rapis tui plenum ? *Horatius, Od. III, 25.*

Ille potens sui  
Lætusque degit, cui licet in diem  
Dixisse, Vixi.

*Horatius, Od. III, 29.*

---

Fate cannot harm me ; I have dined to-day.

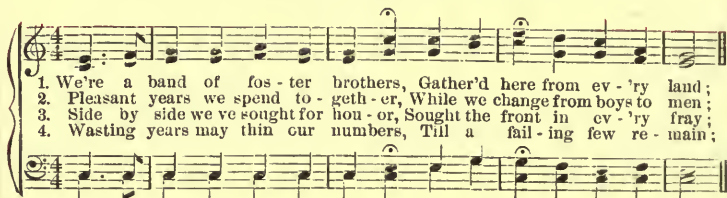
*Sydney Smith, Recipe for Salad.*



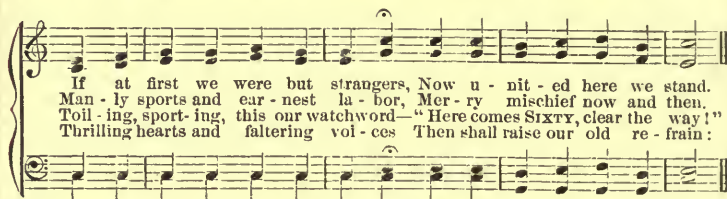
# H A R V A R D.

## SONG

FOR THE CLASS OF SIXTY.

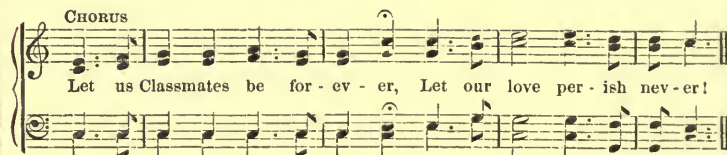


1. We're a band of fos-ter brothers, Gather'd here from ev-'ry land;  
2. Pleasant years we spend to-geth-er, While we change from boys to men;  
3. Side by side we've sought for hou-or, Sought the front in ev-'ry fray;  
4. Wasting years may thin our numbers, Till a fail-ing few re-main;

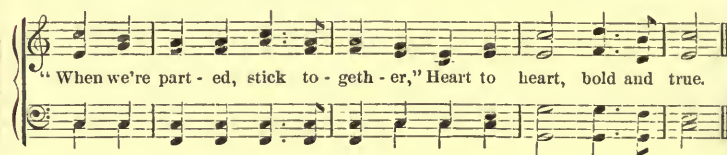


If at first we were but strangers, Now u-nit-ed here we stand.  
Man-ly sports and ear-nest la-bor, Mer-ry mischief now and then.  
Toil-ing, sport-ing, this our watchword—"Here comes SIXTY, clear the way!"  
Thrilling hearts and faltering voi-ces Then shall raise our old re-frain:

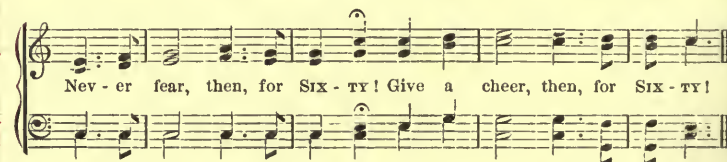
### CHORUS



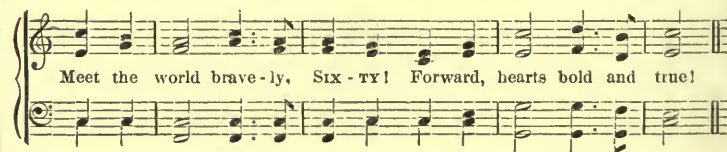
Let us Classmates be for-ev-er, Let our love per-ish nev-er!



"When we're part-ed, stick to-geth-er," Heart to heart, bold and true.



Nev-er fear, then, for SIX-TY! Give a cheer, then, for SIX-TY!



Meet the world brave-ly, SIX-TY! Forward, hearts bold and true!

There are ninety-one quotations in the Bill of Fare, from thirty-two different sources, as follows :

Bible, eleven ; Byron, three ; Cowper, two ; Horatius, five ; Martialis, five ; Milton, three ; Shakespeare, thirty-two ; Thackeray, two ; Vergilius, five. Aristophanes, Blackstone, Book of Common Prayer, Boswell, Bunyan, Burton, Demosthenes, Dickens, Euripides, Herschel, Heywood, Homer, Montagu, Pope, Rabelais, Scott, Sophocles, Spenser, Statius, Sydney Smith, Ulysses, Xenophon, Young, one each.

---

On motion of Bowman, a vote of thanks was passed to the Class Secretary. This evidence of gratitude was evolved with the liqueurs.

Many speeches were made, replete with the wisdom, wit and humor for which the class has always been so distinguished. A prominent feature was

### DOE'S POEM.

Doe rose and with his usual indifferent manner remarked to the following purport:

*Mr. President and Gentlemen;* The following correspondence obligingly explains itself.

WELD—DOE.

*New York, June 27, 1879.*

DEAR CHARLES,

I was elected Class Secretary yesterday. It is therefore essential that the anniversary dinner of 1880 should be made a buster. I shall expect from you a poem, one of those elegant and at the same time grand productions which have made you so famous in the last ten years.

Sincerely your friend,

FRANCIS M. WELD,

*Class Secretary, Class of Sixty.*

TO CHARLES H. DOE, ESQ., Editor of the Gazette, Worcester,  
Mass.

DOE—WELD.

*Worcester, June 29, 1879.*

FRANCIS M. WELD, M. D.,

*Class Secretary, Class of Sixty.*

DEAR FRANK,

You are right. The Class Dinner of next year ought to be a huge success. To that end I have already begun a poem. I think it will be one of the best I have ever written, in short, the greatest effort of my life.

Believe me, my dear Secretary,

Yours, quite sincerely,

CHARLES H. DOE.

## THE POEM.

The Class of One Thousand Eighteen Hundred and Sixty.

## CANTO I.

The glittering orb of day has sadly slunk to sleep;  
Mars and great Jupiter their watchful vigils keep;  
'Tis midnight and the tuneful Appian Way  
Sinks in sweet slumbers and to snores gives way.

O'er Cambridgeport a dewy, mistful cloud  
Obscures the omnibuses and the mirthful crowd;  
Lyceum's audience skips the moistful curb,  
And on the darkling scene shines the round moon superb.

'Tis here, 'tis there! this great obstreperous class,  
'Mongst whom the proud professors could not find one ass;  
Just as the joking pea from shyster's thimble  
Skips to and fro, with genuflexions nimble.

Sing, oh, ye muse, in pæans loud and queer,  
This mighty class's pranks on tutors far and near;  
On wigs and prigs and digs, their pruneful hand they try,  
And ponying swift through space, o'er weary wastes they fly.

The watchful proctor winks with weary eyes,  
And in unwonted quiet sleeps in glad surprise;  
No tuneful tom cat tramps the torrid roof;  
From furry, fussy frumps he holds aloof.

There gleams in yonder town a glimmering light,  
The startled watchman springs back with affright;  
For the gay DRIVER, with his tuneful throng,  
Sings loud of Sixty in its own Class Song.

On tutors hard, unmerciful and bad,  
So shocking "deads" were never to be had;  
And worthy bioplasms filled with human-greed  
Talk much bad poetry, now haply gone to seed.

And lynx-eyed Presidents, grave in Oxford hats,  
Ignore, in futile fancy, youthful bats;  
So the proud ploughman, working home with glee,  
Leaves the fond world to sadness and to me,

Far from the East there comes a mighty wind;  
 It is the crumpled tramp of Ormus or of Ind;  
 And on the scene the weary pilgrims stride,  
 Flinging aloft their banners far and wide.

The palæozoic gnat with rapture shrinks;  
 Gigantic elephants seek narrow chinks;  
 The mild mosquito,\* fierce and fresh from sea,  
 Swift drags his length in search of prey épris.

Preposterous shocks, torpedo-like, are riven!  
 Contentious multitudes apart are driven!  
 While from the West there comes a glittering gleam,  
 Proclaiming wide things are not what they seem.

*This is all of this truly beautiful and strikingly original poem, which will be read at this dinner. The remainder will be found, continued as a serial from time to time, in the WORCESTER EVENING GAZETTE, published daily, Sundays excepted, by Charles H. Doe & Co. Subscription price, \$8.00 a year, or \$2.00 a quarter, invariably in advance; except in the case of those who do not need credit. Children under six weeks, half price; and ministers of the gospel free, on condition that they praise the paper at parochial tea fights.*

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\* *Culex sanguinaris*, genus *somnicidi*; a long-billed animal of the tropics. To the same family belongs also the well-known *cimex lectularius* of the temperate zones.

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NOTE. The class will be interested to learn that the following very moderate bill for this advertisement has been duly forwarded, but remains unreceipted.

*Charles H. Doe & Co., Worcester, Mass.*

To THE CLASS OF 1860, H. U., Dr.

For advertising country newspaper, as per inclosed slip,

8 lines at \$5.00 per line,                    -                    -                    -                    \$40 00

*Received Payment,*

---



The following letter unfortunately was not received till the day after the Dinner.

*Greenville, S. C., June 27, 1880.*

DR. FRANCIS M. WELD, A. M.,

*Secretary of Class of 1860 of Harvard College.*

Dear Friend and Dear Classmate :

I am sorely disappointed this morning in finding myself at Greenville in my law office, instead of being (as I expected until very recently) on my way to the Class Dinner and Class Reunion in Boston. There is an old proverb, "Man proposes but God disposes." I have never before been so impressed with the truthfulness of these words. Truly it is so that "It is not in man that walketh to direct his steps."

I have been looking forward for months to this period, and have been anticipating a great deal of pleasure in meeting my classmates, all of whom I love as I never loved before, and upon whom I have been asking Heaven's richest blessings; and now to be disappointed is indeed sad. Up to last night I had hoped to be with you on the twenty-ninth, but about ten o'clock I found that my duty to my God, my country and my clients, all conspired to debar me of the great pleasure of meeting you and the other members of the renowned class of 1860.

I hope you will appreciate fully the sadness of my heart in this grievous disappointment, and that you will express to each member of the class my sorrow in not meeting them on the twenty-ninth. As I cannot see them in person, I feel constrained to ask you to request each of them to write to me, and, if convenient, to send me their photographs. I would like so much to see how you all look after twenty years' battle with life and its vicissitudes.

And now I will close, hoping to hear from you soon and learn how the class dinner passed off. Give my love—my undying love—to each member of my beloved class, and tell them to read at their leisure the twenty-third Psalm of David, and be assured that I can adopt the language of this beautiful Psalm with regard to our class. Invoking God's richest blessing again upon each of my class, I remain your friend, obedient servant and classmate.

EDWARD F. STOKES.

## THE CLASS OF 1860.

### THE DINNER AT ITS TWENTIETH ANNIVERSARY.

*(From the Harvard Register.)*

The twentieth anniversary of graduation was observed by the class of 1860 by a dinner at the Tremont House, Boston, on the evening of June 29. Forty-three members of the class were present. After grace had been said by the Rev. Charles A. Humphreys, the Class Chaplain, two hours or more were devoted to the good things upon the tables. A "feast of reason and flow of soul" accompanied the material repast, stimulated by the reading of the unique bill of fare, which had been prepared for the occasion by Dr. Francis M. Weld, Mr. Horace Howland, and Mr. Edmund Wetmore, all of New York\* City. In it the names of the viands and liquids of the banquet were interspersed with descriptive citations from the Greek, Latin, and English classics. The four illustrations are the productions of Mr. Wetmore.\*

When full justice had been done to the dinner, the famous class-song with its stirring refrain, "Let us classmates be forever," was sung, and the Chairman, Dr. Weld, opened the speech-making with a humorous address. He called upon the Rev. Henry G. Spaulding, of Springfield, the well-known lecturer, to speak upon the literary achievements of the class. It is a singular circumstance, Mr. Spaulding said, that the class which was so frequently represented at the meetings of the Faculty during its college course has never reached the honor of having even a tutor chosen from its members. It has however won no little distinction in various departments of literary work, as well as upon the battle-field and in the practical conduct of affairs. Its score of clergymen have all committed to print at least so much as a sermon apiece, while some of them have been frequent contributors to various magazines. One, the Rev. William C. Gannett, has written some charming poems, and

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\* See Bill of Fare.

is the author of a biography, the *Memoir of his father*, the Rev. Dr. Ezra S. Gannett (1820), which is one of the best works of its kind in modern literature. The physicians in the class have several times dipped into those profound discussions of physiological and therapeutical problems which make the literature of modern medicine so interesting—to doctors. Of the lawyers, one, John T. Morse, jr., is widely known by his various books on legal subjects, and his "*Life of Alexander Hamilton*," as well as from his present position as one of the editors of the *International Review*. Another, Henry A. Clapp, Mr. Spaulding characterized as an autocrat not of one breakfast table but of several thousands; wherever, in fact, the columns of the *Boston Daily Advertiser* are consulted for the best dramatic and musical criticisms of the day. Other lawyers of eminence in the class are the Hon. George B. Young, Judge of the Supreme Court of Minnesota, Edmund Wetmore of New York, and the Hon. Selwin Z. Bowman, member of Congress from the Fifth Massachusetts District. The journalistic profession is still further represented in the class by Horace Howland of New York (of the *New York Times*), and Charles H. Doe of Worcester, the publisher and editor of the *Worcester Evening Gazette*.

The achievements of the class in other than literary fields were alluded to; special mention being made of Gen. Thomas Sherwin, Collector of the City of Boston, and Gen. Henry S. Russell, recently the Chairman of the Board of Police Commissioners of the same city. Mr. Spaulding's address, which was well received, was a comprehensive but by no means exhaustive survey of the post-graduate careers of the more prominent members of the class. It may be added that the speaker was for several years after graduation the Secretary of the class, editing its first report (in 1866), and has always taken a lively interest in its history. Following his remarks came brief and excellent speeches from the Rev. Arthur May Knapp (on the Clergy), Horace Howland (on the Press), Edmund Wetmore (on the Legal Profession), Hon. Selwin Z. Bowman (on Political Life), Dr. Silas D. Presbrey and

Dr. C. Wistar Stevens (on Medicine), W. Eliot Furness of Chicago (for distant Classmates), Edward C. Johnson (on Business), Rev. Will C. Wood (on Temperance), and miscellaneous remarks from Messrs. Sherwin, Shippen, Parsons and others. Mr. Bowman paid an eloquent tribute to those members of the class who had given their lives in their country's service. Several extemporaneous speeches were made by various members of the class, and a goodly number of old college songs were sung. An interesting episode in the evening's entertainment was the visit paid to the class by a deputation of the class of 1850, who were dining at the same time in the Tremont House. Their spokesman was James C. Carter (1850), President of the Association of Alumni. He referred to the gift of some choice wines received by the elder from the younger class, as "a spirited and touching tribute from the handsomest, wittiest, and brightest class to the most distinguished."

In addition to the numerous speeches of the evening, the class were favored with a highly entertaining poem and also a fresh version of an old college song, the production of Charles H. Doe. Altogether, it may be said that this dinner of the class of 1860 marked a "red-letter day" in its post-graduate annals, and greatly strengthened the bond of brotherhood which has kept its scattered members a united "band of foster-brothers" for the score of years which have elapsed since its graduation.

It was voted on Commencement Day to have a Class Dinner in 1885, our twenty-fifth anniversary. This will give ample time to all to make arrangements to be present. The last dinner was the source of so much pleasure as to repay all the effort made by any to attend it.





## KEEPING UP THE RECORD.

THE Secretary has had prepared an interleaved copy of this book, in which he proposes to enter current information as received. Each copy has blank pages at the end for the same purpose. The Secretary's copy will be laid before the class on each Commencement Day; thus those who attend at Cambridge can easily obtain the latest news. All are urgently requested promptly to inform the Secretary of changes in family, business or address, and of any other items of interest. In doing this the circular on pages five and six will serve as an approximate guide. Cordial co-operation in the plan will make it possible to keep the history of the class always nearly up to date; and when desirable in the future to print another report, a more complete, accurate and satisfactory volume will be the result, at a tithe of the outlay of money, labor, time and patience that has been required in the preparation of this.

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## CORRECTIONS AND SUGGESTIONS.

A careful and critical examination of this book is requested from the Class. Corrections of errors will be heartily welcomed. Suggestions of additional lines of information, statistics, etc., or change in plan of arrangement which may be desirable in a future issue, will also be gladly received.

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# MEMORANDA.

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